

Diamond Alkali Co. NJD980528996 8.1.2 Passaic Valley Sewerage Commissioners

Passaic Valley Sewerage Commissioners Response to Request for Information USEPA, Region 2

Item No. 1.c PVSC Report 1.c

Document order #4



Passaic Valley Sewerage Commissioners
Response to Request for Information
USEPA, Region 2

Item No. 1.c

PVSC Report I.C.

Passaic Valley Sewerage Commissioners

Interim

Service Area Drainage and
Land Use Report
for the Towns of
Harrison and Kearny,
The Borough of East Newark, and the
Cities of Newark and Paterson

Appendix B

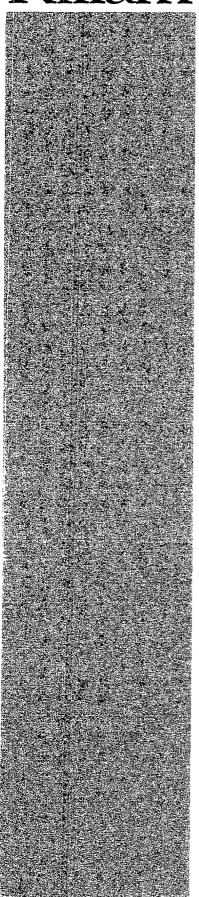
Combined Sewer Overflow

Drainage Area and Control Information

The Towns of Harrison and Kearny and The Borough of East Newark

February 1996

Killam



Passaic Valley Sewerage Commissioners

Interim

Service Area Drainage and
Land Use Report
for the Towns of
Harrison and Kearny,
The Borough of East Newark, and the
Cities of Newark and Paterson

Appendix B

Combined Sewer Overflow

Drainage Area and Control Information

The Towns of Harrison and Kearny and The Borough of East Newark

February 1996



OVERFLOW ANALYSIS

TO

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

PASSAIC RIVER OVERFLOWS

NEW (HAMILTON) STREET, HARRISON H-001

1976

ELSON T KILLAM ASSOCIATES INC
Environmental and Hydraulic Engineers 48 ESSEI STREET MILLEUMN NEW MERSEY 07061



NEW (HAMILTON) STREET OVERFLOW CHAMBER, HARRISON

This overflow chamber serves a tributary area of only 32 acres. It is provided with combined sewer facilities.

The estimated average daily dry weather flow is about 0.17 MGD and during wet weather months, it was estimated to be 0.33 MGD. This is an unusually high flow and is indicative of high infiltration in this small collection system (0.16 MGD).

Metering facilities and sampling equipment were installed in this chamber during the period May 12, 1975, and extending through July 6, 1975. During this period of time, rainfall occurred on seventeen separate occasions. It has been estimated that overflows occurred at this chamber on thirteen occasions. It has also been estimated that overflows will occur at this chamber about 55 to 70 times per year when rainfalls occur about 70 to 90 times per year.

It was found that the rainfall intensity required to cause overflow was about 0.07 inches per hour. The peak overflow rate as this chamber was found to be as high as 18 MGD. The volume of overflow, under the worst recorded storm conditions, was found to be about 1.1 MG.

Samples of the dry weather flow indicated suspended solids averaged about 191 mg/l, and BOD concentrations averaged 138 mg/l.

Samples taken during a storm flow condition indicated a range of BOD from a low of 47 mg/l to a high of 66 mg/l, and a range of suspended solids from a low of 106 mg/l to a high of 326 mg/l. It would appear



OVERFLOW DATA EXTRACT

NEW (HAMILTON) STREET OVERFLOW CHAMBER

HARRISON

Chamber Location and Description

Overflow Chamber Status:

Active

Overflow to:

Passaic River

Character of District

Served:

about equally residential and industrial

Overflow Location (See Plate A):

in Passaic Avenue between New (Hamilton) St. and Erie-Lacka. Railway

District Outlet Sewer (See Plates A and B):

18" diameter VTP sewer

Outfall to River (See Plates A and B):

24" diameter VTP sewer

Outfall Condition:

clear and functioning

Tidal Effects:

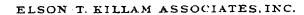
none

Surcharge Effects:

surcharge observed at times due to capacity limitations and/or tide gate closure with high tides

Overflow and Regulator Operation (See Plates B and C):

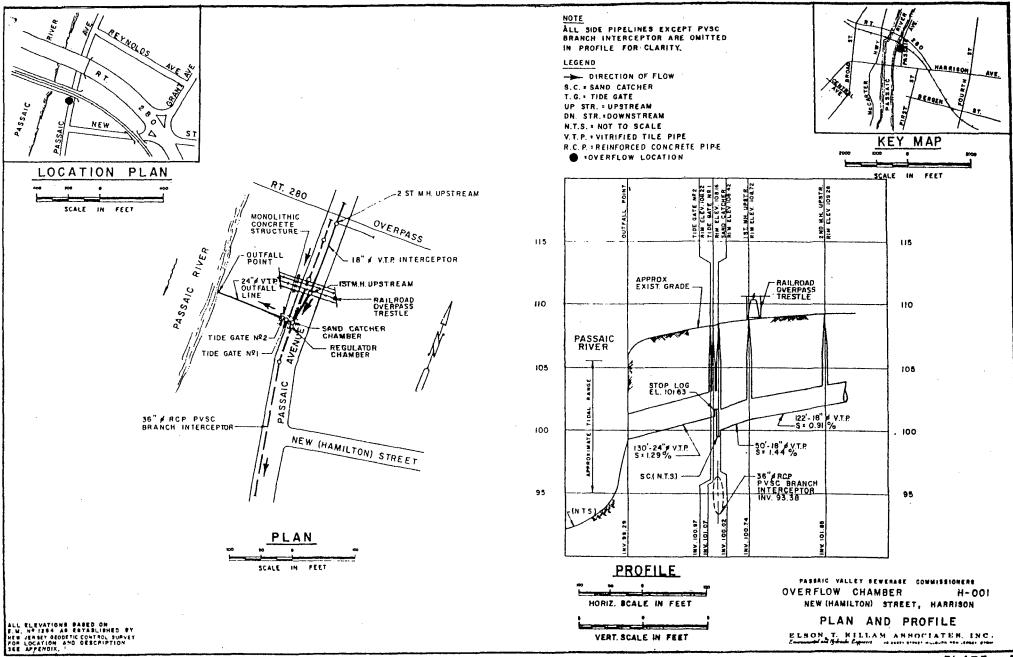
Under normal dry weather flow conditions, the flow is diverted to the PVSC interceptor via the regulator. During periods of rainfall, a portion of the combined flow enters the interceptor, with the halance overflowing the stop logs and being discharged through the outfall line into the Passaic River.

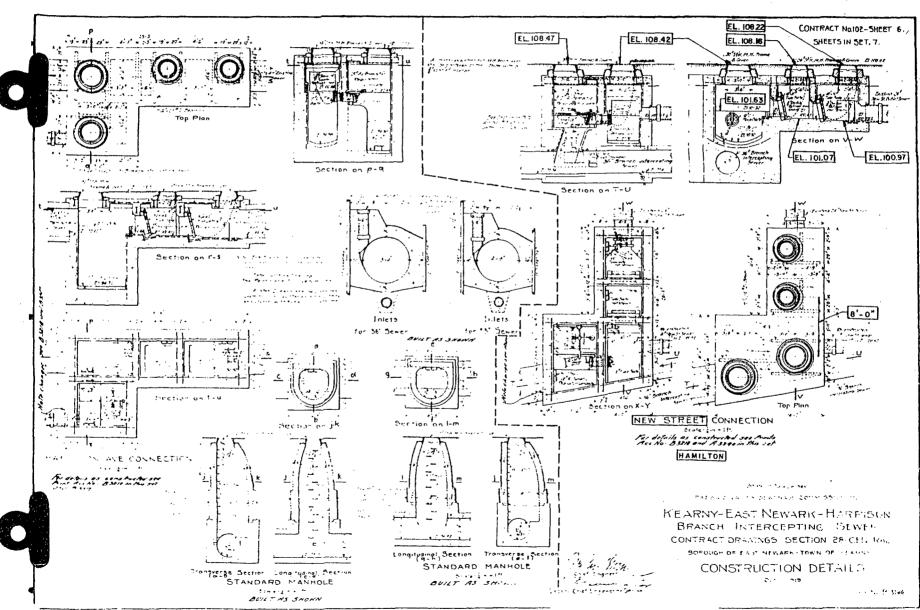




from the above that the suspended solids during the storm flow period reflects flushing action from the peak storm flow rates. The BOD reflects the effect of pollution.







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PLATE B

946190009

LOCAL INTERCEPTOR 12" ≠ REGULATOR 12" # FLAP VALVE TO PVSC BRANCH INTERCEPTOR -VALVE REGULATOR / SANDCATCHER FLOAT CHAMBER CHAMBER -STOP LOGS TIDE GATE CHAMBERS -OUTFALL TO RIVER -PASSAIC RIVER LEGEND DRY WEATHER FLOW STORM FLOW / OVERFLOW PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS NEW (HAMILTON) STREET, HARRISON SCHEMATIC ELSON T. RILLAM ASSOCIATES INC.

NEW (HAMILTON) STREET OVERFLOW CHAMBER Condition of Regulator:

H-001 (Cont'd.)

appears inoperable

Special Actions Required:

none -

Overflow Stop Log/Dam Condition:

stop logs located at downstream end of sand catcher before opening

to first tide gate chamber.

Tide Gate Condition:

both tide gates noted as leaking

Note:

During the investigation, the Overflow chambers were examined, verifying information and dimensions pertinent to this study. The verified information has been recorded on Plate B (See boxed annotations).

Area Served and Dry Weather Flow

Combined Area Served (See Plate D):

0.050 square miles - 32 acres

Average Daily Flow Seasonal Dry Weather: Seasonal Wet Weather:

0,17 MGD (estimated) 0.33 MGD (estimated)

Estimated Combined Flow to Produce an Overflow:

3.0 MGD

Approximate Length of Combined Sewers Serving District:

6,500 linear feet

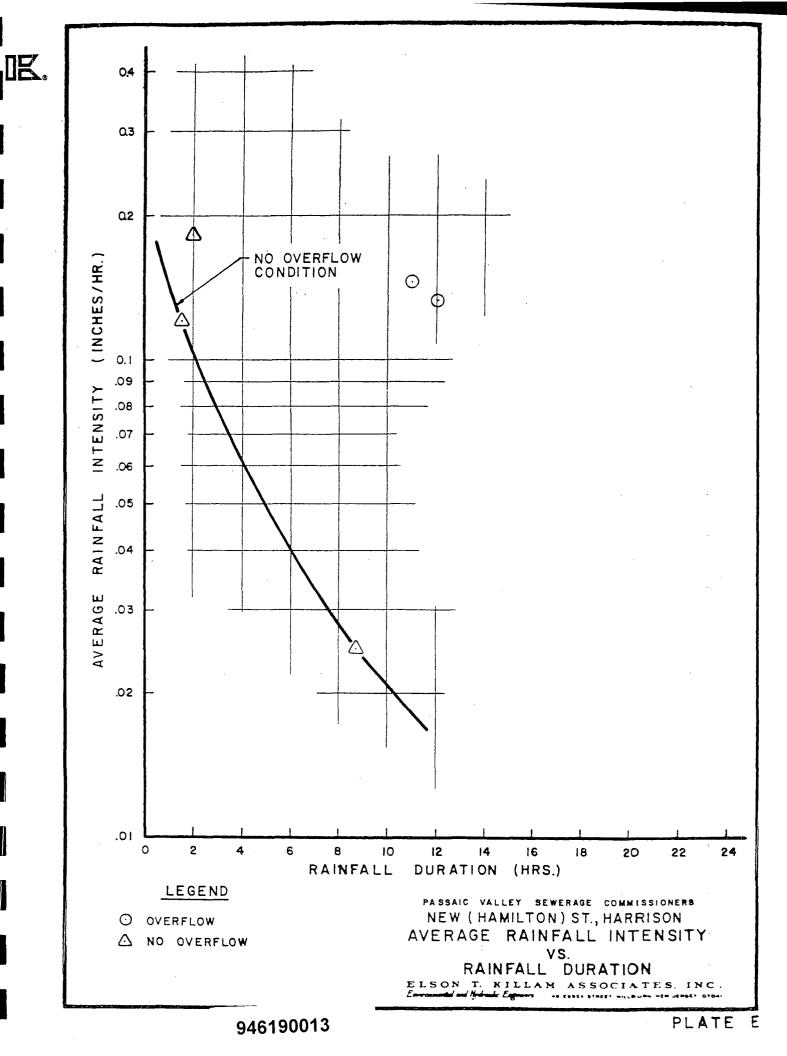
ARTER

NEW (NAMILTON) STREET OVERFLOW CHAMBER NEW (HAMILTON) STREET COLLECTION SYSTEM

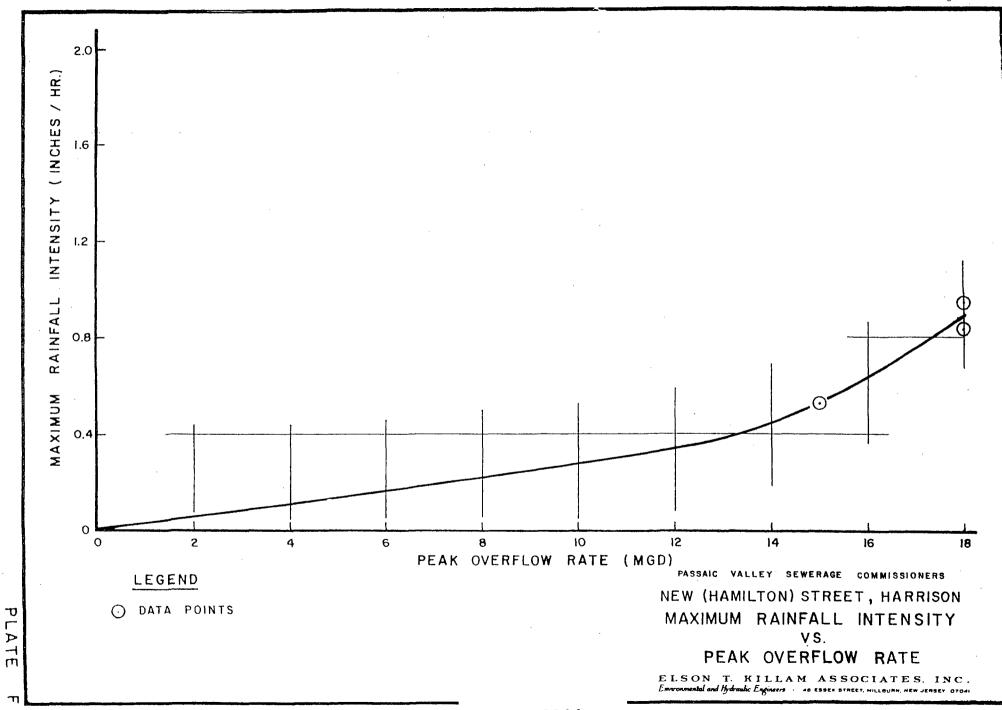
NEW (HAMILTON) STREET, HARRISON PLAN OF COLLECTION SYSTEM

ETBON T. RILLAM ANNOCIATES, INC

PLATE D









P.V.S.C. Reference # 1-28

Date

Elson Killam Associates-Infiltration Studies -Set #14
Hamilton Street, Harrison, Second Manhole upstream from Sandcatcher
2:40 P. M., 12-3-74 to 1:30 P. M. 12-4-74

24 Samples

BASELINE

24 Samples BASELINE									
Sample #	Hq	T.S.S.	v.s.s.	%vol.	C.O.D.	T.O.C.	T.O.C.	B.O.D	B.O.D/. C.O.D.
1 2"	7.7	NOT	ЕИОИ	H	282	70	29.0	120	42.6
2 1"	7.8	II .	S A"M P	L E.	457	84	18.4	154	33.7
3 ነ።	7.7	n	••	"	529	102	19,3	240	45.5
4 2"	7.7	11	ts	"	517	118	23.0	268	51.9
5 F	7.4	"	п	"	424	110	26.0	185	60.3
6 \(\frac{1}{5} \) F	7.5	11	21	n	307	98	31.9	180	58.6
7 F	7.5	11	п	11	319	100	31.4	159	49.8
8 F	7.5	n	11		323	90	27.7	190	58.9
9 3F	7.6	11		r 11	376	72	19.2	119	31.6
10 F	7.5	11	n ·	11	198	66	33,3	90	45.4
11 2."	7.6	н	п —	. 11	113	48	42.5	50	44.3
12 1"	7.8	. 11	• H	"	117	34	29.1	48	41.0
13 1"	7.8	9.	H	ħ	73	30	41.2	73	
14 1"	7.8	11	11	11	48 ·	20	41.7	38	79.3
15 hr	7. 8	u	н	11	40	18	45.0	44	
16-3/4F	7.8	n	11	97	28	18	64.4	30	
17 F	7.7	(1	17	n	81	32	39.6	90	
18 F	7.7	11	. 11	Ħ	343	116	46.2	190	55.4
19 F	7.7	17	11	Ħ	396	104	26.3	204	51.5
20 F	7.8	n	. 11	"	420	114	22.2	280	66.6
21 F	7.7	п	13	tı	493	138	28.0	165	33.5
22 F	8.1	11	19	11 -	303	98	32.3	182	60.5
23 F	7.7	H	"		299	90	30.1	182	61.2
24 1"	7.9	"	<u>"</u>	VERA	214	72	33.6 32.6	99	46.8
	1)	, A	y L N	~ →	4	J - • U. 1		•



PVSC	Reference	.1	B-44
1 1 2 2	Trea ex ente	: 7	D-44

Date:_	2/13/7	5
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Elson T. Killam Associates - Infiltration Studies Sampler #348-Set #34 Hamilton(New) Street, Harrison- In sandcatcher O.F. # 010/H-001 1325-2/11/75 to 1120-2/12/75

Baseline

22 Samples										
SAMPLE	pH	TSS	VSS	%Vol.	COD	TOC	TOC COD	BOD	BOD COD	
1	7.1	86	8 6	100.0	884	152	17.0	186	21.1	
2	7.3	10	10	100.0	344	108	31.4	171	49.8	
3	7.3	110	110	100.0	352	120	34.1	191	54.3	
4 .	7.3	116	116	100.0	576	125	21.7	270	46.9	
5	7.4	624	624	100.0	1192	140	11.7	180	15.1	
É	7.2	910	910	100.0	2848	240	8.4	479	19.9	
7	7.1	496	496	100.0	936	200	21.4	484	51.6	
8 .	7.5	712	530	74.4	784	100	12.8	201	25.7	
9	7.3	402	402	100.0	684	90	13.2	57	8.3	
10	7.2	0			204	32	15.7	38	18.6	
11	7.5	112	92	82.1	328	69	21.0	96	29.3	
12	7.2	22	22	100.0	132	26	19.7	18	13.6	
13	7.3	18	18	100.0	52	24	46.2	30	57.8	
14	7.5	6	6	100.0	116	18	15,5	42	36.2	
15	7.4	8	8	100.0	28	12	42.9	18	64.3	
16	7.5	0			24	14	58.4	10	41.7	
17	7.8	22	22	100.0	20	16	80.0	9	45.0	
18	7.5	10	10	100.0	52	32	61.6	35	67.4	
19	8.6	20	20	100.0	180	60	33.3	76	42.2	
20	8.4	64	64	100.0	232	90	38.7	107	46.2	
21	7.8	44	44	100.0	300	78	26.0	117	39.0	
2 2	7.9	28	28	100.0	404	108	26.7	216	53.5	
:							29.9		38.5	
NOTE:	samples	contair	ed large	amount	s of fil	rous ma	terial			
			1							



PVSC	Reference	r‡	F-216	
ryou	ICT CY CITC	II	r-210	

Date: 6-16-75

Elson T. Killam Associates - Infiltration Studies Hamilton Street, Harrison - Sandcatcher 14:00 - 6-10-75 to 09:00 - 6-11-75

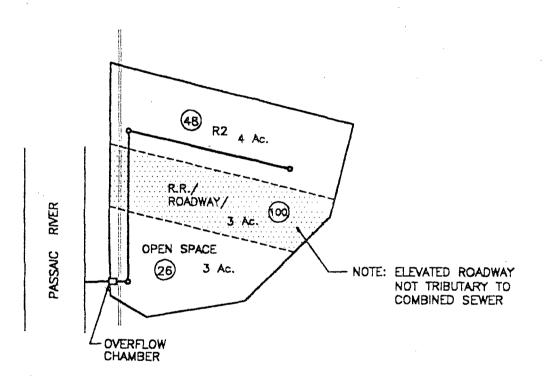
Sampler No. 305 Set No. 24 Chamber No. 010/H-001

BASELINE

	19 SAMPLES				BASELINE					
SAMPLE	Hq	TSS	VSS	%Vol.	COD	TOC	TOC COD%	BOD	30D 500%	
1	6 .9	. 124_	100	80.7	335	. 80	23.8	-	_	
2	7- _• 0 —	. 50	···· -22	44.0	327	88	26.9	_	_	
3		<u>124</u>		71.8 -	··356··-	··92· ·-	25.8	-		
4 <u>.</u>	7.5	78 -	54	. 69.3	291	88	30.2	-	-	
5		111		91 .9	276-	-100	36.3		_	
6	7_2	43	20	46.5.	315	100	31.7	_	-	
7	7.4	145	126	87.0	_ 255	- 88 .	34.5		_	-
8	78	89	81	911	339	72	21.2	~	-	
÷	7-3	34	30	···-883-	178	51	- 28.6			
	7.4	37	13	351	·158-	44	27.8	_	_	
	7 3						29.1		 -	Ì
12-		20			73		. 31.5	_	_	
	7.4					1.	39.6	_	_	
14	7.2	3	3	. 100.0.	40 _	13	32.5	-	-	
15	7.5	7	7	.100.0	32.	11	34.4	-		
16	7.3	25	15	60.0	5-3	- 10	18.9	_	_	
1 -7-	7.5	18			69	17	24.6	_	! _	
	-7. 4	23	13	56.6	149	- 46 - ·	30.9	-		
}9-	7:-8	120-	97	80.7	319	112	35.1			
					_	Average	- 			
						-				
						_				
									!	
									•	1
· ·						Ī			•	

LAND USE	%	ACRES
R3		
R2	57	4
R1		
OPEN SPACE	43	3
INDUSTRIAL		
COMMERCIAL		
R.R./ROADWAY		3
TOTAL	100	10





LEGEND

PVSC INTERCEPTOR SEWER
COLLECTOR/OVERFLOW SEWER
LAND USE BOUNDARY
DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY

15) PERCENT IMPERMOUS

REGULATOR CHAMBER
R3 RESIDENTIAL (HIGH DENSITY)
R2 RESIDENTIAL (MEDIUM DENSITY)
R1 RESIDENTIAL (LOW DENSITY)
SEPARATE STORM SEWER AREA

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISIONERS
NEW JERSEY
COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW

POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN
DRAINAGE AND LAND USE REPORT
HAMILTON STREET OVERFLOW
TOWN OF HARRISON

Killam

OVERFLOW ANALYSIS

TO

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

PASSAIC RIVER OVERFLOWS

CLEVELAND AVENUE, HARRISON H-002

1976

ELSON T KILLAM ASSOCIATES INC Environmental and Hydraulic Engineers 48 ESSEX STREET MICLBURN NEW MIRSEY 0104"



CLEVELAND AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER, HARRISON

This overflow chamber serves a very small district of only 11 acres. The district is served with combined sewers.

The estimated average daily dry weather flow was about 0.14 MGD, and during wet weather months was about 0.19 MGD, which reflects a relatively high infiltration rate (0.05 MGD).

During the period of study, which extended from February 5, 1975 through June 16, 1975, rainfall occurred on 32 occasions. It has been estimated that overflow occurred on 18 of these occasions. It was found that the intensity of rainfall required to cause overflow was about 0.04 inches per hour. It has been estimated that overflows at this chamber will occur about 40 to 50 times per year, based upon rainfalls occurring 70 to 90 times per year.

Under overflow conditions, it was found that the peak rates of overflow were as high as 12.2 MGD, and that the volume of overflow was as high as 0.3 MG.

It was found that backwater from the Passaic River entered this chamber and the sewer system during periods of exceptionally high tide. The staff of the PVSC has taken corrective action in order to reduce and eliminate this occurrence, which was of short-term duration.

The average characteristics of the waste under dry flow conditions were found to be 101 mg/l for suspended solids and 170 mg/l for BOD.



ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

Under storm flow conditions, the suspended solids were found to be unusually low, ranging from a low of 39 mg/l to a high of 68 mg/l, and the BOD was found to be about 94 mg/l on the average. This would appear to reflect the effect of storm water dilution upon the wastewater characteristics.



OVERFLOW DATA EXTRACT

CLEVELAND AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER

HARRISON

Chamber Location and Description

Overflow Chamber Status:

Active

Overflow to:

Passaic River

Character of District

Served:

primarily industrial with some

residential flow

Overflow Location (See Plate A):

in west side of intersection of Cleveland Avenue and Passaic Avenue

District Outlet Sewer (See Plates A and B):

20" diameter VTP sewer

Outfall to River (See Plates A and B):

20" diameter VTP sewer

Outfall Condition:

clear and functioning

Tidal Effects:

some tidal intrusions noted

Surcharge Effects:

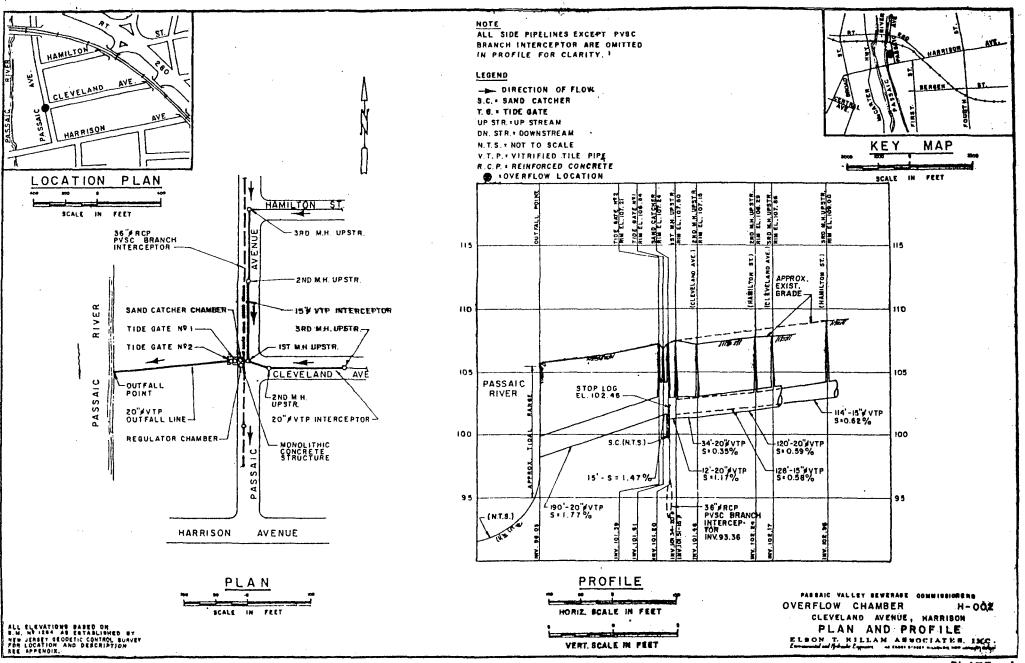
surcharge observed due to capacity limitations and/or tide gate closure

during high tides

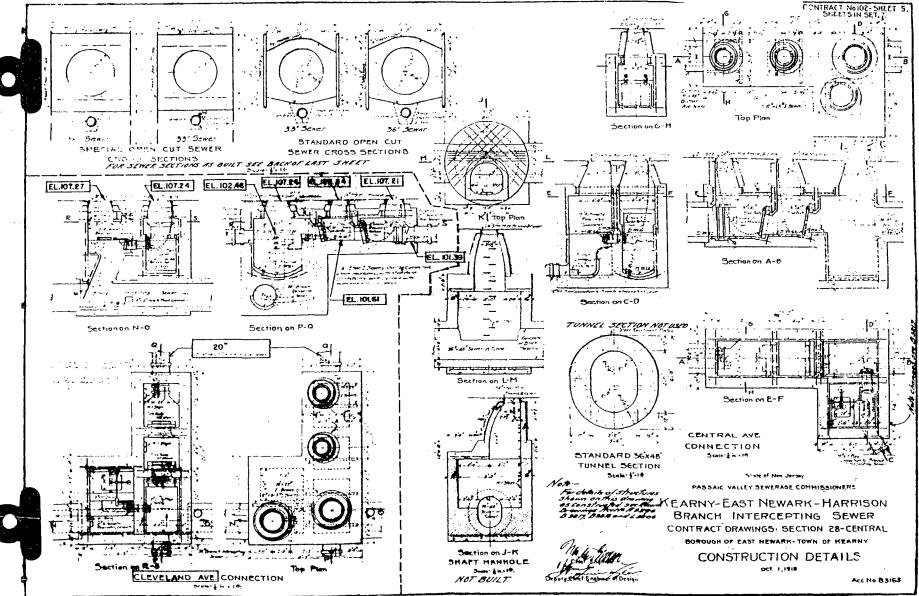
Overflow and Regulator Operation (See Plates B and C):

Under normal dry weather flow conditions, the flow is diverted to the PVSC interceptor via the regulator. During periods of rainfall, a portion of the combined flow enters the interceptor, with the balance overflowing the stop logs and being discharged through the outfall line into the Passaic River.

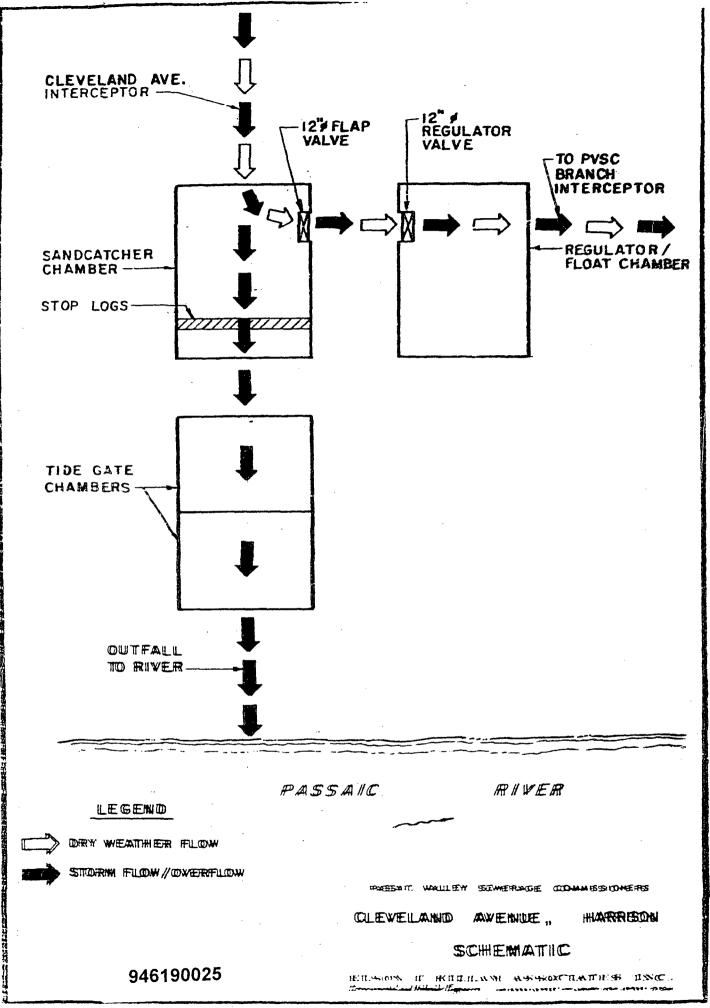




PLATE



OK.





RISON T. BILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

CLEVELAND AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER

H-002 (Cont'd.)

Condition of Regulator:

appears inoperable

Special Actions Required:

none

Overflow Stop Log/Dam

Condition:

stop logs located in downstream end of sand catcher just before portal

to first tide gate chamber

Tide Gate Condition:

both tide gates noted as leaking

Note:

During the investigation, the Overflow chambers were examined, verifying information and dimensions pertinent to this study. The verified information has been recorded on Plate B (See boxed annotations).

Area Served and Dry Weather Flow

Combined Area Served (See Plate D):

0.017 square miles-ll acres

Average Daily Flow

Seasonal Dry Weather: Seasonal Wet Weather:

0.14 MGD (estimated) 0.19 MGD (estimated)

Estimated Combined Flow to Produce an Overflow:

3.2 MGD

Approximate Length of Combined Sewers Serving District:

2,300 linear feet

CLEVELAND AVENUE
COLVET ON MARINOLE
PORCE MAIN
DELINEATION
SPHOR AND SPHON
CHAMBER
CLEVELAND AVENUE
CLEVELAND AVENUE
CULVELAND AVENUE
COLLECTION SYSTEM
COLLECTION SYSTEM

PARRIC VALLEY SEWERARE COMMUNICATION CLEVELAND AVENUE, HARRISON PLAN OF COLLECTION SYSTEM

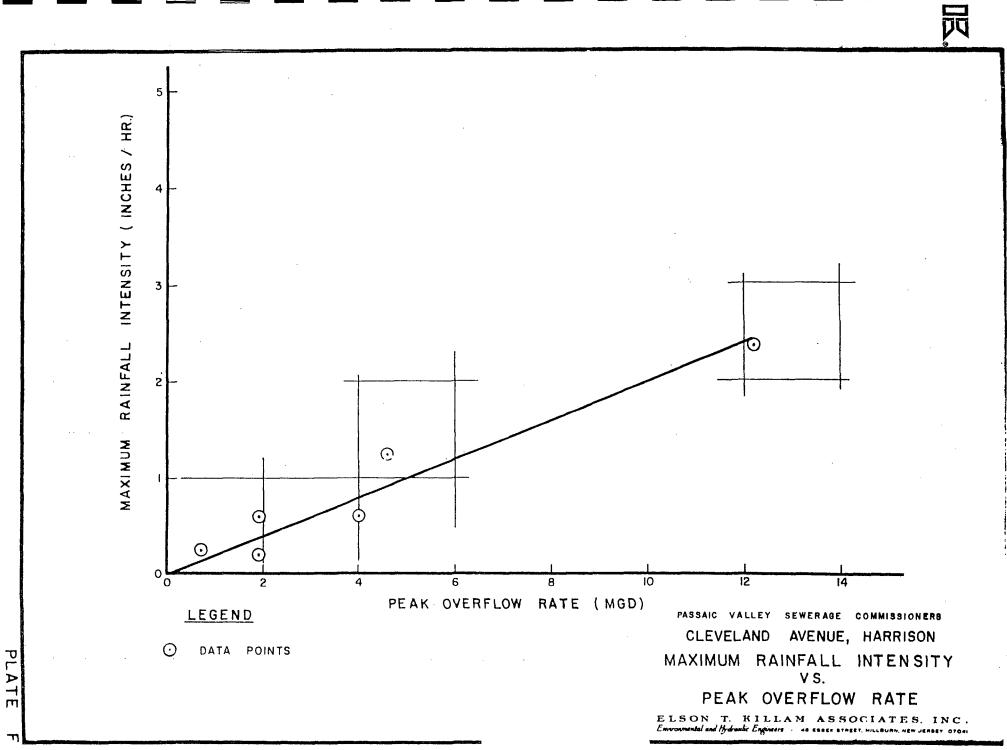
ELBON T. RILLAM ANNOUSATES, INC.

PLATE D

0,4 0.3 Q2 (INCHES/HR.) 0 NO OVERFLOW CONDITION OVERFLOW CONDITION 0.1 0 .09 INTENSITY .08 .07 $\overline{\triangle}$ \odot .06 RAINFALL .05 .04 AVERAGE .Ο3 Δ △ ◬ .02 10. 24 0 2 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 RAINFALL DURATION (HRS.) LEGEND PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS AVENUE, HARRISON CLEVELAND O OVERFLOW AVERAGE RAINFALL INTENSITY △ NO OVERFLOW VS.

RAINFALL DURATION

ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.





PVSC Reference # H-228

Date: 8/21/75

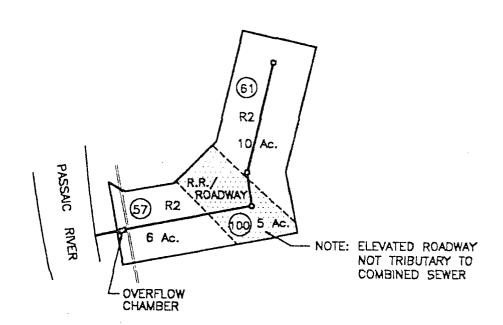
Elson T. Killam Associates - Infiltration Studies Cleveland Avenue, Harrison - Sandcatcher 15:55 - 8/11/75 to 15:55 - 8/12/75

Chamber #011/H-002 Sampler #325 Set #48

	23 Si	AMPLES				,		BASELIN	E .	
SAMPLE	рĦ	TSS	VSS	%Vol.	COD	TOC	TOC COD%	BOD	BOD COD%	
1	7.5	100	62	62.0	336	112	33.3	190	56.6	
2	7.1	158	150	95.0	316	116	36.7	210	66.5	
3	7.0	142	130	91.6	332	120	36.2	271	81.6	
4 .	_ 6.9	184	84	45.6	484	185	38.2	318	65.7	
5	7.1	106	1.00	94_3	344	120	34.9	177	51.5	
. 6	7.1	126	116	92.0	336	135	40.2	252	75.0	
7	7.3	80	72	90.0	240	105	43.8	181	75.5	
8 ′	7.5	82	80	97.7	320	88	27.4	126	39.1	
9	7.5	30	20	66.7	200	87	43.5	138	69.0	
10	7.5	40	38	95.0	<u> 148</u>	57	38.5	103	69,7	
11	7.5	44	44	100.0	112	36	32.1	35	31.2	
12	7.4	16	16	10.0	96	34	35.4	60	62.5	
13	7.4	26	16	61.5	76	32	42.2	53	69.8	·
14	7.6	22	6	27.2	68	26	38.3	-	-	
15	7.7	12	4	33.3	116	42	36.2	87	75.0	
16	7.8	60	50	83.3	204	60	29.4	126	61.8	
37	8.2	1.30	104_	80.0	384	120	31_3	240	62.5	
18	8.0	328	288	87.9	588	136	23.2	221	37.6	
19_	- 7.8	128	95	75-0	352	124	35.3	223	56_2	
20	8.0	206	176	85.5	660	180	27.3	256	33.8	
21	7.5	98	98	100.0	464	128	27.6	238	51.3	
22_	7.4	56	34_	60.8	268	100_	37.4	225	84.0	
23	2:5	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	พร	NS	NS	
24	7.8	144	108	75.0	276	92	33.3	168	60.9	
					•	{	34.9		61.4	

LAND USE	%_	ACRES
R3		
R2	100	16
R1		
OPEN SPACE		
INDUSTRIAL		
COMMERCIAL		
R.R./ROADWAY		5
TOTAL	100	21





LEGEND

PVSC INTERCEPTOR SEWER
COLLECTOR/OVERFLOW SEWER
LAND USE BOUNDARY
DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY

15) PERCENT IMPERVIOUS

REGULATOR CHAMBER
R3 RESIDENTIAL (HIGH DENSITY)
R1 RESIDENTIAL (MEDIUM DENSITY)
SEPARATE STORM SEWER AREA

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISIONERS
NEW JERSEY
COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW
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CLEVELAND AVENUE OVERFLOW
TOWN OF HARRISON





OVERFLOW ANALYSIS

TO PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

PASSAIC RIVER OVERFLOWS

HARRISON AVENUE, HARRISON H-003

1976

ELSON T KILLAM ASSOCIATES INC Environmental and Hydraulic Engineers 48 ESSEX STREET MALIBURH MEW MERSEY 0704*



HARRISON AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER, HARRISON

This overflow chamber serves a relatively small area of only 67 acres. The area is provided entirely with combined sewers.

The estimated average daily flow was about 0.8 MGD during the dry weather months and it is estimated that it is about 1.1 MGD during wet weather months.

Metering facilities and automatic sampling equipment were installed in this chamber and observations made for a period extending from April 24, 1975 through June 6, 1975. During this period of time, rainfall occurred on eighteen occasions and it was determined that eleven overflows occurred. It is estimated that overflows at this chamber occur from 45 to 55 times per year, and that rainfalls occur on about 70 to 90 occasions per year. It was found that the average rainfall intensity required to cause overflow was approximately 0.04 inches per hour.

It was found that the peak rates of overflow ranged up to about 20 MGD, and that the overflow volume was as high as 3 MG.

Samples were taken of the wastes and it was found that under dry weather flow conditions the suspended solids were about 194 mg/l, and the BOD approximately 188 mg/l.

Under storm flow conditions, the suspended solids was found to range from a low of 69 mg/l to a high of 260 mg/l and BOD ranged from a low of 49 mg/l to a high of 203 mg/l. It would appear, from the above, that the dilution effect resulted in a less concentrated effluent under storm flow conditions.

OVERFLOW DATA EXTRACT

HARRISON AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER

HARRISON

Chamber Location and Description

Overflow Chamber Status:

Active

Overflow to:

Passaic River

Character of District

Served:

primarily industrial with some (approx.

15%) domestic flow

Overflow Location (See Plate A):

west of intersection of Harrison Avenue

and Passaic Avenue, between Passaic Avenue

and Passaic River

District Outlet Sewer (See Plates A and B):

30" x 45" elliptical brick sewer

Outfall to River (See Plates A and B):

30" x 45" elliptical brick sewer

Outfall Condition:

clear and functioning

Tidal Effects:

none observed

Surcharge Effects:

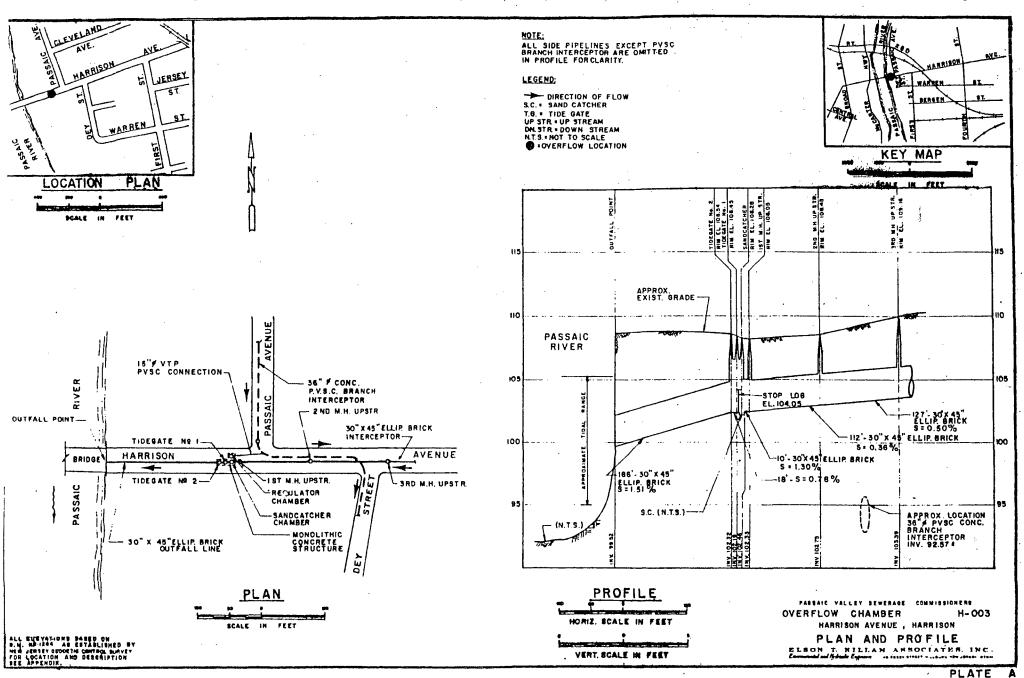
surcharge observed due to capacity limitations

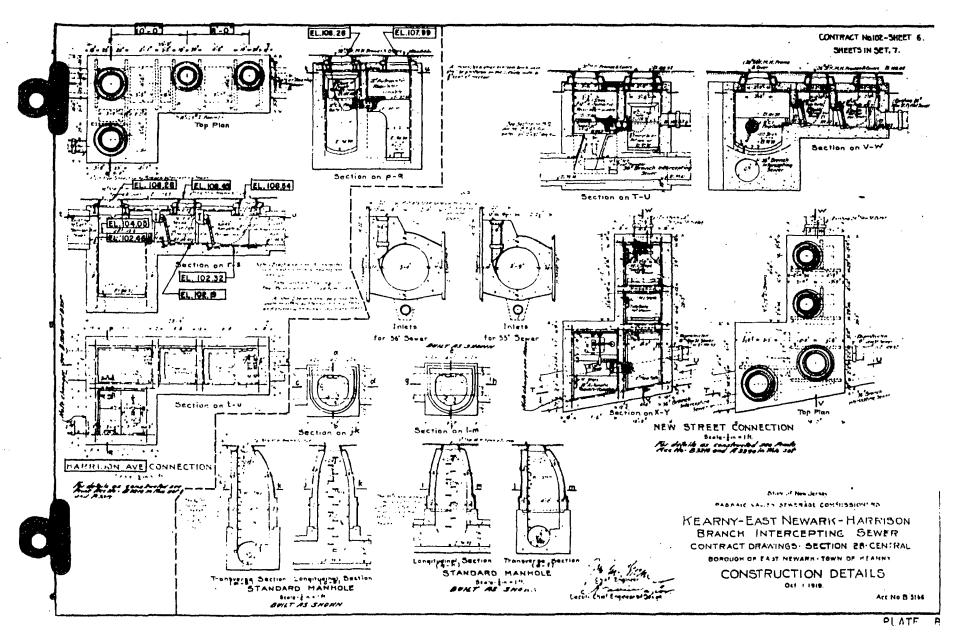
and/or tide gate closure

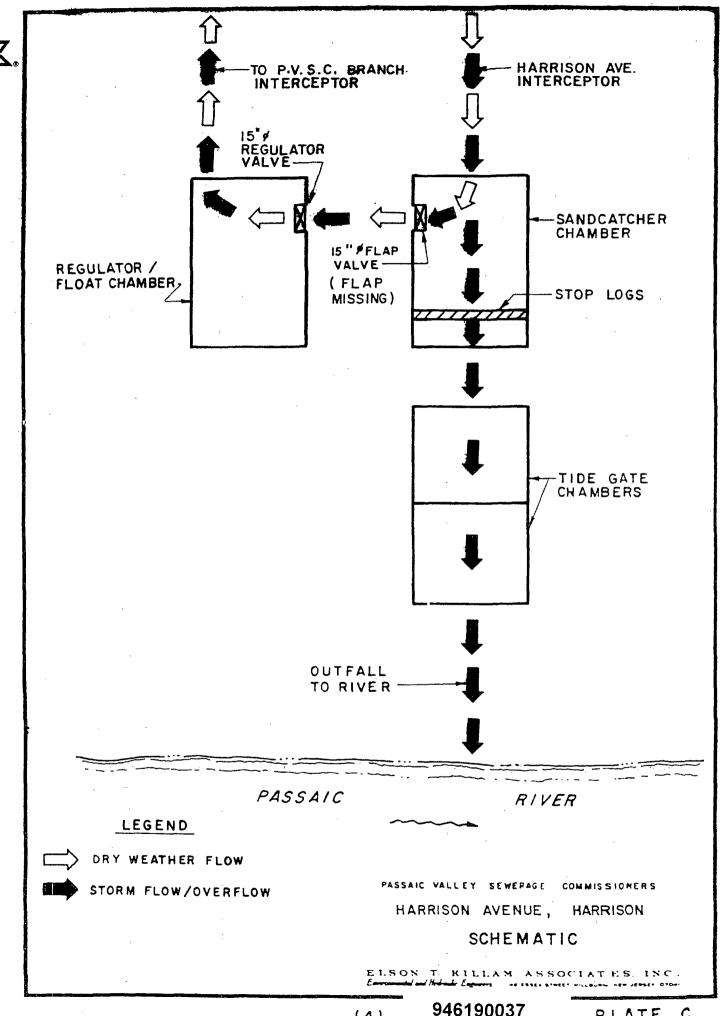
Overflow and Regulator Operation (See Plates B and C):

Under normal dry weather flow conditions, the flow is diverted to the PVSC interceptor via the regulator. During periods of rainfall, a portion of the combined flow enters the interceptor, with the balance overflowing the stop logs and being discharged through the outfall line into the Passaic River.









ELSON T. BILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

HARRISON AVENUE OVERFLOW

H-003 (Cont'd)

Condition of Regulator:

appears inoperable

Special Actions Required:

none

Overflow Stop Log/Dam Condition:

stop logs located at downstream end of sand catcher at portal to outfall line

Tide Gate Condition:

both tide gates leaking

Note:

During the investigation, the Overflow chambers were examined, verifying information and dimensions pertinent to this study. The verified information has been recorded on Plate B (See boxed annotations).

Area Served and Dry Weather Flow

Combined Area Served (See Plate D):

0.105 square miles - 67 acres

Average Daily Flow
Seasonal Dry Weather:
Seasonal Wet Weather:

0.77 MGD (estimated) 1.08 MGD (estimated)

Estimated Combined Flow to Produce an Overflow:

5.8 MGD

Approximate Length of Combined Sewers Serving District:

15,000 linear feet

HARRISON AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER HARRISON AVENUE COLLECTION SYSTEM 111223212932311

HARRISON AVENUE, HARRISON

PLAN OF COLLECTION SYSTEM

PLATE

RALLS.

0,4 0 Q3 QZ INTENSITY (INCHES/HR.) 0 0.1 .09 80. .07 .06 NO OVERFLOW CONDITION RAINFALL .05 .04 AVERAGE £0. .02 10. 2 0 8 10 12 14 16. 18 20 22 24 RAINFALL DURATION (HRS.) LEGEND PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS HARRISON AVENUE, HARRISON O OVERFLOW AVERAGE RAINFALL INTENSITY NO OVERFLOW RAINFALL DURATION



PVSC Reference # B-47

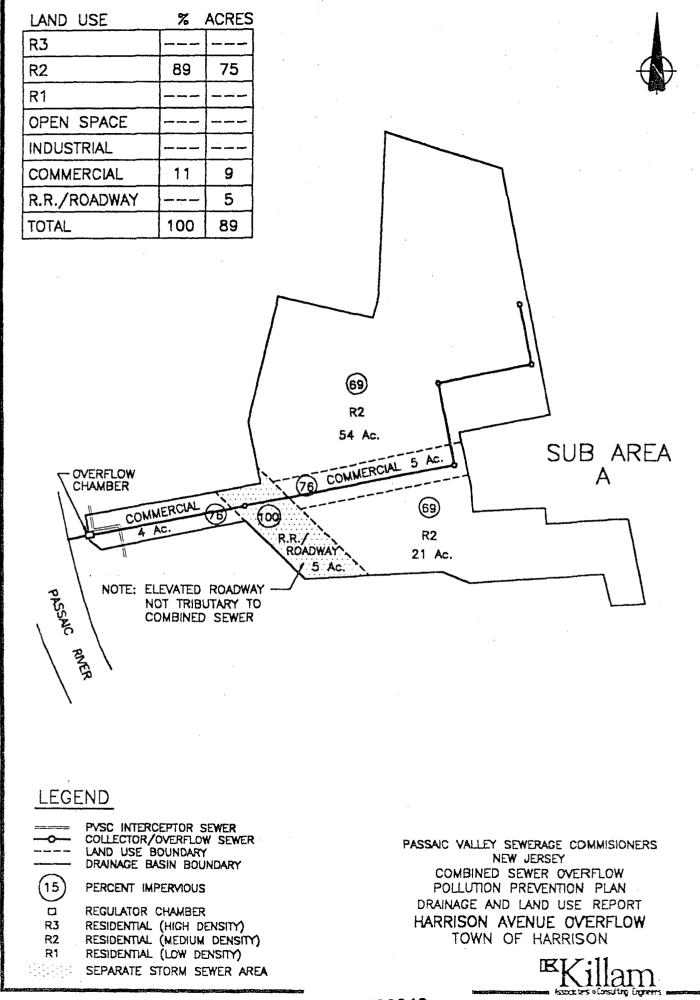
Date: 2/13/75

Elson T. Killam Associates - Infiltration Studies Harrison Ave., Harrison- In sandcatcher 1035 - 2/10/75 to 1030 - 2/11/75

Sampler #354, Set #16 O.F. #012/H - 003

BASELINE

24	samples	;	,				<u>B</u>	ASELINE	
SAMPLE	pH	TSS	VSS	%Vol.	COD	TOC	TOC	BOD	BOD
1	7.3	180	180	100.0	456	96	21.0	216	47.4
2	7.4	310	256	82.7	460	132	28.7	263	59.3
3	7.4	226	190	84.1	472	120	25.5	231	49.0
4	7.3	198	166	83.9	380	100	26.3	216	56.8
5	7.5	190	182	95.8	352	90	25.6	231	65.7
6.	7.4	210	184	87.7	416	110	26.5	306	73.5
7	7.5	196	140	71.5	388	100	25.8	240	61.9
8	7.3	192	168	87.6	444	125	28.2	225	50.7
9	7.6	340	304	89.5	528	144	27.3	240	45.5
10	7.3	248	204	82.3	516	156	30.2	294	57.0
11	7.1	192	162	84.5	352	110	31.3	236	67.1
12	7.5	182	142	78.1	336	105	31.3	170	50.7
13	7.3	170	148	87.1	284	80	28.1	168	59.2
14	7.3	164	138	84.2	236	76	32.2	162	68.7
15	7.4	160	136	85.0	180	56	31.1	93	51.6
16	7.4	150	126	84.0	172	44	25.5	81	47.1
17	7.6	132	98	74.2	84	28	33.4	48	57.2
18	7.5	108	90	83.3	72	24	33.4	46	63.8
19	7.5	120	76	63.3	52	22	42.3		·
20	7.3	108	. 86	79.6	88	28	31.8		
21	7.5	148	120	81.2	168	52	30.9	42	25.0
22	7.5	242	204	84.3	412	121	32.0	192	46.7
23	7.7	276	228	82.7	448	196	43.8	222	49.5
24	7.6	204	160	78.4	388	124	38.8	224	57.8
. Sur P. Ada a St. of Million, garage							30.5		55.1
							-		





OVERFLOW ANALYSIS

TO

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

PASSAIC RIVER OVERFLOWS

DEY STREET, HARRISON H-004

1976

ELSON T KILLAM ASSOCIATES INC
Environmental and Hydraulic Engineers 48 ESSEI STREET INCL BURNE NEW JERSEY 07041

DEY STREET OVERFLOW CHAMBER, HARRISON

This overflow chamber serves an extremely small tributary area of only 6 acres, which is served entirely by combined sewers. The dry weather average daily flow is nominal, estimated to be about 0.09 MGD in the dry weather months and about 0.12 MGD in wet weather months.

Metering facilities were maintained in this chamber for the period beginning June 5, 1975 and extending through July 6, 1975.

Rainfalls occurred on ten occasions, with overflows observed on six occasions. It is estimated that overflow could occur from 40 to 55 times per year at this chamber, based upon the probability that rainfalls may occur from 70 to 90 times per year.

It was found that a rainfall intensity of about 0.07 to 0.08 inches per hour was required to cause overflow. The overflow volume is nominal, with a maximum of 0.3 MG measured during this observation period, and a maximum peak storm overflow rate of about 8 MGD recorded.

It was found that backwater from the Passaic River entered this chamber and the sewer system during periods of exceptionally high tide. The staff of the PVSC has taken corrective action in order to reduce and eliminate this occurrence, which was of short-term duration.

It was found that the dry weather flow waste reflected a very high degree of dilution. For example, the BOD was found to be only about 25 mg/l.



ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

Likewise, the sampling of the storm flow reflected suspended solids of only 25 mg/l. It would appear that this district has a tremendous amount of infiltration, although for a very small area (six acres), and the characteristics of the waste reflect this entry of infiltration into the system.

The area tributary to this overflow is small. A separate sanitary sewer is recommended for connection to the PVSC branch interceptor, with elimination of this combined overflow.



OVERFLOW DATA EXTRACT

DEY STREET OVERFLOW CHAMBER

HARRISON

Chamber Location and Description

Overflow Chamber Status:

Active

Overflow to:

Passaic River

Character of District

Served:

primarily industrial with some domestic

(residential) sewage

Overflow Location (See Plate A):

in west side of Dey St. south of inter-

section of Dey St. and Jersey St.

District Outlet Sewer (See Plates A and B):

12" diameter VTP sewer

Outfall to River (See Plates A and B):

20" diameter brick sewer

Outfall Condition:

clear and functioning

Tidal Effects:

some tidal intrusions noted

Surcharge Effects:

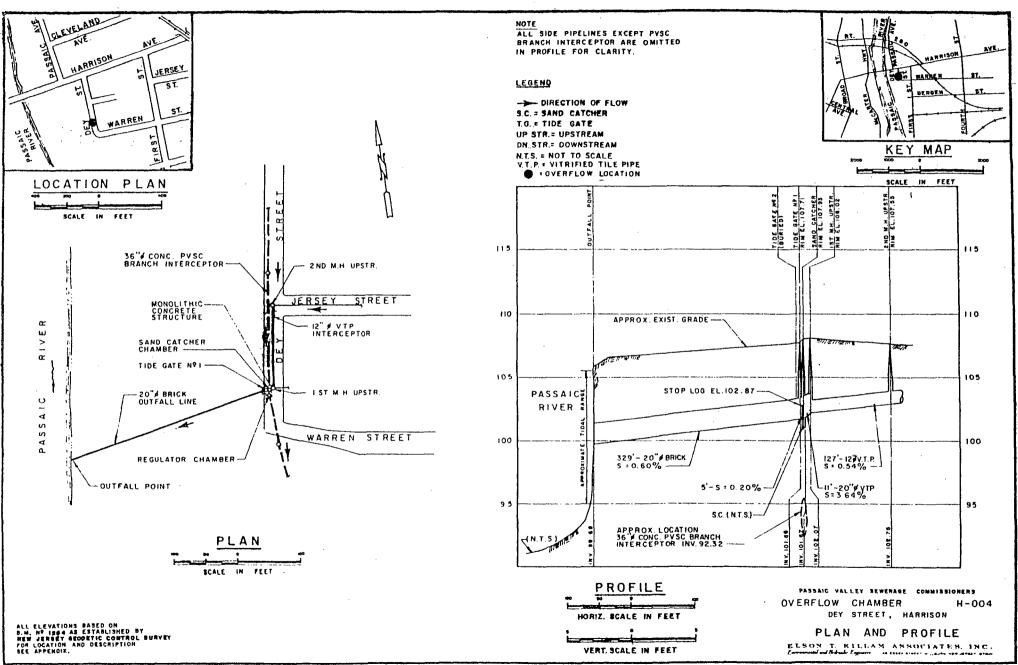
surcharges observed at times due to capacity limitations and/or tide gate

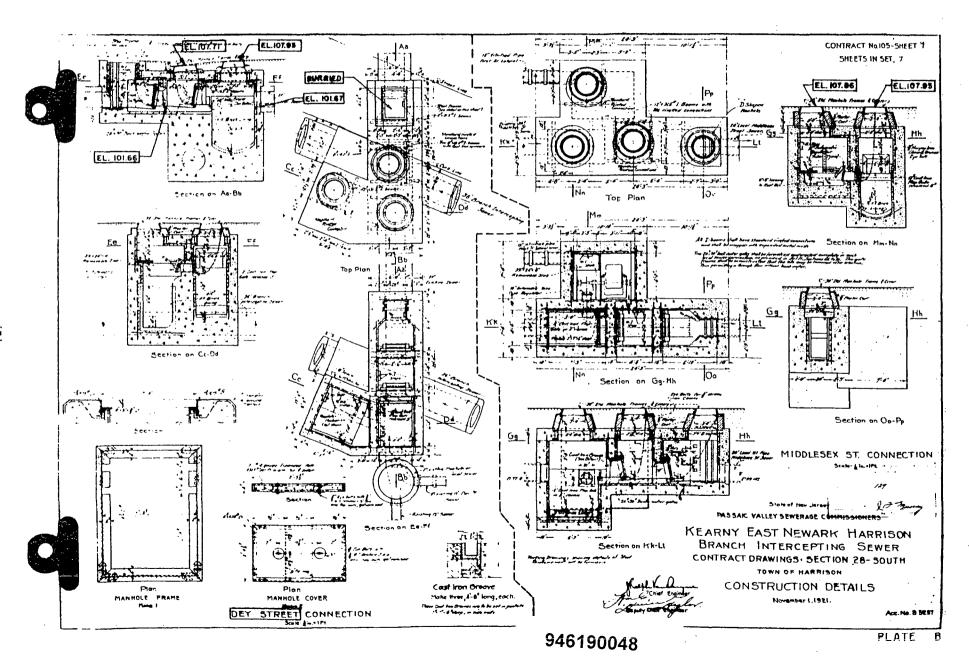
closure

Overflow and Regulator Operation (See Plates B and C):

Under normal dry weather flow conditions, the flow is diverted to the PVSC interceptor via the regulator. During periods of rainfall, a portion of the combined flow enters the interceptor, with the balance overflowing the stop logs and being discharged through the outfall line into the Passaic River.

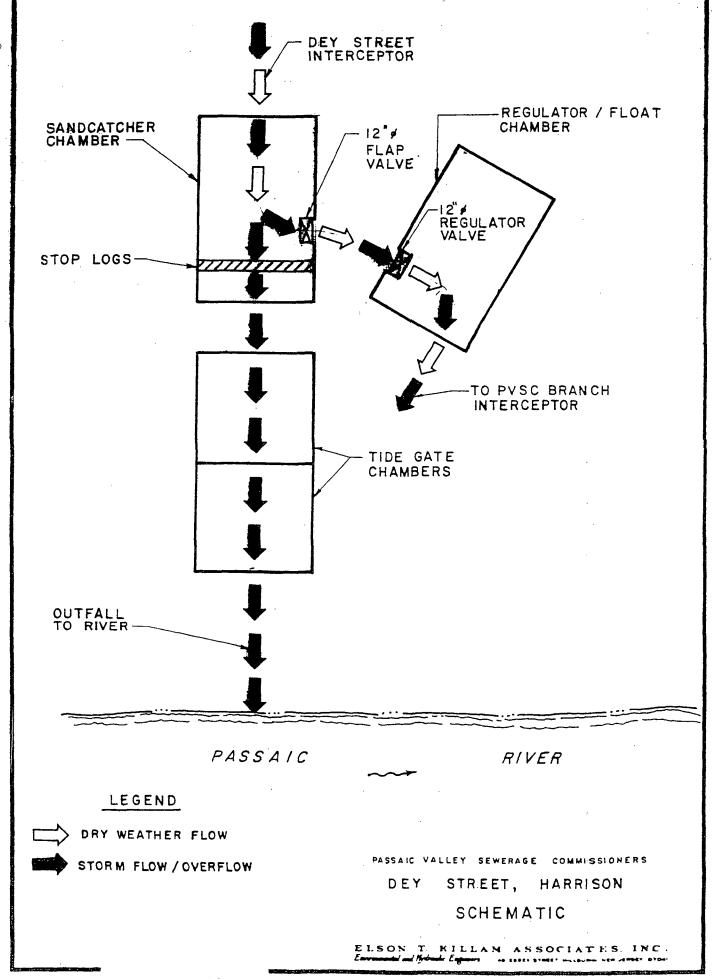






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ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

DEY STREET OVERFLOW CHAMBER

H-004 (Cont'd.)

Condition of Regulator:

appears inoperable

Special Actions Required:

none

Overflow Stop Log/Dam Condition:

stop logs located in downstream end of sand catcher just before opening to first tide gate chamber

Tide Gate Condition:

first tide gate leaking; second tide gate not accessible due to buried manhole cover

Note:

During the investigation, the Overflow chambers were examined, verifying information and dimensions pertinent to this study. The verified information has been recorded on Plate B (See boxed annotations).

Area Served and Dry Weather Flow

Combined Area Served (See Plate D):

0.009 square miles-6 acres

Average Daily Flow
Seasonal Dry Weather:
Seasonal Wet Weather:

0.09 MGD (estimated) 0.12 MGD (estimated)

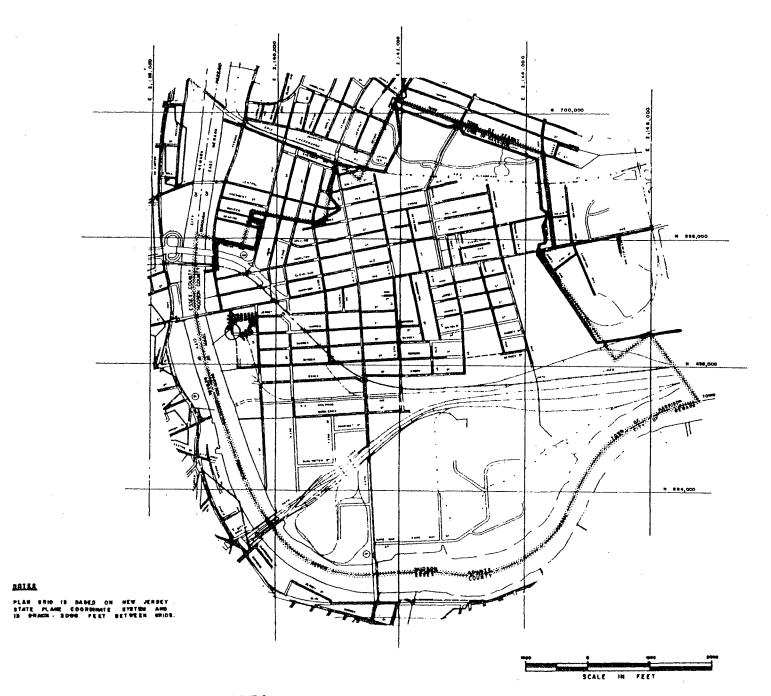
Estimated Combined Flow to Produce an Overflow:

2.9 MGD

Approximate Length of Combined Sewers Serving District:

800 linear feet

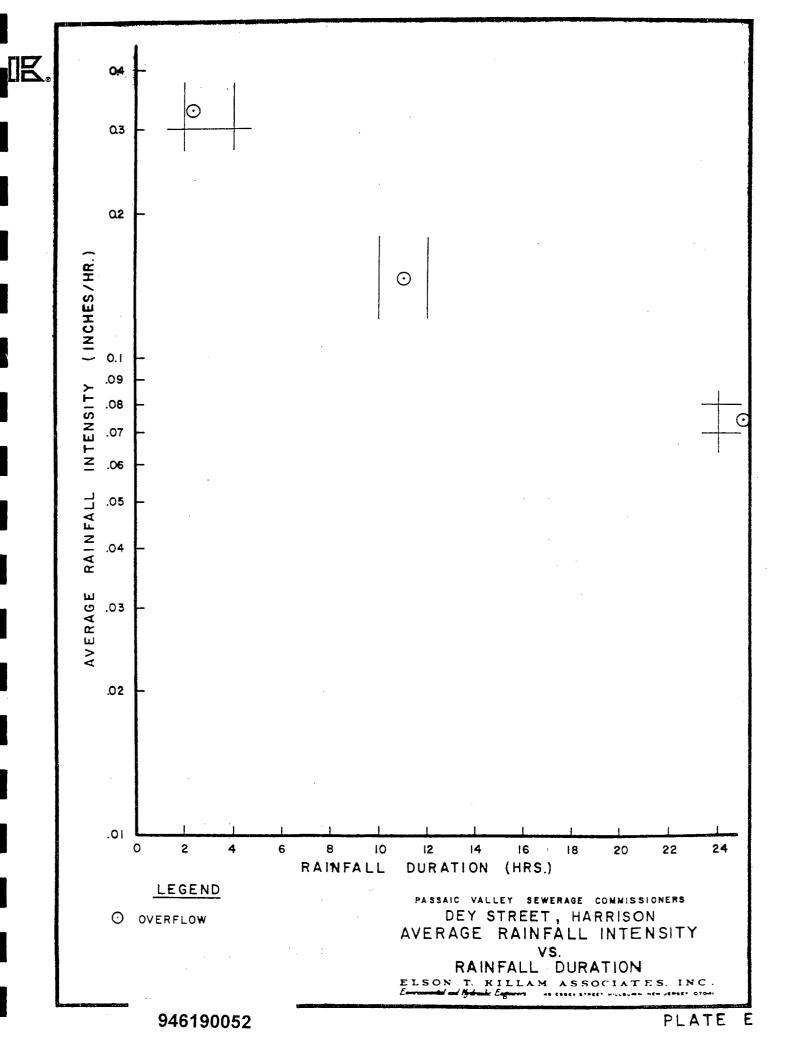


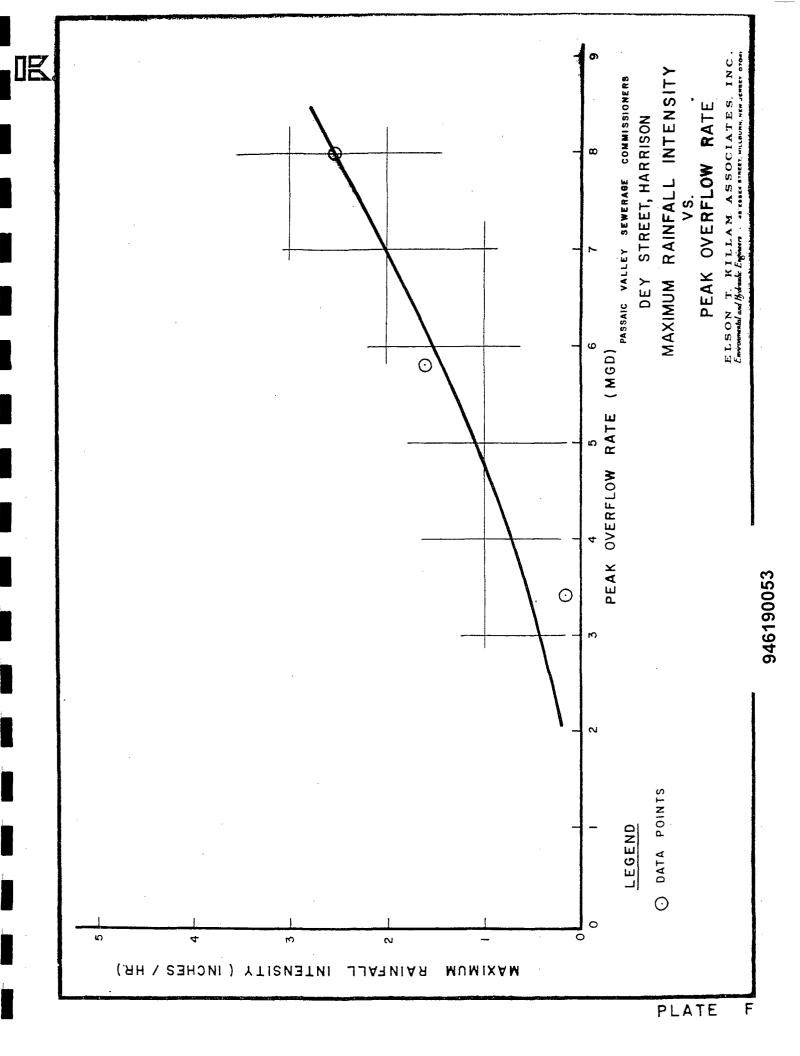


COUNTY BOUNDARY
COUNTY BOUNDAR

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMESSIONERS

PLAN OF COLLECTION SYSTEM







PVSC Reference	r#	F-78	
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Date: 6-4-75

Elson T. Killam Associates - Infiltration Studies Dey Street, Harrison - Sandcatcher 14:50 6-2-75 to 14:50 6-3-75

Sample No 305 Set No 18 Chamber No. 013/H-004

BASE LINE

	24 S	AMPLES			,		 		y	
SAMPLE	liq	TSS	vss	%Vol.	COD	TOC	TOC COD%	BOD	BOD CUI%	
1	6.5	4	-	-	148	39	26.3	85	57.3	
2	6.9	0			60	15	25.0	18	30.0	
3	6.8	0			64	13	20.3	50	78.2	
4 .	6.9	0			64	11	17.2	8	12.5	
	7.2	0	_		56	13	23.2	31	55.3	!
6	7.5	0			52	13	25.0	22	42.3	
7	7.6	0		<u> </u>	56	13	23.2	22	39.3	
8	7.5	0			44	13	29.6	4	9.1	
9	7.5	0			44	14	31.8	24	54.5	
10	7.6	0			48	13	27.1	14	29.2	
11	7.6	0			36_	14	38.9	12	33.3	
12	7.5				32	12	37.5	21	65.6	
13	7.4	0			40	12	30.0	9	22.5	
14	7.3	0			56	9	16.1	33	59.0	
15	7.0	0			44	10	22.7	17	38.7	
16	7.0	0	<u> </u>		40	9	22.5	7	17.5	
17	7.0	4		<u> </u>	72	20	27.8	23	31.9	
18	7.0	0			92	26	28.3	30	32.6	
19	7.0	0		<u> </u>	80	26	32.5	26	32.5	
20 -	7.0	0	<u> </u>		76	30	39.5	29	38.1	
21	7. 5	0		_	84	29	34.5	25	29.8	
22	7.5	O O			84	27	32.1	19	22.6	
23	7.6	0			72	25	34.7	17	23.6	
24	7.4	-0		<u> </u>	52	18	34.7	31	59.7	
						1	28.4		38.1	

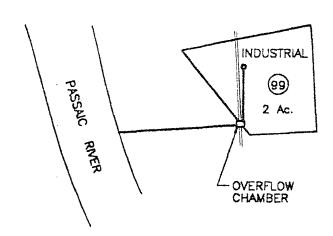
LAND USE	%	ACRES
R3		
R2		
R1		
OPEN SPACE		
INDUSTRIAL	100	2
COMMERCIAL		

100

2

TOTAL





LEGEND



PVSC INTERCEPTOR SEWER COLLECTOR/OVERFLOW SEWER

LAND USE BOUNDARY DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY



PERCENT IMPERMOUS

- REGULATOR CHAMBER
- R3
- RESIDENTIAL (HIGH DENSITY)
 RESIDENTIAL (MEDIUM DENSITY)
 RESIDENTIAL (LOW DENSITY)
- R2 R1
- SEPARATE STORM SEWER AREA

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISIONERS NEW JERSEY

COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

DRAINAGE AND LAND USE REPORT

DEY STREET OVERFLOW TOWN OF HARRISON



OVERFLOW ANALYSIS

TO PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

PASSAIC RIVER OVERFLOWS

MIDDLESEX STREET, HARRISON H-005

1976

ELSON T KILLAM ASSOCIATES INC
Environmental and Hydraulic Engineers 48 ESSEL STREET MILL BURN NEW JERSET 07041



MIDDLESEX STREET OVERFLOW CHAMBER, HARRISON

The Middlesex Street overflow chamber serves a drainage area of 62 acres. This drainage area is served with combined sewers.

The estimated dry weather flow in this district is about 0.72 MGD during dry weather months, and during the wet weather months is about 0.98 MGD, reflecting a possible infiltration rate of about 0.26 MGD.

Metering facilities were installed on April 24, 1975 and were maintained through July 6, 1975. During this period of time, 25 rainfalls were recorded and overflows were estimated to have occurred on 17 occasions. It was found that a rainfall intensity of about 0.07 to 0.08 inches per hour usually caused overflow, but lesser intensities sometimes caused overflow if the rainfall duration was protracted. The maximum overflow rate which was measured was about 14 MGD, and the overflow volume was found to be 0.5 MG. It has been estimated that overflows will occur at this chamber about 50 to 60 times per year when rainfall occurrences range from 70 to 90 times per year.

It was found that backwater from the Passaic River entered this chamber and the sewer system during periods of exceptionally high tide. The staff of the PVSC has taken corrective action in order to reduce and eliminate this occurrence, which was of short-term duration.

The sampling of the dry weather flow revealed an extremely dilute sewage. The suspended solids was found to be only about 42 mg/l and the BOD about 44 mg/l, based on average values.

ELSON T. BILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

A sampling of the storm flow waste showed that the suspended solids ranged from a low of 32 mg/l to a high of 59 mg/l, and the BOD ranged from a low of 9 mg/l to a high of 50 mg/l, reflecting again not only the very dilute dry weather flow, but the further effect of dilution during storm flows.

ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

OVERFLOW DATA EXTRACT

MIDDLESEX STREET OVERFLOW CHAMBER

HARRISON

Chamber Location and Description

Overflow Chamber Status:

Active

Overflow to:

Passaic River

Character of District

Served:

primarily industrial with some residential

development

Overflow Location (See Plate A):

in west side of First Street, 150 feet south of Otis Elevator Co. main gate

District Outlet Sewer (See Plates A and B):

24" diameter VTP sewer

Outfall to River (See Plates A and B):

24" diameter VTP sewer

Outfall Condition:

clear and functioning

Tidal Effects:

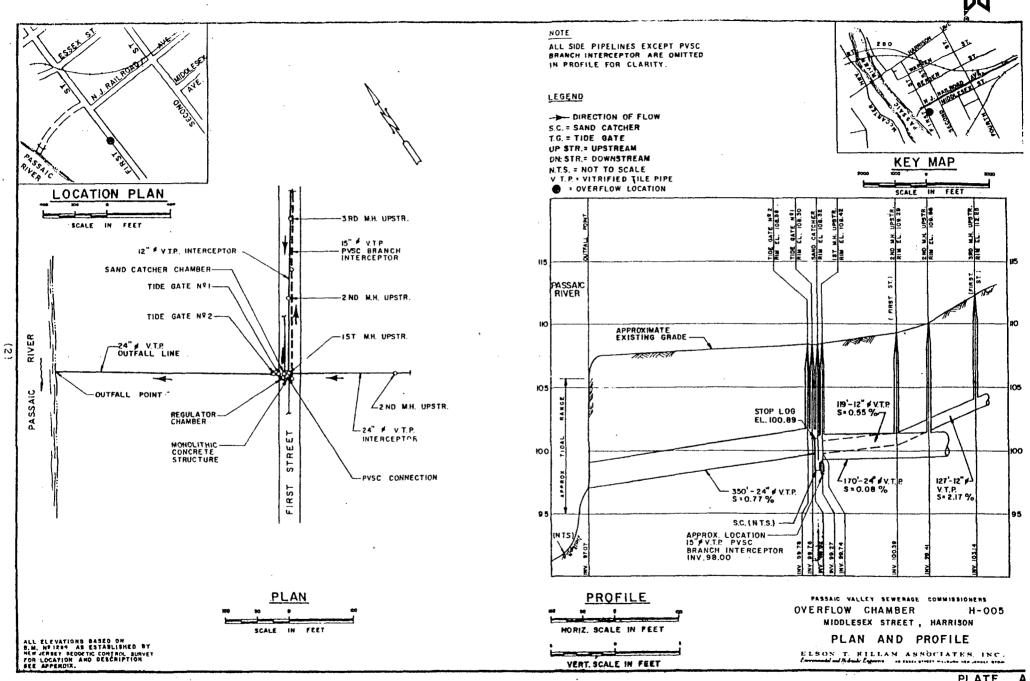
some tidal intrusions noted

Surcharge Effects:

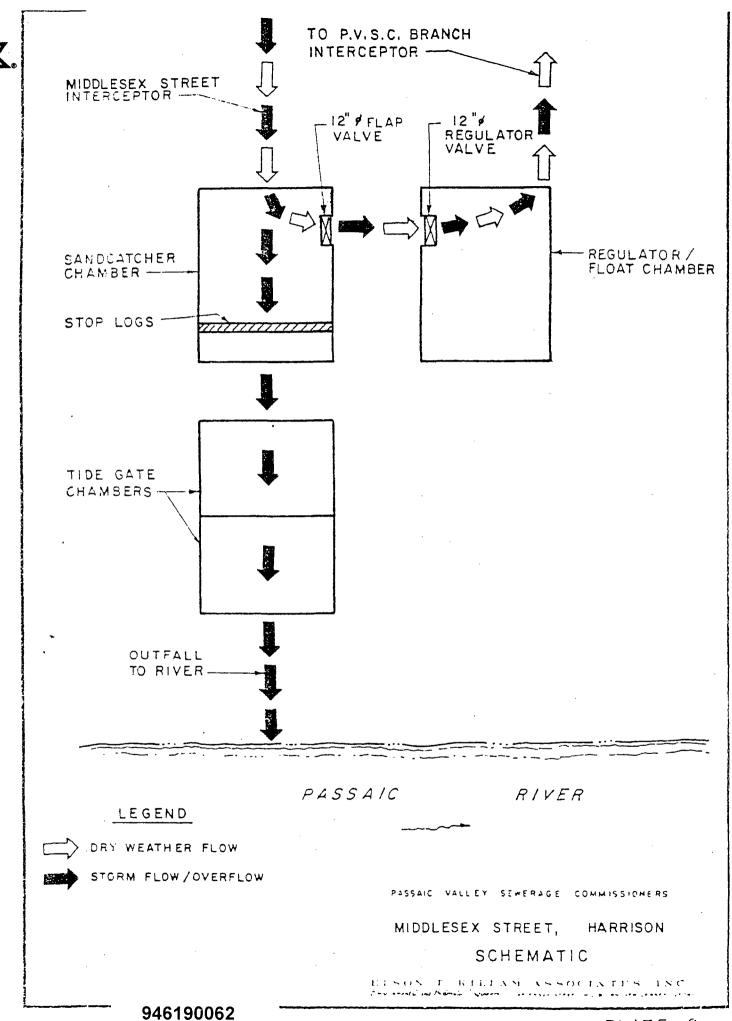
surcharge observed due to capacity limitations and/or tide gate closure

Overflow and Regulator Operation (See Plates B and C):

Under normal dry weather flow conditions, the flow is diverted to the PVSC interceptor via the regulator. During periods of rainfall, a portion of the combined flow enters the interceptor, with the balance overflowing the stop logs and being discharged through the outfall line into the Passaic River.



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RISON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

Condition of Regulator:

appears inoperable

Special Actions Required:

none

Overflow Stop Log/Dam

Condition:

stop logs located in downstream end of sand catcher just before opening

to first tide gate chamber

Tide Gate Condition:

both tide gates noted as leaking

Note:

During the investigation, the Overflow chambers were examined, verifying information and dimensions pertinent to this study. The verified information has been recorded on Plate B (See boxed annotations).

Area Served and Dry Weather Flow

Combined Area Served (See Plate D):

Average Daily Flow Seasonal Dry Weather: Seasonal Wet Weather:

Estimated Combined Flow to Produce an Overflow:

Approximate Length of Combined Sewers Serving District:

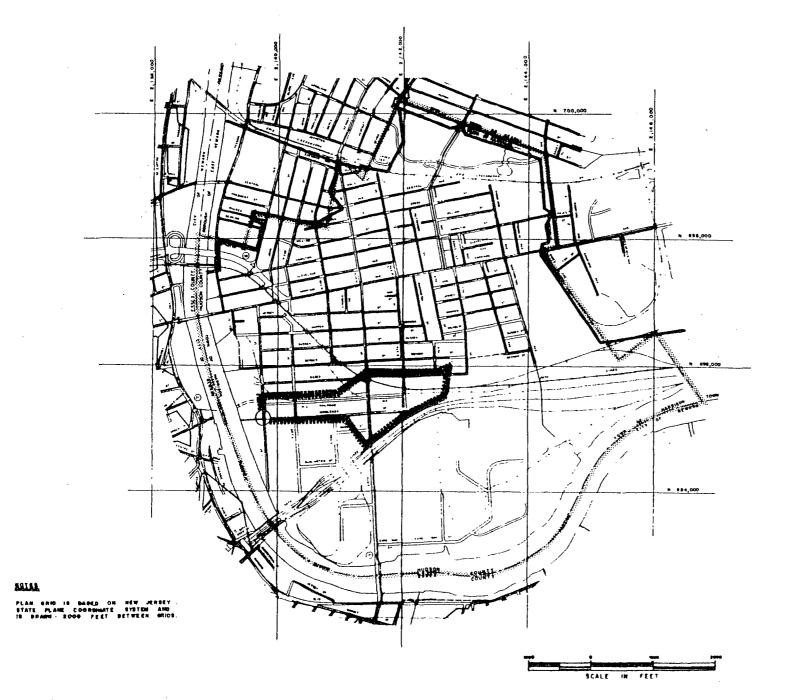
0.097 square miles-62 acres

0.72 MGD (estimated) 0.98 MGD (estimated)

3.6 MGD

5,800 linear feet





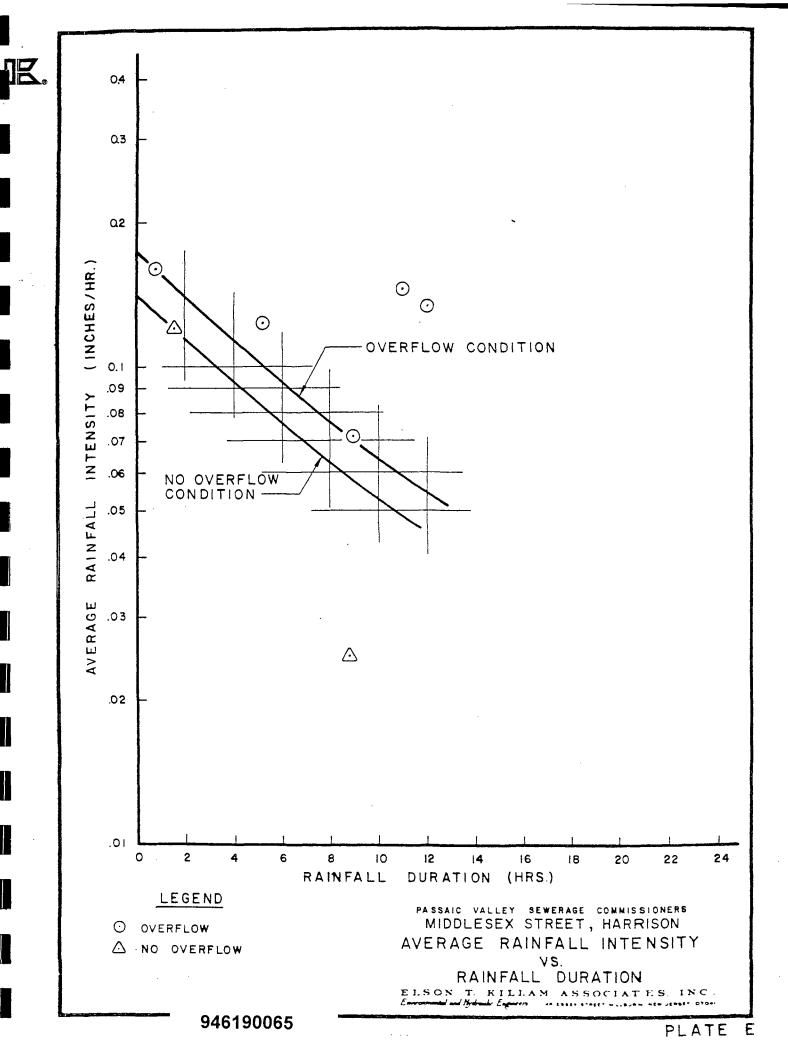
DELINEATION OF SUBBANKSTEEL SOURCERY
COUNTY SOURCERY
COUNTY SOURCERY
COUNTY SOURCERY
TERMINAL MANHOLE
TERMINAL MANHOLE
PYSC TRUSK SEWER
LOCAL SEWER
FORCE MAIN
FORCE MAIN
SUPPOSE STATION
SUPPOSE STATION
SUPPOSE STATION
OF SUBMIDDLESEX STREET
OVERFLOW CHAMBER
MIDDLESEX STREET
COLLECTION SYSTEM

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERASE COMMISSIONERS
MIDDLESEX STREET, HARRISON

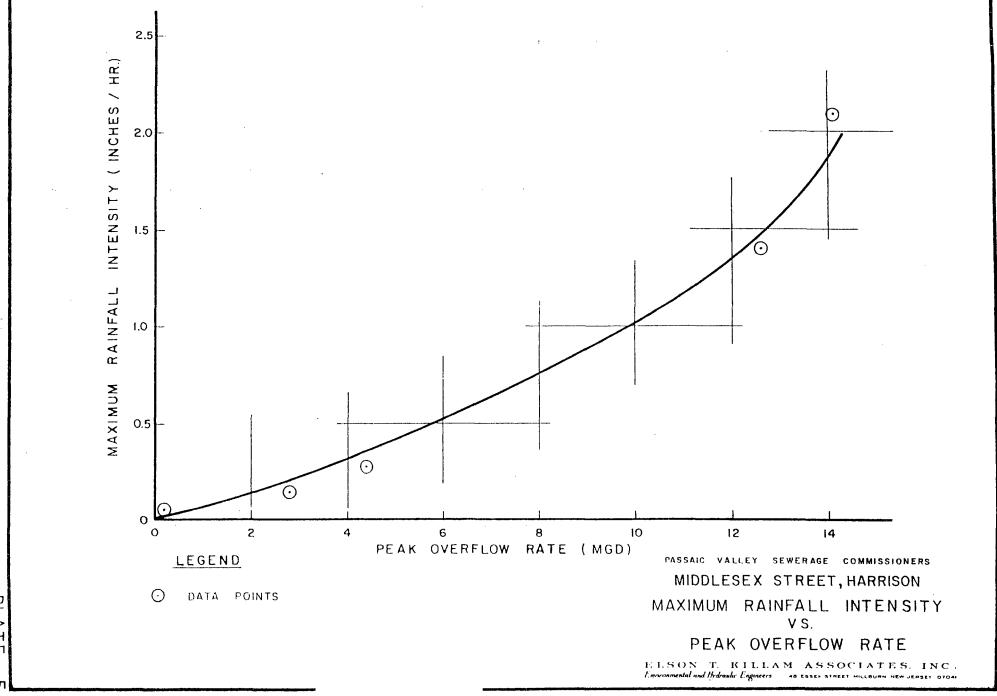
PLAN OF COLLECTION SYSTEM

ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC

PLATE D









PVSC	Reference	·#	B-40	

Date: 2/13/75

Elson T. Killam Associates - Infiltration Studies Middlesex Street, Harrison, In sandcatcher 1450-2/11/75 to 1140 -2/12/75

Sampler#354 Set #4 O.F. # 014/H-005

19 Samples

Baseline

	Sampre:	_							
SAMPLE	pH	TSS	VSS	%Vol.	COD	TOC	TOC COO	BOD	BOD
.1	7.5	104	4	38.5	216	60	27.8	167	77.3
2	7.7	114	22	19.3	110	28	25.4	83	75.4
3	7.8	36	36	100.0	102	20	19.6	85	83.3
4 .	7.6	38	38	100.0	90	28	31.1	36	40.0
5	7.5	42	42	100.0	61	15	24.6	2 4	39.4
6	7.6	14	14	100.0	65	12	18.5	41	63.2
7	7.7	0			61	17	27.9	30	49.2
8 .	7.7	14	14	100.0	53	12	22.7	16	30.2
9	7.7	62	62	100.0	76	11	14.5	28	36.9
10	7.7	32	32	100.0	57	15	26.3	35	61.4
11	7.8	0			53	13	24.5	37	69.8
12	7.8	34	34	100.0	45	15	33.3	12	2f.7
13	7.9	54	0	0.0	41	13	31.7	20	48.8
14	7.9	. 28	28	100.0	45	10	21.2	15	33.3
15	7.9	28	28	100.0	37	10	27.0	21	56.8
16	8.0	24	24	100.0	24	14	58.3	15	62.5
17	7.9	0			33	10	30.3	13	39.4
18	8.0	12	12	100.0	82	19	23.2	69	84.1
19		NO SA	MPL	Ę					
20		NO SA	MPL	1		·			
21	8.0	32	32	100.0	121	30	24.8	95	78.5
							27.0		55.6



P.V.S.C. Reference # K-128

Date November 27, 1974

Elson Killam Associates-Infiltration Studies
Otis Elevator CO., Middlesex Street, Harrison. First manhole upstream
Sancatcher 2:37 P. M. 11/15/74 to 1:17 A. M. 11/26/74

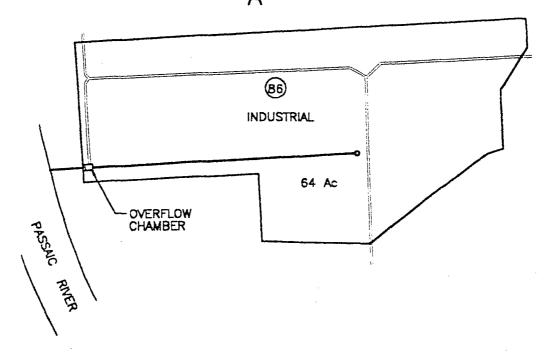
BASELINE

						·	BASELINE	<u> </u>	
Sample #	На	T.S.S.	v.s.s.	%vol.	C.O.D.	T.O.C.	T.O.C.	B.O.D	3.0.D/. C.O.D.
1	7.5	12	12	100.0	120	38	31.7	108	90.0
2	7.5	16	16	100.0	164	48	29.3	100	61.0
3	2.6	48	40	83.3	312	60	19.2	45	14.4
4	2.1	4	4	100.0	92	36	39.1	22	23.9
5	6.5	28	26	92.9	108	25	23.1	52	48.1
6	6.9	16	16	100.0	112	25	22.3	64	57.1
7	7.0	8	8	100.0	92	19	20.7	69	75.0
8	7.0	22	22	100.0	64	15	23.4	60	
9	7.2	16	16	100.0	68	15	22.1	24	35.3
10	7.3	12	12	100.0	124	16	12.9	69	55.6
11	7.2	268	212	79.1	264	56	21.2	143	54.2
1/3 Fil 12	7.6	16	16	100.0	92	38	41.3	87	94.6
				AVERA	<u> </u>		25.5		
	-				•				
				 	·				
	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

LAND USE	%	ACRES
R3		
R2		
R1		
OPEN SPACE		
INDUSTRIAL	100	64
COMMERCIAL		
TOTAL	100	64



SUB AREA



LEGEND

PVSC INTERCEPTOR SEWER COLLECTOR/OVERFLOW SEWER LAND USE BOUNDARY DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY

PERCENT IMPERMOUS

REGULATOR CHAMBER RESIDENTIAL (HIGH DENSITY)

R2 RESIDENTIAL (MEDIUM DENSITY) R1 RESIDENTIAL (LOW DENSITY)

SEPARATE STORM SEWER AREA

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISIONERS **NEW JERSEY**

COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

DRAINAGE AND LAND USE REPORT

MIDDLESEX STREET OVERFLOW TOWN OF HARRISON

946190069





OVERFLOW ANALYSIS

TO

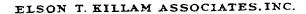
PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

PASSAIC RIVER OVERFLOWS

BERGEN STREET HARRISON H-006

1976

ELSON T KILLAM ASSOCIATES INC Environmental and Hydraulic Engineers 48 1882 | STREET MILL BURN HER MERSEL OF COLUMN



BERGEN STREET OVERFLOW CHAMBER, HARRISON

This overflow chamber serves a drainage area of about 72 acres. The area is served with combined sewers. It has been estimated that the dry weather flow is about 0.83 MGD during the dry weather months, and that the average daily flow is about 1.13 MGD during wet weather months, reflecting possible infiltration of about 0.30 MGD.

Metering facilities were installed in this chamber starting
July 6, 1975, and were maintained in operation through September 12,
1975. During this period of time, thirteen rainfalls were recorded and
it has been estimated that overflows occurred on eleven occasions.
Based on an estimated range of from 70 to 90 rainfalls occurring during
the year, it is estimated that overflow would occur at this chamber
about 60 to 75 times.

It was found that a rainfall of intensity of about 0.09 inches per hour was experienced before overflow would occur at this chamber. The maximum overflow rate was found to be about 17 MGD, and the volume of overflow during the storm of most severe intensity was found to be only 0.5 MG.

It was found that backwater from the Passaic River entered this chamber and the sewer system during periods of exceptionally high tide. The staff of the PVSC has taken corrective action in order to reduce and eliminate this occurrence, which was of short-term duration.

Samples of the dry weather flow indicated an average sewage strength for suspended solids of 136 mg/l and for BOD the average concentration was about 170 mg/l. The sampling of the overflow during



ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

storm or rainfall conditions indicated that suspended solids ranged from a low of 100 mg/l to a high of 144 mg/l and BOD concentrations ranged from a low of 23 mg/l to a high of 37 mg/l, reflecting the dilution effect.



ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

OVERFLOW DATA EXTRACT

BERGEN STREET OVERFLOW CHAMBER

HARRISON

Chamber Location and Description

Overflow Chamber Status:

Active

Overflow to:

Passaic River

Character of District

Served:

primarily industrial with some residential

areas

Overflow Location (See Plate A):

in center of Bergen St. at its westerly

deadend before Passaic River

District Outlet Sewer (See Plates A and B):

24" diameter VTP sewer

Outfall to River (See Plates A and B):

24" diameter VTP sewer

Outfall Condition:

clear and functioning

Tidal Effects:

some tidal intrusions noted

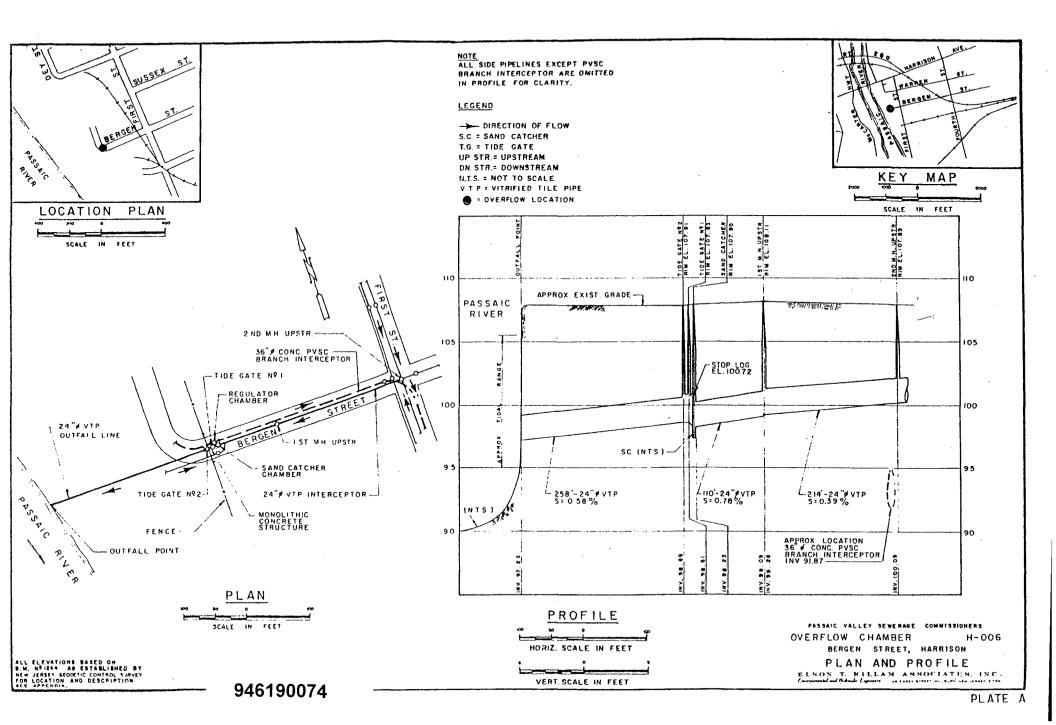
Surcharge Effects:

surcharge observed at times due to capacity limitations and/or tide gate

closures

Overflow and Regulator Operation (See Plates B and C):

Under normal dry weather flow conditions, the flow is diverted to the PVSC interceptor via the regulator. During periods of rainfall, a portion of the combined flow enters the interceptor, with the balance overflowing the stop logs and being discharged through the outfall line into the Passaic River.



PLATE

(3)

BERGEN STREET INTERCEPTOR TO P.V S.C. BRANCH INTERCEPTOR SANDCATCHER CHAMBER 12" FLAP VALVE -REGULATOR/ (FLAP FLOAT CHAMBER, STOP LOGS MISSING) TIDE GATE CHAMBERS OUTFALL TO RIVER -PASSAIC RIVER LEGEND DRY WEATHER FLOW PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS STORM FLOW/OVERFLOW BERGEN STREET, HARRISON SCHEMATIC ELSON T KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.



RESON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

BERGEN STREET	OVERFLOW	CHAMBER		H-006	(Cont'	đ)
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Condition of Regulator:

appears inoperable

Special Actions Required:

none

Overflow Stop Log/Dam Condition:

stop logs located in downstream end of sand catcher just before opening to first tide gate chamber

Tide Gate Condition:

Tide gate No. 1 leaking. Tide gate No. 2 broken off and jammed in chamber

Note:

During the investigation, the Overflow chambers were examined, verifying information and dimensions pertinent to this study. The verified information has been recorded on Plate B (See boxed annotations).

Area Served and Dry Weather Flow

Combined Area Served (See Plate D):

0.113 square miles-72 acres

Average Daily Flow
Seasonal Dry Weather:
Seasonal Wet Weather:

0.83 MGD (estimated) 1.13 MGD (estimated)

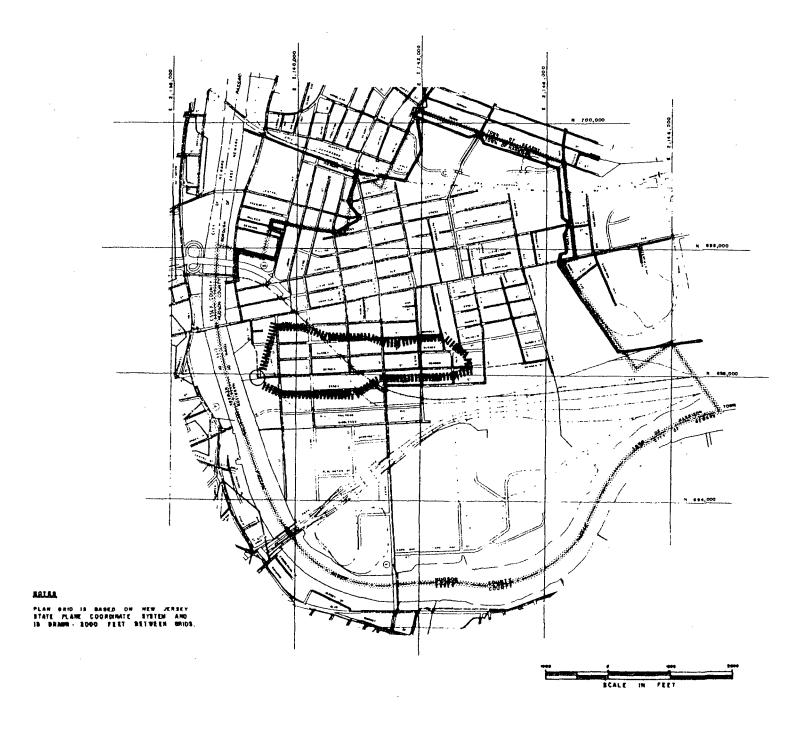
Estimated Combined Flow to Produce an Overflow:

4.4 MGD

Approximate Length of Combined Sewers Serving District:

9,200 linear feet





SUBSCIPAL DOUBLARY
CONSTY EQUIDARY
MARIAGLE
TERMINAL MANIFOLE
PURC TRUSK SEVER
LOCAL SEVER
FORCE MAIN
DUMPING STATION
SANGER AND SEPRON
COMMING
DELINEATION OF SUBAREA

BERGEN STREET
OVERFLOW CHAMBER
TOLLECTION SYSTEM
COLLECTION SYSTEM

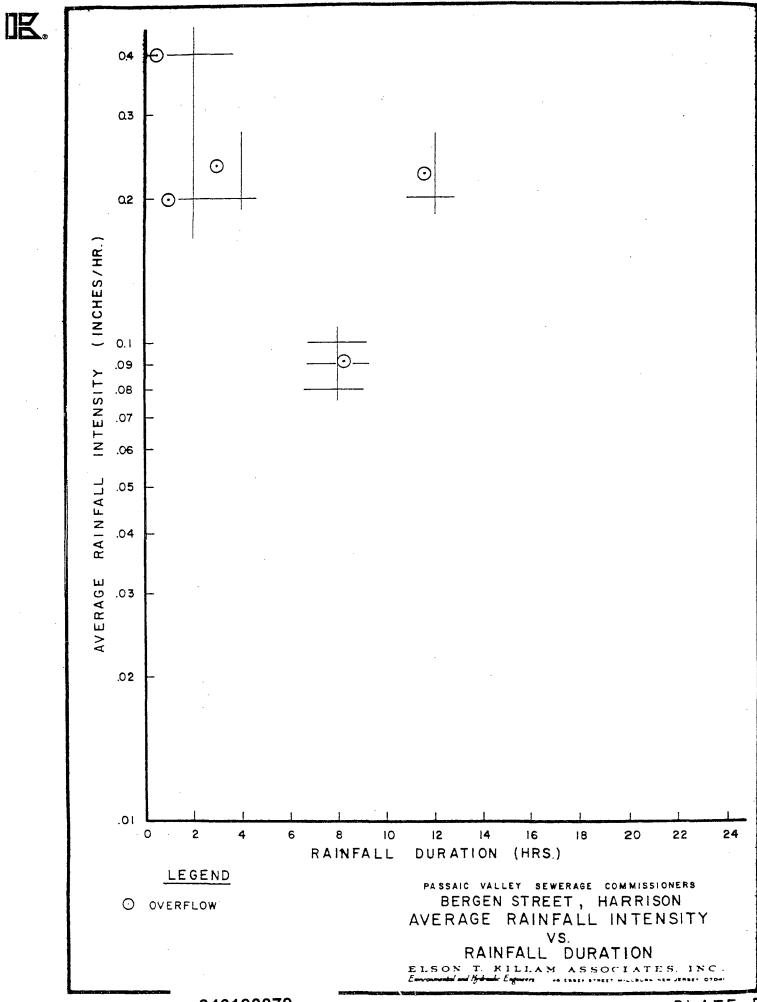
ASSAIC VALLEY SEWERASE COMMESSIONER

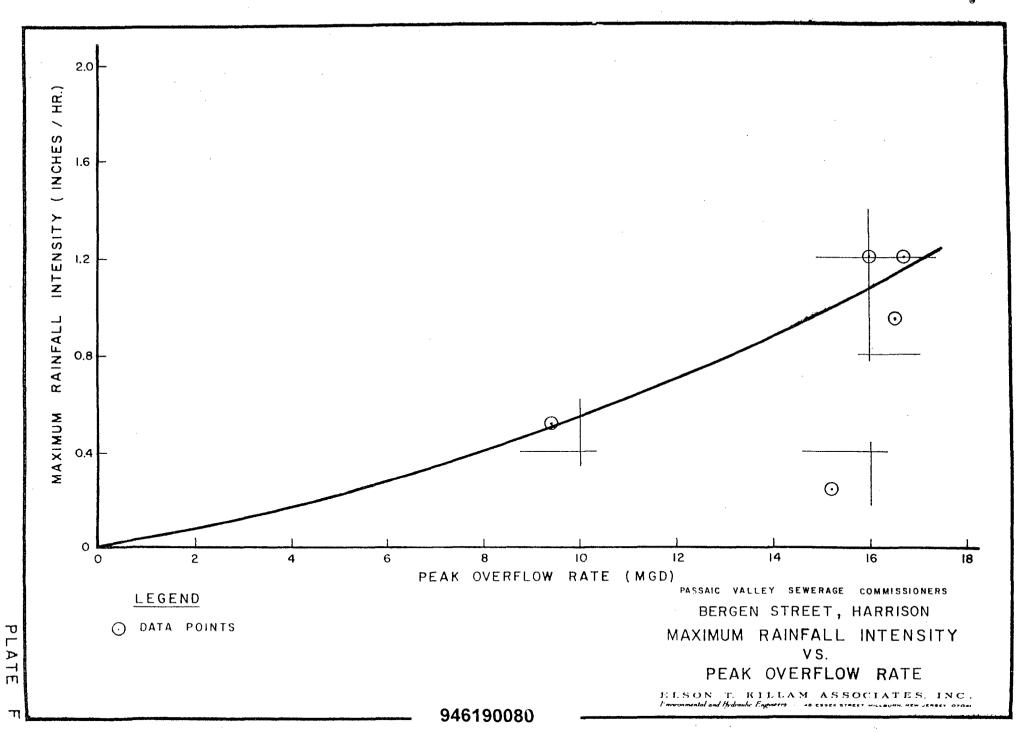
BERGEN STREET, HARRISON

PLAN OF COLLECTION SYSTEM

ELSON T. KILLAN ASSOCIATES, INC.

PLATE D







P.V.S.C. Reference # L-22

Date

December 4, 1974

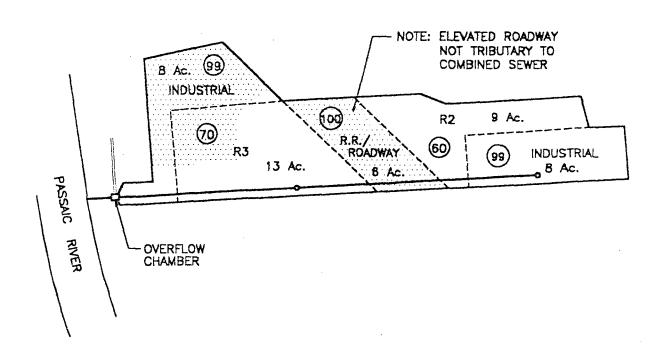
Elson Killam Associates-Infiltration StudiesSet #13 Bergen Street, Harrison, First manhole upstream from Sandcatcher 4:15 P. M. 12/2/74 to 1:30 P. M., 12/3/74

BASELINE

	22 Sa:	mplės			BASELINE				
Sample	<u> </u>	1		9	T	<u> </u>	T.O.C.		B.O.D/
#	рH	T.S.S.	v.s.s.	%vol.	C.O.D.	T.O.C.	C.O.D.	B.O.D	C.O.D.
. 1	7.5	118	114	96.6	477	160	33.6	220	46.1
. 2	7.3	76	76	100.0	196	70	35.7	143	73.0
3	7.4	60	60	100.0	135	38	28.1		
4	7.5	38	38	100.0	445	54	12.1	117	26.3
5	7.5	66	66	100.0	371	114	30.7	164	44.2
6	7.4	10	10	100.0	171	44	25.7	64	37,4
7	7.5	52	52	100.0	90	42	46.8	52	57.8
8	7.6	54	54	100.0	94	45	47.9		
9	7.6	332	224	67,5	416	110	26.5		
10	7.8	80	80	100.0	163	41	25.1	87	53.4
11	7.8	110	100	90.9	147	42	28.6	49	33.3
12	7.9	68	68	100.0	82	. 30	36.6	52	63.4
13	7.8	160	88	55.0	37	14	37.8		
14	7.9	470	412	87.7	700 .	171	24.4	417	59.6
15	7.8	152	140	92.1	339	114	33.7	219	61.7
16	7.8	96	94	97.9	139	47	33.7	87	62.6
17	8.3	480	428	89.2	873	280	32.1	578	66,2
18	8.0	186	148	79.6	339	102	30.1		
19	7.9	60	60	120.0	184	64	34.7		
20	8.7	172	90	52.3	204	62	30.2	120	58.8
21	8.8	58	58	100.0	269	66	24.5	170	63.2
22	8.1	98	80	81.6.	208	64	30.7	182	87.5
,						<u> </u>	31.3		

LAND USE	%	ACRES
R3	34	13
R2	24	9
R1		
OPEN SPACE		
INDUSTRIAL	42	16
COMMERCIAL		
R.R./ROADWAY		6
TOTAL	100	44





LEGEND

PVSC INTERCEPTOR SEWER COLLECTOR/OVERFLOW SEWER LAND USE BOUNDARY DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY

15 PERCENT IMPERVIOUS

REGULATOR CHAMBER RESIDENTIAL (HIGH DENSITY) R2 RESIDENTIAL (MEDIUM DENSITY) R1

RESIDENTIAL (LOW DENSITY) SEPARATE STORM SEWER AREA PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISIONERS NEW JERSEY COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN DRAINAGE AND LAND USE REPORT BERGEN STREET OVERFLOW TOWN OF HARRISON

REPORT UPON

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OVERFLOW ANALYSIS

TO

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

PASSAIC RIVER OVERFLOWS

WORTHINGTON AVENUE. HARRISON H-007

1976

ELSON T KILLAM ASSOCIATES INC
Environmental and Hydraulic Engineers 48 ESSES STREET MICLBURN NEW MASSOCIOSE



WORTHINGTON AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER, HARRISON

The Worthington Avenue overflow chamber serves a tributary area of 177 acres, of which area about 95 percent is served with combined sewers, the balance being composed of separate sanitary and storm sewers.

The average daily dry weather flow was estimated to be about 2.0 MGD during dry weather months, and about 2.8 MGD during wet weather months. This reflects a fairly high infiltration rate due to the higher ground water table during the wet weather months.

No measurable overflows were recorded at this chamber because of the fact that the outfall line, which extends some 1,350 feet into the Meadowlands, is clogged with debris. Due to the obstructed outfall line, the overflow chamber becomes surcharged during periods of storm flow, thereby negating metering attempts, since no "free board" overflow condition existed. In other words, with the occurrences of high storm flows, the stormwater is carried on downstream.

Sampling of the waste during dry weather flow conditions revealed an extremely dilute sewage, with the suspended solids averaging only about 42 mg/l. Sampling of the waste during storm flow conditions indicated that BOD concentrations averaged 59 to 75 mg/l, reflecting the dilution effect.



ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

OVERFLOW DATA EXTRACT

WORTHINGTON AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER

HARRISON

Chamber Location and Description

Overflow Chamber Status:

Active

Overflow to:

open ditch leading to Passaic River

Character of District

Served:

primarily industrial; some residential

Overflow Location (See Plate A):

in Worthington Avenue at southerly terminus before railroad and start

of meadows

District Outlet Sewer (See Plates A and B):

24" diameter VTP sewer

Outfall to River (See Plates A and B):

24" diameter VTP sewer

Outfall Condition:

obstructed (1350 ft. \pm in length through meadows to open ditch)

Tidal Effects:

none observed

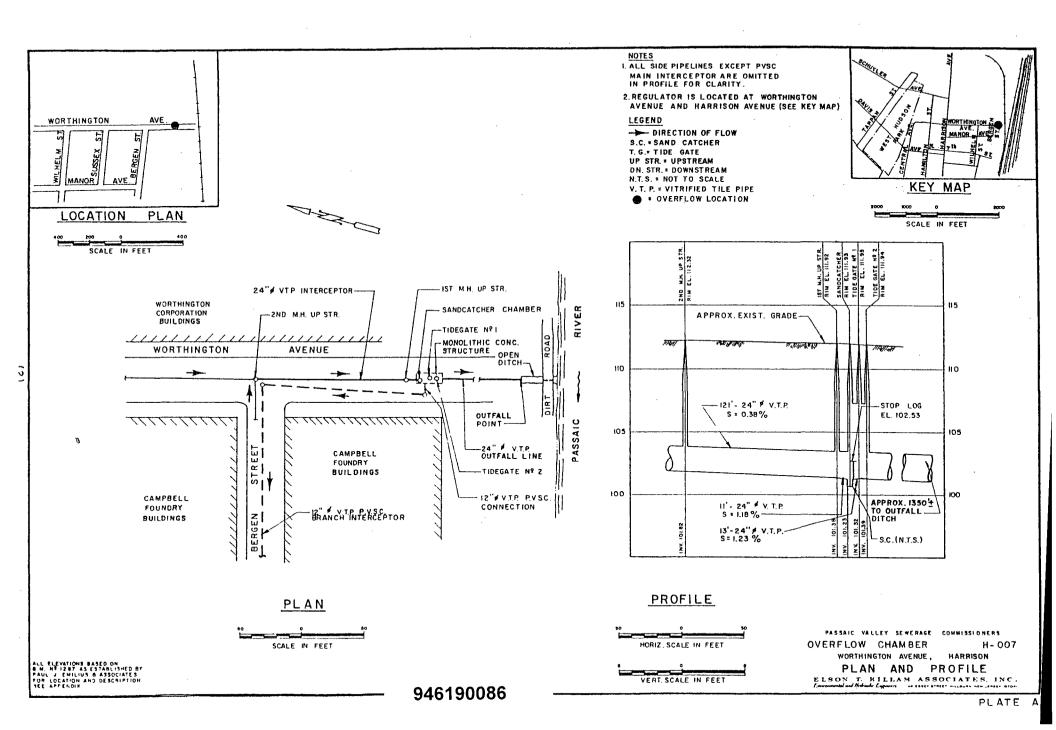
Surcharge Effects:

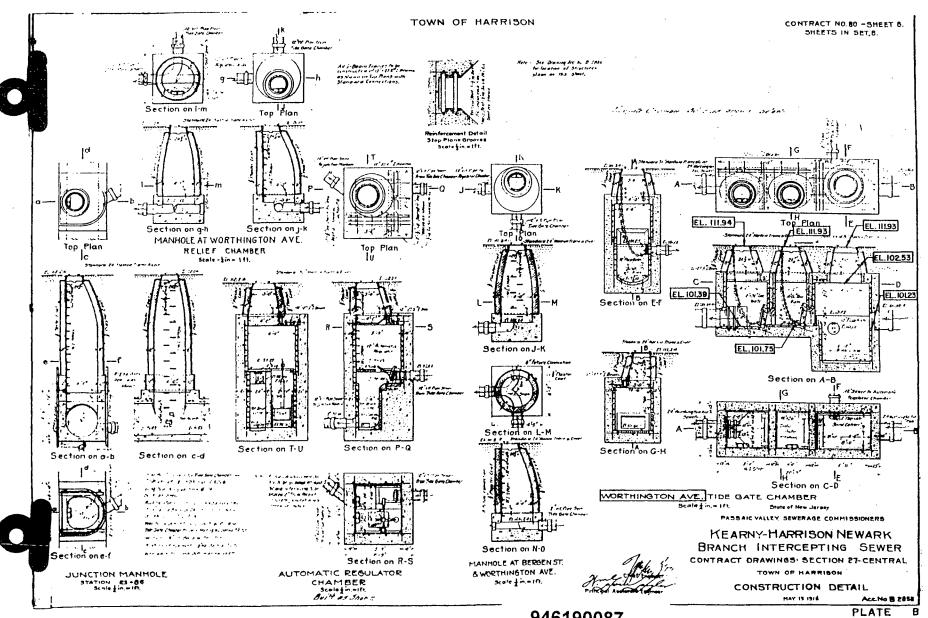
surcharge observed due to outfall obstructions

Overflow and Regulator Operation (See Plates B and C):

Under normal dry weather flow conditions, the flow is diverted to the PVSC interceptor via the regulator. During periods of rainfall, a portion of the combined flow enters the interceptor, with the balance overflowing the stop logs and being discharged through the outfall line into the Passaic River.

NOTE: Overflow estimated based on outfall pipe capacity





TO P.V. S.C. BRANCH WORTHINGTON AVE. INTERCEPTOR: INTERCEPTOR 12" #
REGULATOR
VALVE—— SANDCATCHER CHAMBER 12 FLAP VALVE-REGULATOR / FLOAT CHAMBER, -STOP LOGS TIDE GATE OUTFALL TO RIVER -PASSAIC RIVER LEGEND DRY WEATHER FLOW PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS STORM FLOW/OVERFLOW WORTHINGTON AVENUE . HARRISON SCHEMATIC ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES. INC. Exercised and Hydrack Experises are executed to contact of the 946190088



ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

WORTHINGTON	TIMENTE	OVERFLOW	CHAMBER

H-007 (Cont'd.)

Condition of Regulator:

appears inoperable

Special Actions Required:

none

Overflow Stop Log/Dam Condition:

stop logs located in downstream end of sand catcher just before opening to first tide gate chamber

Tide Gate Condition:

both tide gates noted as leaking

Note:

During the investigation, the Overflow chambers were examined, verifying information and dimensions pertinent to this study. The verified information has been recorded on Plate B (See boxed annotations).

Area Served and Dry Weather Flow

Combined Area Served (See Plate D):

Average Daily Flow
Seasonal Dry Weather:
Seasonal Wet Weather:

Estimated Combined Flow to Produce an Overflow:

Approximate Length of Combined Sewers Serving District:

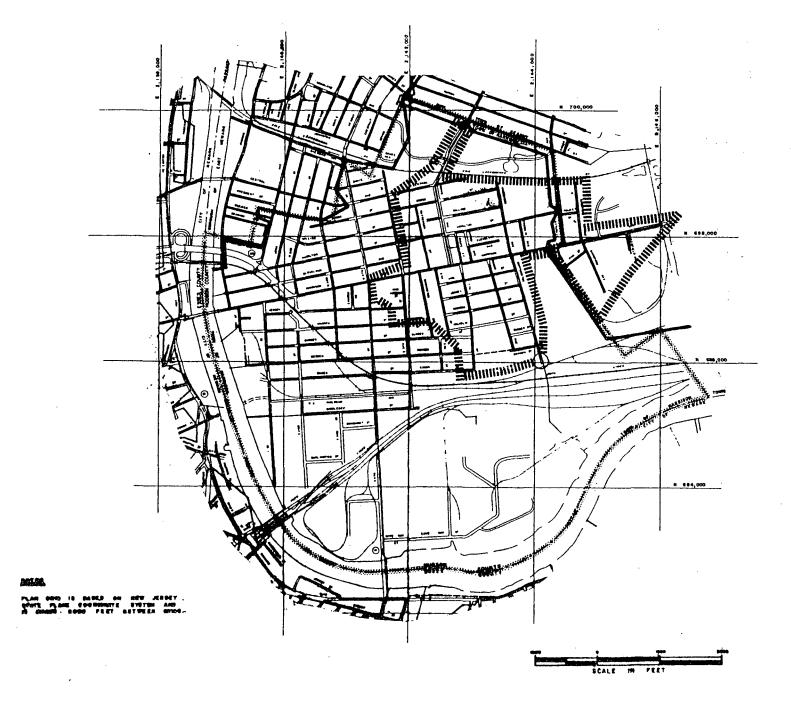
0.277 square miles-177 acres

2.0 MGD (estimated)2.8 MGD (estimated)

5.9 MGD

32,100 linear feet





BENICIPAL SOUNDARY

COUNTY SOUNDARY

MANNOLE

TERMINAL MANNOLE

PUSC TRUNK SEWER

LOCAL SEWER

PORCE MAIN

PUSPING STATION

SEPHICE STATION

GRANGER

OPLINEATION OF SUBAREA

WONTHINGTON AVENUE

OVERFLOW CHAMBER

WONTHINGTON AVENUE

COLLECTION SYSTEM

-

WORTHINGTON AVENUE, HARRISON
PLAN OF COLLECTION SYSTEM

#120N T. FILLAN ASSOCIATES, INC.
PLATE D



P.V.S.C. Reference # 126

Date	
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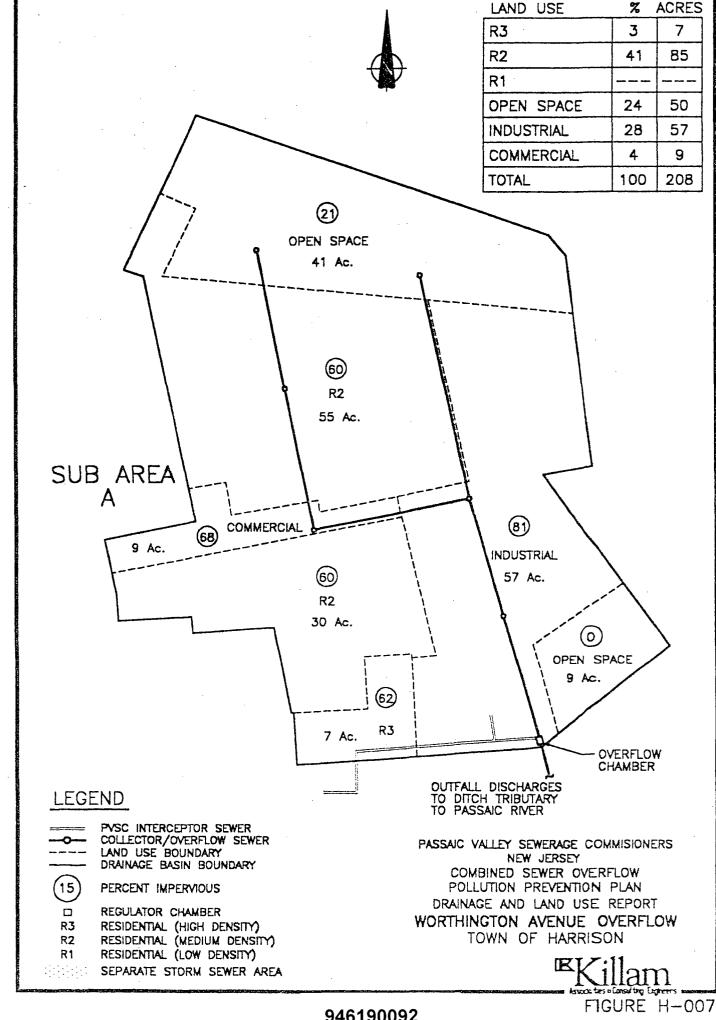
November 27, 1974

Elson Killam Associates-Infiltration Studies

Worthington AVenue in front of Campbell Foundry-Harrison from First manhole upstream from Sandcatcher 3:02 P.M. 11/25/74 to 3:25 P.M. 11/2 24 Samples

BASELINE

						·	BASELINE	<u>-</u>	
Sample #	рн	T.S.S.	v.s.s.	%Vol.	C.O.D.	T.O.C.	T.O.C.' C.O.D.	, .	B.O.D/ C.O.D.
1	7.4_	136	136	100.0	544	160	34.0	B.O.D.	0.0.2.
2	7.4	94	94	100.0	224	88	39.3	FAILUR	E
3	7.4	32	32	100.0	200	56	28.0	CHEMIC	AL
4	7.4	44	44	100.0	196	46	23.5	AND /	OR.
5	7.3	70	70	100.0	188	57	30.3	INCUBA	TION
6	7.3	34	34	100.0	168	57	33.9		
7	7.3	40	40	100.0	164	52	31.7		
8	7.3	16	16	100.0	128	41	32.0		
9	7.3	28	28	100.0	116	39	33.6		
10	7.4	18	18	100.0	100	32	32.0		
11	.7.5	8	8	100.0	92	25	27.1		
12	7.4	6	6	100.0	52	19	36.5		
13	7.5	6	6	100.0	56	14	25.0		
14	7.5	14	14	100.0	60	16	26.7		
15	7.5	8	8	100.0	36	12	33.3		
16	7.5	4	4	100.0	40	14	35.0		
17	7.4	10	10	100.0	76	-41	56.2		
18	7.4	56	56	100.0	124	53	42.7		
19	7.4	48	43	100.0	8 0	56	70.0		
20	7.6	26	26	100.0	236	76	32.2		
21	7.5	34	34	100.0	164	50	30.5		
22	9.0	176	164	93.2	440	160	36,4		
23	8.3	56	56	100.0	172	55	32.0		
24	7.9	46	46	100.0	164	59	36.0		





OVERFLOW ANALYSIS

TO

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

PASSAIC RIVER OVERFLOWS

STEWART AVENUE, KEARNY K-001

1976

ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES. INC.
Environmental and Hydraulic Engineers 48 ESSEX STREET MICLOURN MEW MERSEY 0704



STEWART AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER, KEARNY

This overflow chamber serves a tributary area of only 34 acres. The area is provided entirely with combined sewers. The average daily dry weather flow was estimated to be about 0.06 MGD during both dry and wet weather months.

Metering and sampling facilities were installed in this chamber beginning August 6, 1975, and extending through October 24, 1975. During this period of observation, thirteen rainfalls occurred and overflows are estimated to have occurred on eleven occasions. It has been estimated that overflow will occur at this chamber about 60 to 75 times per year, based upon rainfall occurrences of 70 to 90 times per year.

It was found that approximately 0.06 inches per hour of average rainfall intensity was required to cause overflow. The volume of overflow was found to range from 0.1 to 0.4 MG. However, the peak storm water overflow rate has reached 14 MGD.

Sampling of the dry weather sewage at this chamber showed that suspended solids concentrations averaged 255 mg/l and BOD averaged about 271 mg/l. This area is primarily residential in nature.

The sampling of the storm water overflow showed that total suspended solids concentrations averaged 144 mg/l and BOD values averaged only 36 mg/l. The lower wastewater characteristics for BOD are attributed to the dilution effect in this district due to storm flows.



ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

OVERFLOW DATA EXTRACT

STEWART AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER

Kearny

Chamber Location and Description

Overflow Chamber Status:

Active

Overflow to:

Passaic River

Character of District

Served:

entirely residential

Overflow Location (See Plate A):

In westerly side of intersection of Stewart Avenue and Passaic Avenue

District Outlet Sewer (See Plates A and B):

18" diameter VTP sewer

Outfall to River (See Plates A and B):

18" diameter VTP sewer

Outfall Condition:

outfall line clear, but outfall point

covered partially with debris

Tidal Effects:

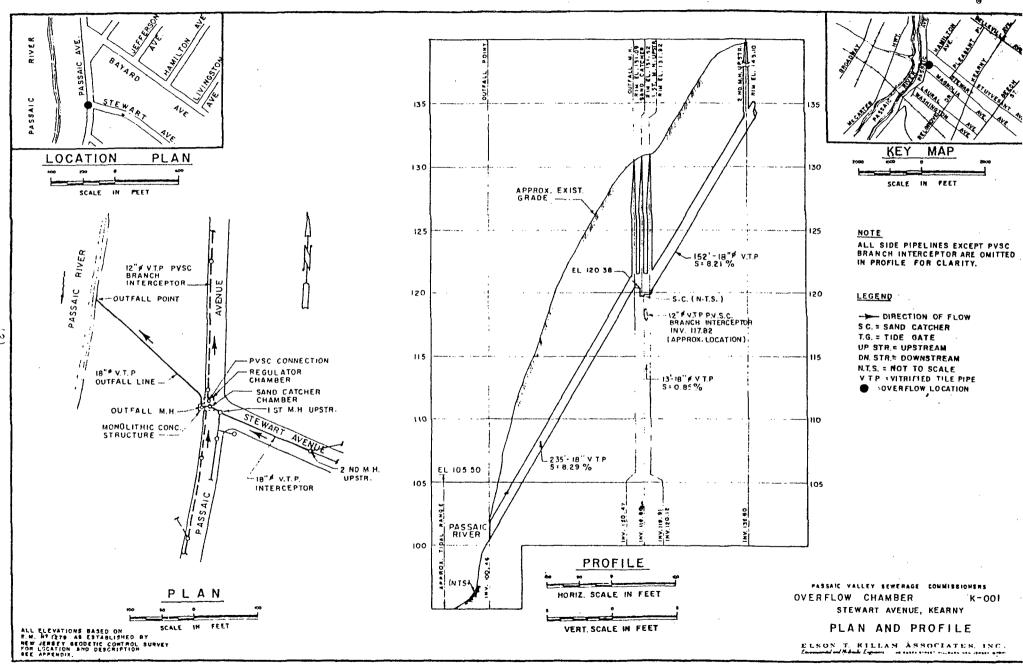
None observed

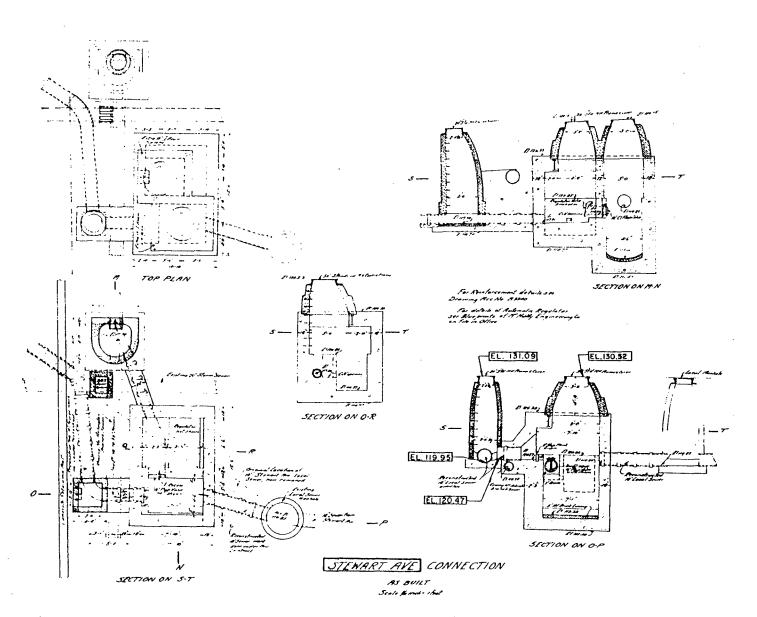
Surcharge Effects:

None evident

Overflow and Regulator Operation (See Plates B and C):

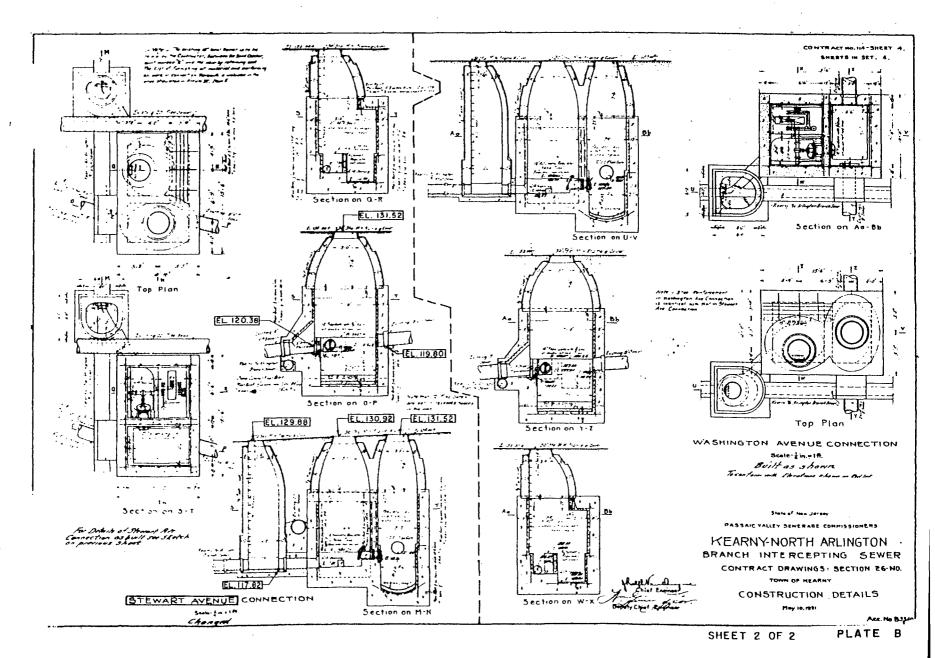
Under normal dry weather flow conditions, the flow is diverted to the PVSC interceptor via the regulator. During periods of rainfall, a portion of the combined flow enters the interceptor, with the balance overflowing the stop logs and being discharged through the outfall line into the Passaic River.



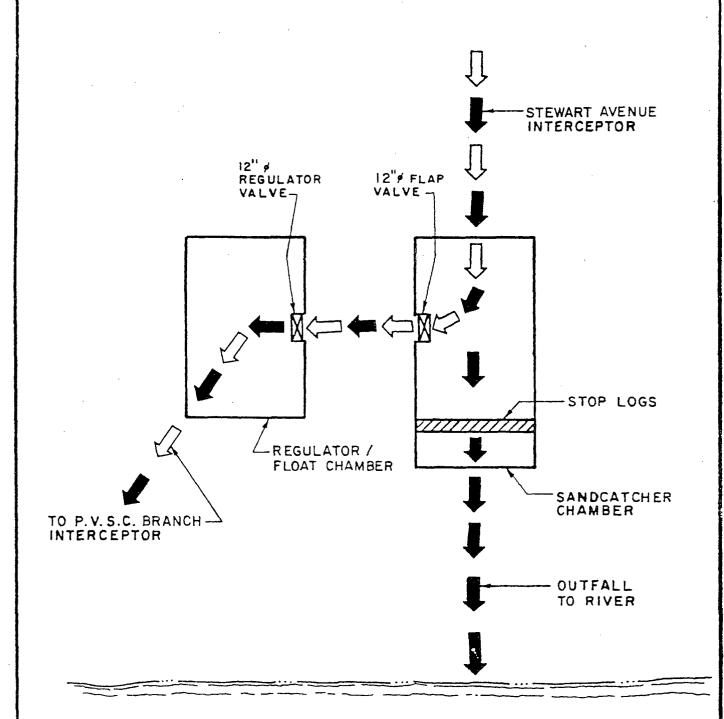


SHEET 1 OF 2 PLATE B









PASSAIC

RIVER

LEGEND

DRY WEATHER FLOW

STORM FLOW/OVERFLOW

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

STEWART AVENUE,

KEARNY

SCHEMATIC

ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES. INC...



RUSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

STEWART AVE. OVERFLOW

K-001 (Cont'd.)

Condition of Regulator:

appears inoperable

Special Actions Required:

none

Overflow Stop Log/Dam

Condition:

no stop logs present; overflow must

reach invert of outfall line

Tide Gate Condition:

none (no tide gate chambers for

this location, due to relative

elevation with respect to river)

Note:

During the investigation, the

Overflow chambers were examined,

verifying information and dimensions

pertinent to this study. The

verified information has been recorded

on Plate B (See boxed annotations).

Area Served and Dry Weather Flow

Combined Area Served (See

Plate D):

0.053 square miles-34 acres

Average Daily Flow

Seasonal Dry Weather:

Seasonal Wet Weather:

0.06 MGD (estimated) 0.06 MGD (estimated)

Estimated Combined Flow to

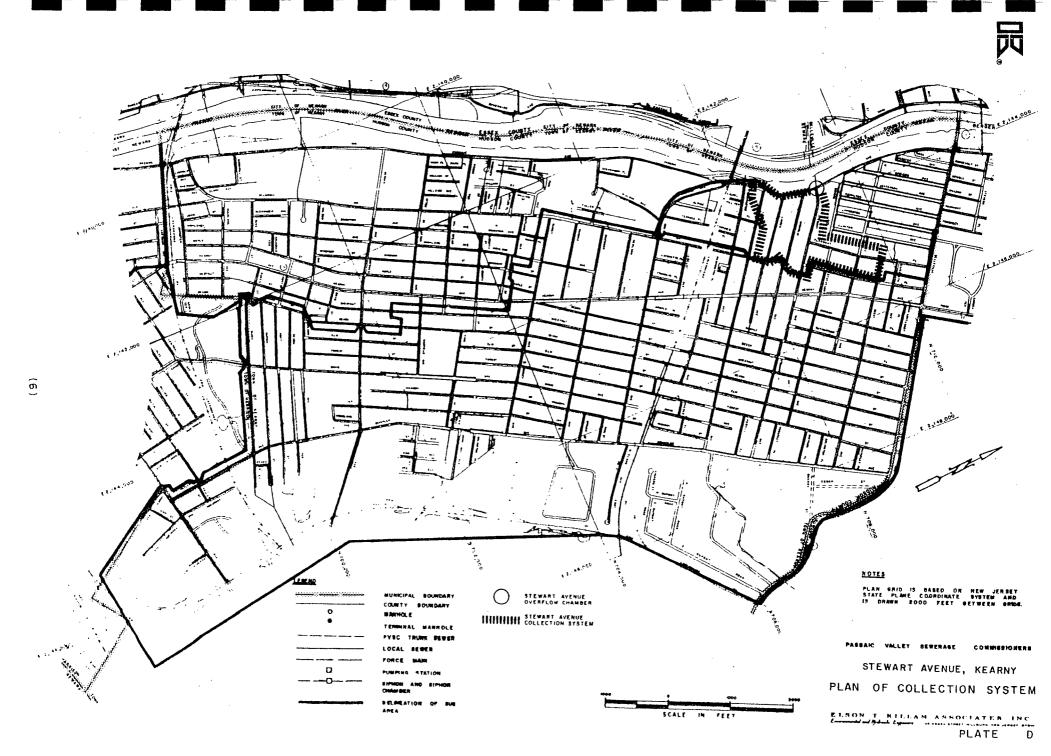
Produce an Overflow:

3.1 MGD

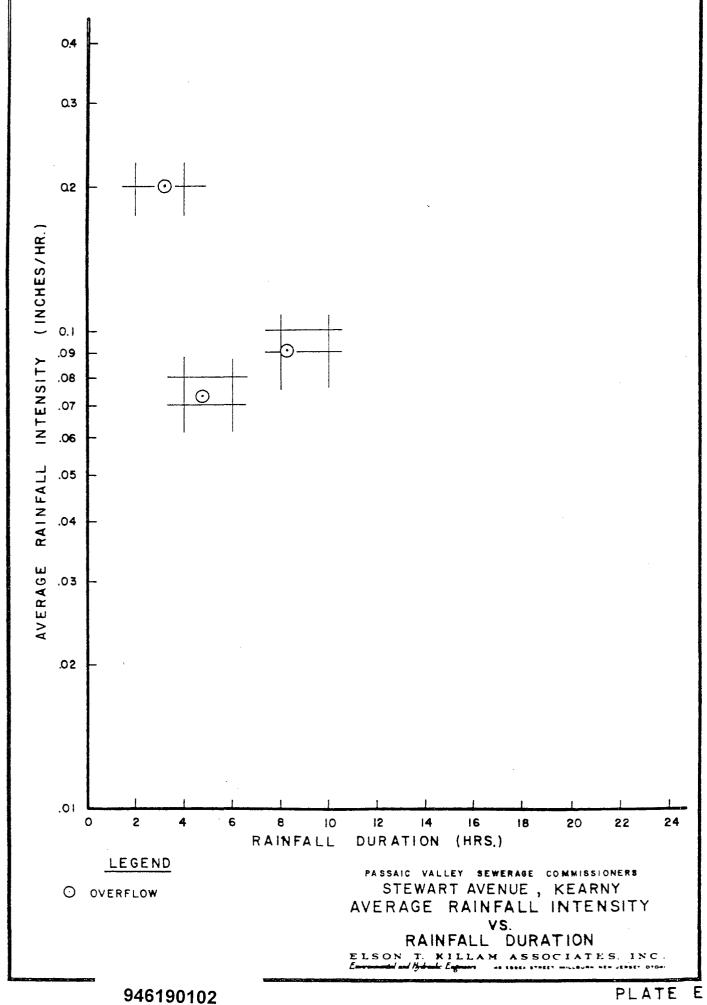
Approximate Length of Combined Sewers Serving

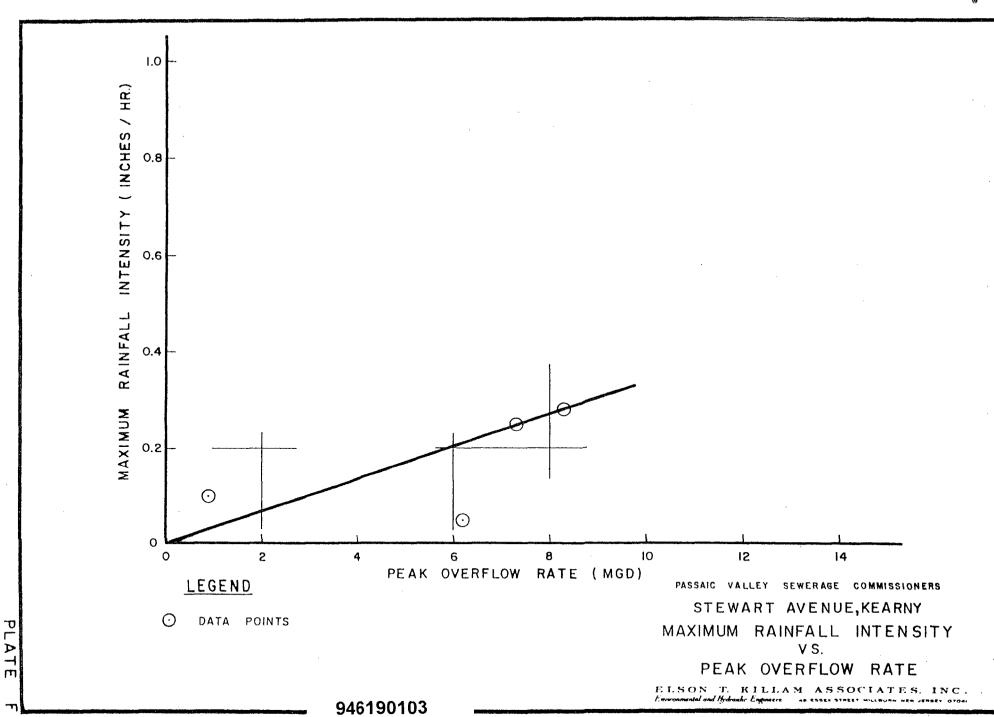
District:

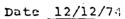
8,300 linear feet











Elson Killam Associates-Infiltration Studies - Set # 12 Stewart Avenue Overflow Chamber, Kearny 017/K-001 2:50 P.M. 12/11/74 to 1:25 P.M. 12/12/74

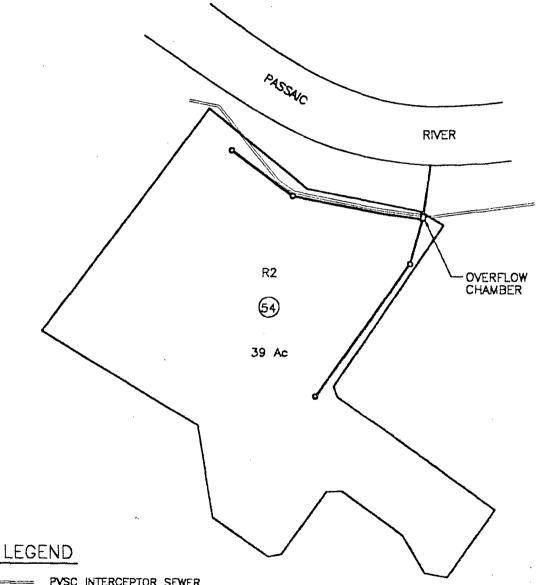
BASELINE

2	1	SA	MP	LE	S_
 _					

	21 5A	MPLES							
Sample						·	T.O.C.		B.O.D/.
# .	PH :	T.S.S.	v.s.s.	%Vol.	C.O.D.	T.O.C.	C.O.D.	B.O.D	C.O.D.
1	8.2	276	152	55.2	400	99	24.8	215	53.7.
		• • • •	224				1		j
2	7.9	228	114	50.0	287	117	40.8	195	68.0.
3	7.9	256	136	53.2	351	120	34.2	237	67.64
4	7.6	314	188	598	606	195	32.2	460	76.0.
5	7.7	232	130	56.1	768	260	33.8	520	67.7.
6	7.7	410	266	65.9	622	220	35.4	372	59.8.
7	8.1	282	154	54.2	291	114	39.3	<u>-</u>	-
8	8.7	234	118	50.4	327	117	35.8	200	61.2.
9	8.6	346	206	59.5	303	90	29.7	210	69.3.
10	8.7	160	40	25.5	311	87	28.0	173	55.7.
11	8.3	150	58	38.7	117	42	35.9		:
12	8.3	140	48	34.3	93	37	39.8	-	
13	8.2	200	98	49.0	65	30	46.2		_
. 14	8.2	132	42	31.8	69	24	34.8	<u></u>	- <
15	8.6	130	38	29.2	101	47	46.6	-	
16	8.6	190	80	42.1	238	78	32.7		- 4
. 17	8.7	380	262	69.0	558	152	27.7	265	47.5.
18	8.1	302	264	87.5	562	136	24.2	110	19.6.
19	ઇ. 0	296	182	61.5	517	148	28.7	265	51,3.
20	8.0	350	230	65.8	452	132	29.3	295	65.4
21	8.0	352	222	63.1	558	144	25.8	-	
							33.6	-	58.7
-									
	(i i	1	

LAND USE	%	ACRES
R3		
R2	100	39
R1		
OPEN SPACE		
INDUSTRIAL		
COMMERCIAL		
TOTAL	100	39





PVSC INTERCEPTOR SEWER
COLLECTOR/OVERFLOW SEWER
LAND USE BOUNDARY
DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY

(15) PERCENT IMPERVIOUS

REGULATOR CHAMBER
R3 RESIDENTIAL (HIGH DENSITY)

R2 RESIDENTIAL (MEDIUM DENSITY)
R1 RESIDENTIAL (LOW DENSITY)
SEPARATE STORM SEWER AREA

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISIONERS NEW JERSEY

COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN DRAINAGE AND LAND USE REPORT STEWART AVENUE OVERFLOW TOWN OF KEARNY

Killam

OVERFLOW ANALYSIS

TO PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

PASSAIC RIVER OVERFLOWS

WASHINGTON AVENUE, KEARNY K-982

1976

ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES. INC Environmental and Hydraulic Engineers 48 ESSEX STREET INLLBURN NEW MERSEY 07041



WASHINGTON AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER, KEARNY

The Washington Avenue overflow chamber serves a tributary area of about 37 acres, all of which are provided with a combined sewer system. The estimated dry weather flow was found to range from about 0.06 to 0.07 MGD during dry and wet weather months, respectively.

Under storm flow conditions in the collection system, it was found that this overflow was activated with essentially rainfalls of intermediate intensity.

Metering and sampling facilities were installed and maintained in this chamber commencing on June 5, 1975, and continuing through August 7, 1975. During this period of time, sixteen rainfall occurrences were observed. The total rainfall ranged from as little as 0.10 inches to as much as 2.55 inches. During this period of observation (which happened to fall at a time of especially heavy rainfalls), it was determined that fifteen overflows occurred at this chamber. It was found that, when the average rainfall intensity approached or exceeded about 0.07 to 0.09 inches per hour, overflow was likely to occur.

It was observed that the volumetric overflow was minimal, ranging from a negligible amount to about 0.1 MG. Peak overflow rates were found to reach 5 MGD.

The results of sampling during non-rainfall conditions showed total suspended solids concentrations averaging about 122 mg/l, while BOD concentrations averaged over 300 mg/l. Sampling during times of storm flow indicated that total suspended solids averaged about 314 mg/l and BOD concentrations averaged about 68 mg/l. The higher total suspended solids



ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

values during storm flow were indicative of concentrated pollution due to the flushing action, which is typical of the sewage in combined sewer systems. The lower BOD concentrations during storm flow are attributed to the dilution effect of the increased flow.



ELSON T. EILLAN ASSOCIATES, INC.

OVERFLOW DATA EXTRACT

WASHINGTON AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER

KEARNY

Chamber Location and Description

Overflow Chamber Status:

Active

Overflow to:

Passaic River

Character of District

Served:

entirely residential

Overflow Location (See Plate A):

in westerly side of intersection of Washington Avenue and Passaic

Avenue

District Outlet Sewer (See Plates A and B):

18" diameter VTP sewer

Outfall to River (See Plates A and B):

18" diameter VTP sewer

Outfall Condition:

clear and functioning

Tidal Effects:

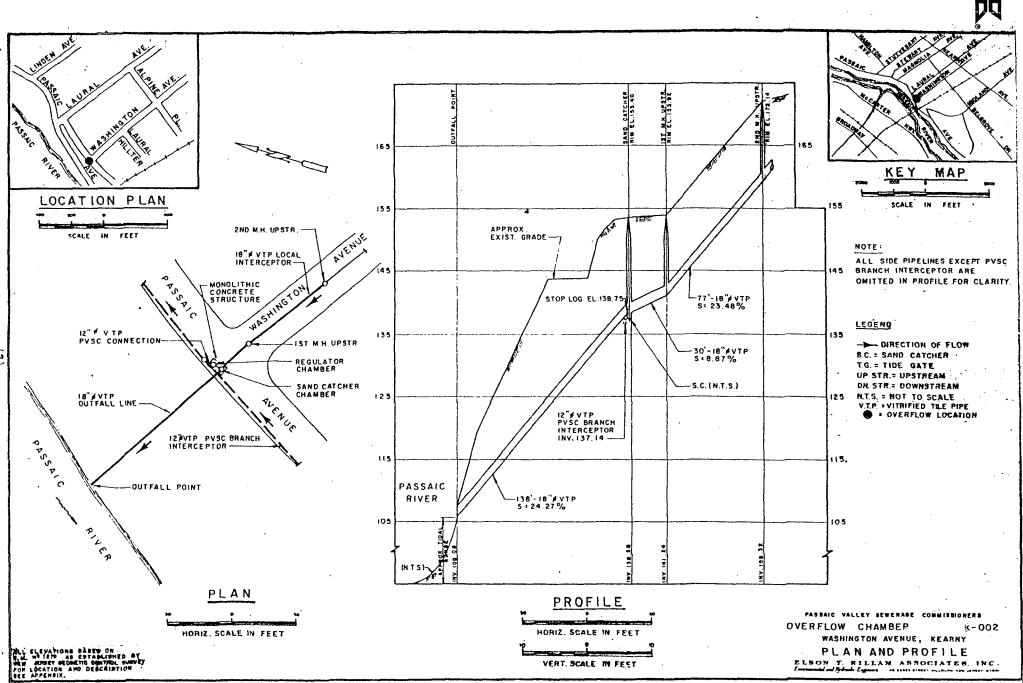
none observed

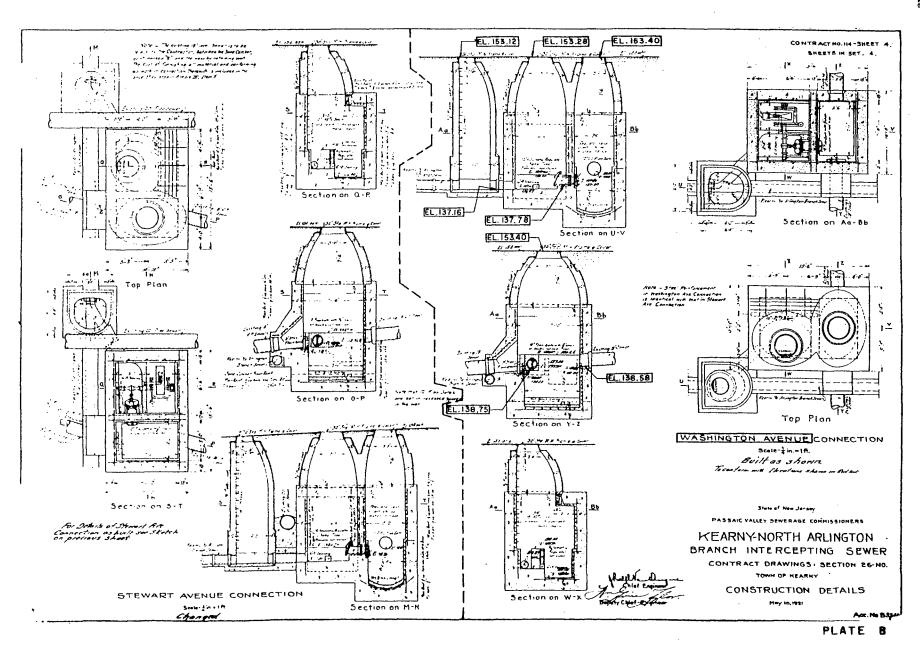
Surcharge Effects:

none evident

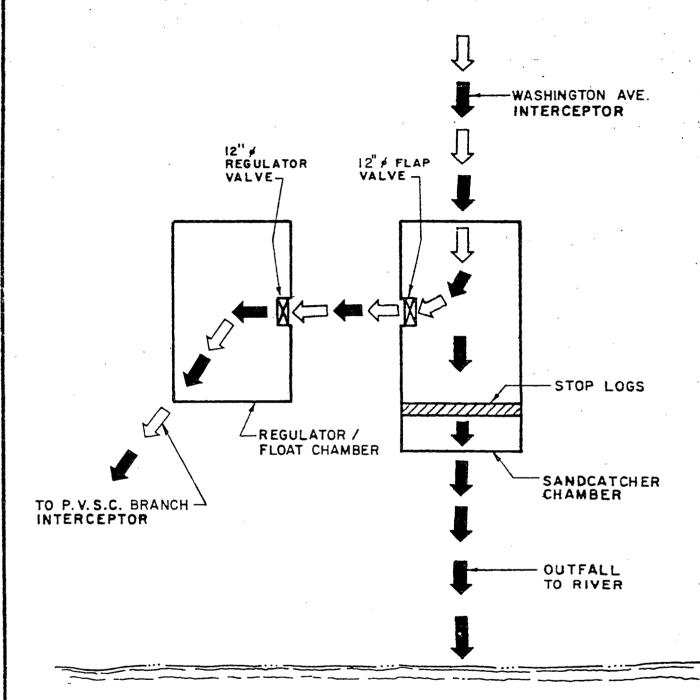
Overflow and Regulator Operation (See Plates B and C):

Under normal dry weather flow conditions, the flow is diverted to the PVSC interceptor via the regulator. During periods of rainfall, a portion of the combined flow enters the interceptor, with the balance overflowing the stop logs and being discharged through the outfall line into the Passaic River.





IK.



PASSAIC

RIVER

LEGEND

DRY WEATHER FLOW

STORM FLOW / OVERFLOW

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

WASHINGTON AVENUE, KEARNY

SCHEMATIC

ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.



KLSON T. BILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

WASHINGTON AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER

K-002 (Cont'd.)

Condition of Regulator:

Appears inoperable

Special Actions Required:

none

Overflow Stop Log/Dam

Condition:

stop logs located at downstream end of sand catcher ahead of opening to outfall line

Tide Gate Condition:

none (no tide gate chambers for this location)

Note:

During the investigation, the Overflow chambers were examined, verifying information and dimensions pertinent to this study. The verified information has been recorded on Plate B (See boxed annotations).

Area Served and Dry Weather Flow

Combined Area Served (See Plate D):

0.058 square miles-37 acres

Average Daily Flow

Seasonal Dry Weather: Seasonal Wet Weather: 0.06 MGD (estimated) 0.07 MGD (estimated)

Estimated Combined Flow to Produce an Overflow:

1.8 MGD

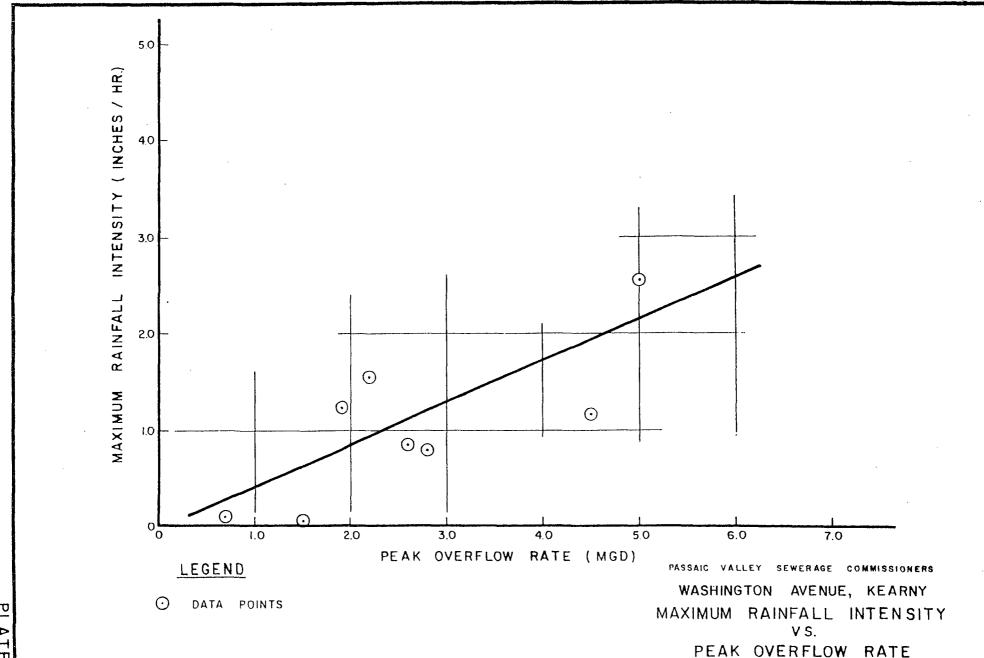
Approximate Length of Combined Sewers Serving District:

4000 linear feet

946190114

IK. 0.4 \odot_{\odot} 0.3 0 0 Q2 (INCHES/HR.) \odot 0.1 \odot .09 INTENSITY .08 .07 .06 RAINFALL .05 .04 AVERAGE .03 .02 10. 2 12 20 24 8 10 14 16 18 22 RAINFALL DURATION (HRS.) LEGEND PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS WASHINGTON AVENUE, KEARNY O OVERFLOW AVERAGE RAINFALL INTENSITY VS. RAINFALL DURATION 946190115







PVSC Reference # H-232

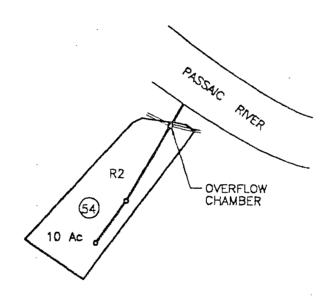
Date: 8/21/75

Elson T. Killam Associates - Infiltration Studies Washington Avenue, Kearny - Sandcatcher 13:13 - 8/13/75 to 13:13 - 8/14/75

Chamber #018/K-002 Sampler #359 Set #29

	24 57	AMPLES			4	·	,	ASELINE.		
SAMPLE	pН	TSS	VSS	%Vol.	COD	TOC	TOC CUD%	BOD	BOD COD%	
1	7.4	124	90	72.5	436	128	29.3	413	94.8	
2	7.4	74	60	81.1	351	112	31.9	236	67.2	
3	7,2	64	60	93.8	335	104	31.1	237	70.8	
4	. 7.2	70	60	85.7	360	120_	33.3	210	58 3	
5	7.3	76	66	86.8	444	132	29.7	300	67.6	
6	7.2	72	64	89.0	408	128	31.4	270	66.2	
7	7.0	74	52	83.9	448	132	29.5	245	54.7	
8	7.0	76_	58	76.3	416	156	37.5	285	68.5	
9	7.0	70	60	85.7	412	144	35.0	325	79.0	
10	7.1	56	60	91.0	404	140	34.7	275	67.6	
11	6 .9	56	56	100.0	408	128	26.7	275	67.0	
12	7.1	60	50	83.3	388	124	32.0	225	58.0	
13	7.0	58	48	82.9	384	125	32.6	264	68.7	
14	7.0	42	42	100.0	396	120	30.3	261	66.0	
15	7.0	64	58	90.7	380	120	31.6	200_	52.7	
16	7.1	62	48	77.4	412	130	31.6	325	79.0	
17	7.1	90	80	88.9	400	125	29.0	350	87.5	
18	7.0	84	64	76.3	432	135	31.3		_	
19	6.9	62	62	100.0	388	135	34.8	213	54.9	
20	7.0	68	68	100.0	396	145	36,6	252	63.7	
21	6.9	80	74	92.5	400	115	28.8			
22	6.9	88	88	100.0	457	135	29.5	400	87.5	
23	6,9	90	68	75.6	440	140	31.8	250	56.9	
24	6.8	1262	1060	84.0	1709	480	26.8	1350	78.9	
							31.5		68.9	

LAND USE	%	ACRES
R3		
R2	100	10
R1		
OPEN SPACE		
INDUSTRIAL		
COMMERCIAL		
TOTAL	100	10



LEGEND

PVSC INTERCEPTOR SEWER
COLLECTOR/OVERFLOW SEWER
LAND USE BOUNDARY
DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY

15) PERCENT IMPERVIOUS

REGULATOR CHAMBER
R3 RESIDENTIAL (HIGH DENSITY)
R2 RESIDENTIAL (MEDIUM DENSITY)
R1 RESIDENTIAL (LOW DENSITY)
SEPARATE STORM SEWER AREA

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISIONERS
NEW JERSEY
COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW

POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN
DRAINAGE AND LAND USE REPORT
WASHINGTON STREET OVERFLOW

TOWN OF KEARNY



FIGURE K-002



OVERFLOW ANALYSIS

TO

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

PASSAIC RIVER OVERFLOWS

BERGEN AVENUE, KEARNY K-003

1976

ELSON T KILLAM ASSOCIATES INC Environmental and Hydraulic Engineers AN ESSEL STREET WILLDUMN NEW ARREST STREET



BERGEN AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER, KEARNY

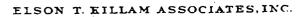
This overflow chamber serves a tributary area of only about 12 acres. It is estimated that only about ten percent of this system is served by combined sewers. The dry weather flow is negligible, being estimated to be about 50,000 gallons per day (gpd). This overflow is located at the westerly end of Bergen Avenue at the Passaic River.

Facilities for metering and sampling the waste were operative from April 24, 1975 through May 7, 1975. During this period of observation, rainfall occurred on eight occasions, during which six overflows were estimated to have occurred. It has been estimated that overflows will occur at this chamber from 50 to 65 times per year when the rainfall occurrences range from 70 to 90 times per year. It was found that an average rainfall intensity of about 0.05 to 0.07 inches per hour caused overflow.

The overflow volume is negligible, having been found to be about 0.1 MG during the worst storm recorded during the period. The peak overflow rate was determined to be 2.4 MGD, coincidentally, when 0.1 MG overflow volume was recorded.

Sampling of the waste reflected an extremely dilute sewage, both under dry weather flow conditions and during overflow conditions. These low concentrations are attributed to the extremely high infiltration which occurs in this system, dispite the fact that only about ten percent of the system has combined sewers.

Sampling of the flow under dry weather conditions indicated a BOD concentration of 18 mg/l. Sampling of the flow during storm overflow conditions indicated a BOD average value of about 16 mg/l.



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The sanitary line which discharges into the chamber serves a vacant industrial complex. Whatever flow that discharges here is suspected of being either infiltration or inflow, which should be located and eliminated. This overflow, in turn, may then be eliminated.

OVERFLOW DATA EXTRACT

BERGEN AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER

KEARNY

Chamber Location and Description

Overflow Chamber Status:

Active

Overflow to:

Passaic River

Character of District

Served:

primarily residential with some

industrial flow

Overflow Location (See Plate A):

in west side of Passaic Avenue about 500 ft. south of intersection of Bergen

Avenue and Passaic Avenue

District Outlet Sewer * (See Plates A and B):

24" diameter VTP sewer

Outfall to River (See * Plates A and B):

24" diameter VTP sewer

Outfall Condition:

clear and functioning

Tidal Effects:

none observed

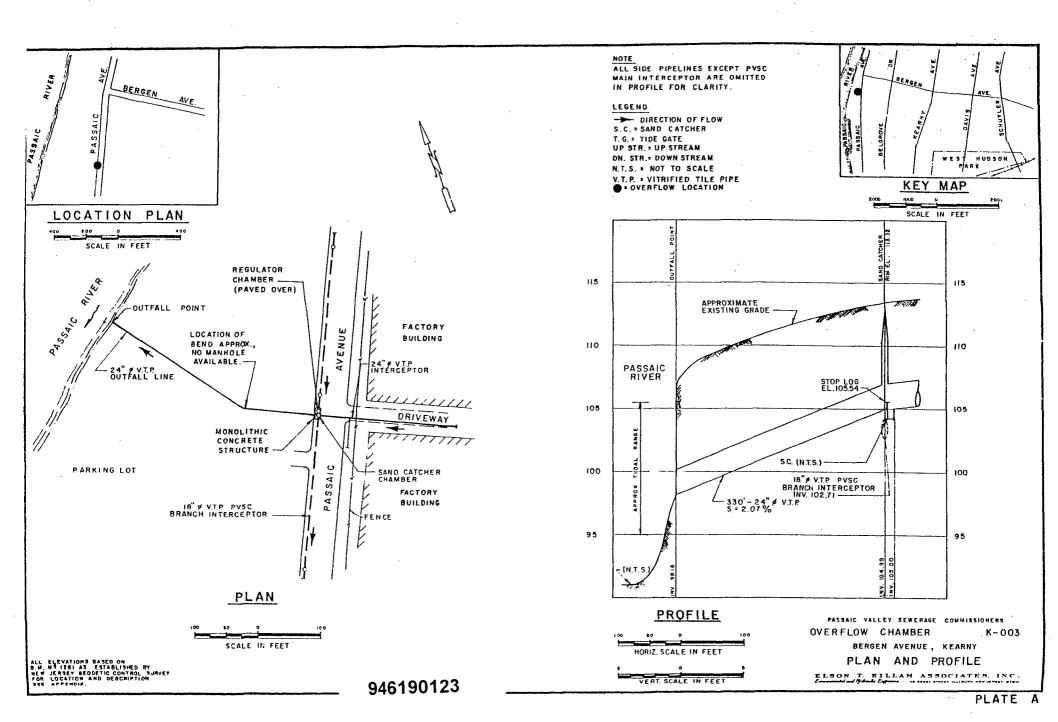
Surcharge Effects:

none evident

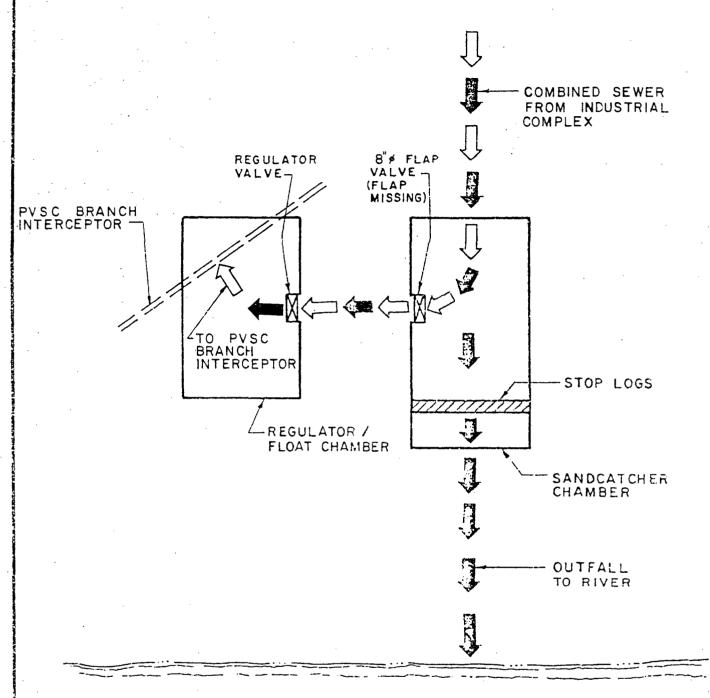
Overflow and Regulator Operation (See Plates * B and C):

Under normal dry weather flow conditions, the flow is diverted to the PVSC interceptor via the regulator. During periods of rainfall, a portion of the combined flow enters the interceptor, with the balance overflowing the stop logs and being discharged through the outfall line into the Passaic River.

* Note: Plate B unavailable through PVSC.







PASSAIC

RIVER

LEGEND

DRY WEATHER FLOW

STORM FLOW / OVERFLOW

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

BERGEN AVENUE, KEARNY

SCHEMATIC (019/K-003)

LISON E RILLAM ASSOCIATES INC.



ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

BERGEN AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER

K-003 (Cont'd.)

Condition of Regulator:

unknown-access manhole cover is paved

over

Special Actions Required:

none

Overflow Stop Log/Dam

Condition:

stop logs located downstream in sand catcher just before opening to outfall

line

Tide Gate Condition:

no tide gate chambers at this location

Note:

During the investigation, the Overflow chambers were examined, verifying information and dimensions pertinent to this study. The verified information has been recorded on Plate B (See boxed annotations). Plate B unavailable.

Area Served and Dry Weather Flow

Combined Area Served (See Plate D):

0.019 square miles-12 acres

Average Daily Flow

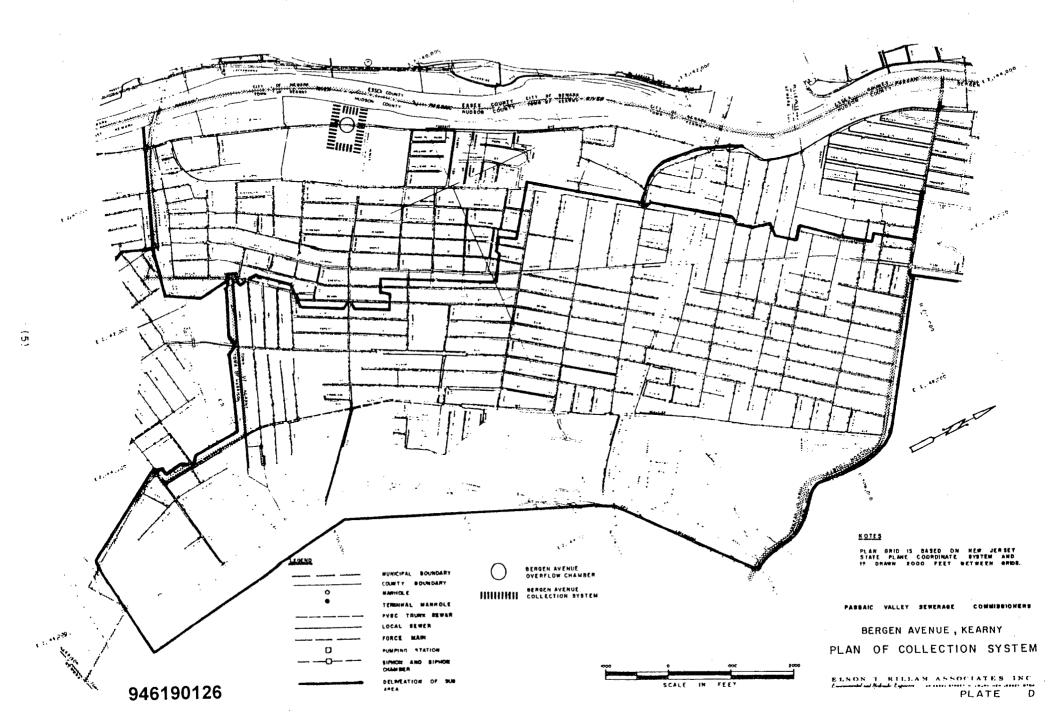
Seasonal Dry Weather: Seasonal Wet Weather: 0.05 MGD (estimated)
0.06 MGD (estimated)

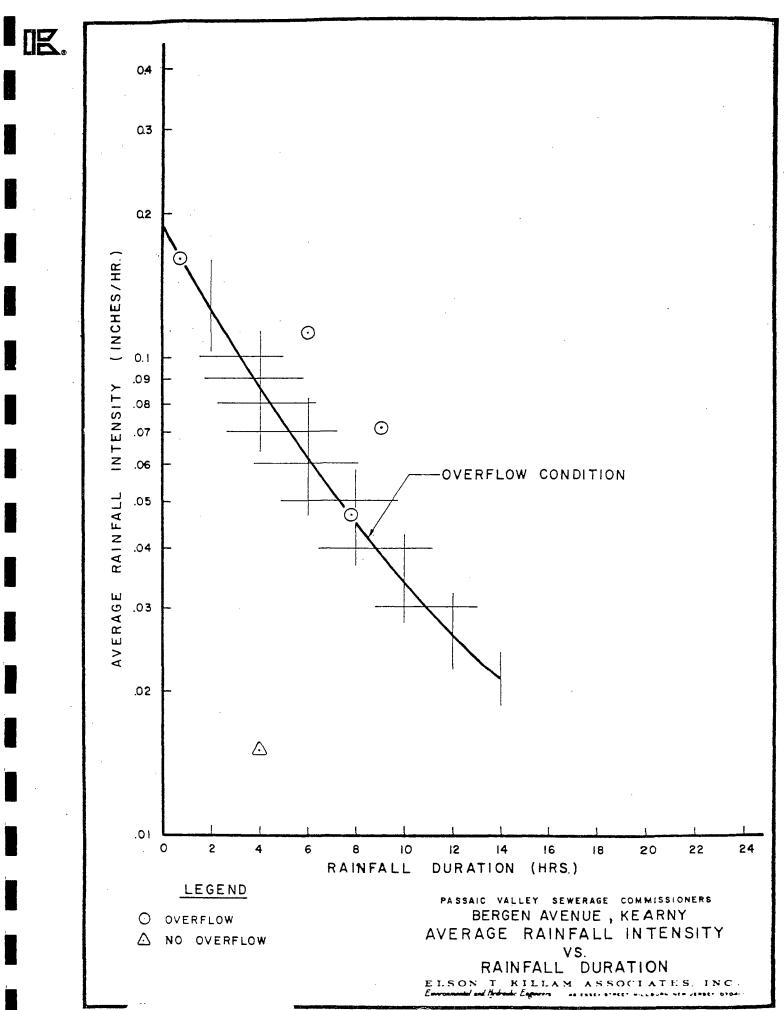
Estimated Combined Flow to Produce an Overflow:

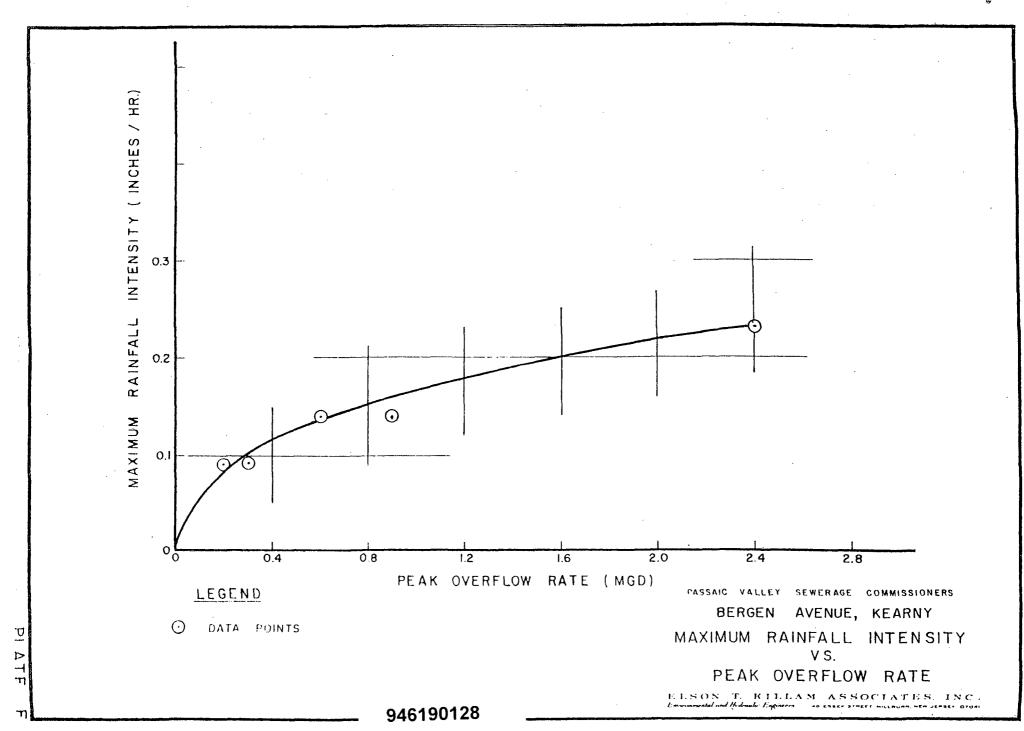
0.90 MGD

Approximate Length of Combined Sewers Serving District:

1,000 linear feet









D-174 PVSC Reference #

4/17/75 Date:

Elson T. Killam Associates - Infiltration Studies Bergen Avenue Overflow Chamber, Kearny - Sandcatcher . Chamber # 019/K-003 1505 - 4/1/75 to 1205 - 4/2/75

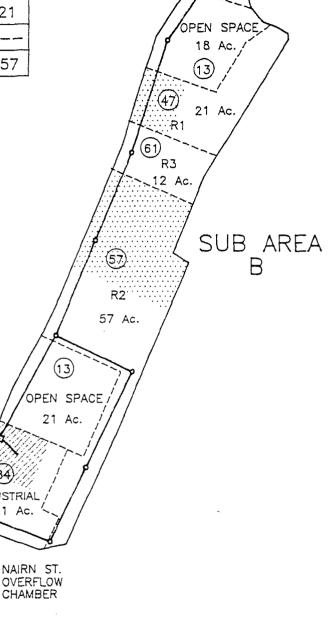
Sampler # 394 Set #37

BASELINE

	24 SA	MPLES		·						
SAMPLE	рH	TSS	VS S	%Vol.	COD	TOC	TOC COD%	BOD	BOD CUU%	
1	-	110	110	100.0	85	13	15.3	75	88.3	
2	8.1	0	_	_	40	9	22.5		_	
3	8.2	0	<u> </u>		53	-15	28.3	~	_	
4	8.3		·		32	10	31.2			
5 :	8.5	0	-		36	7	19.4	25	69.5	
6	8.5	. 0	_	-	20	6	30.0	11	55.0	
7	8.6	0	-		32	7	21.9	15	45.9	
8 .	8.6	0	_	<u> </u>	28	6	21.4	16	57.2	·
9	8.5	0	· <u>-</u> ·	<u> </u>	24	6	25.0	9	37.5	
10	8.4	0	-		28	5	17.8	11	39.3	
11	8.4	0	-		20	5	25.0	11	55.0	
12	8.4	0	_		24	5	20.8	16	66.7	<u> </u>
13	8.7	.0	-	_	20	7	35.0	10	50.0	
14	.8.5	0	_		20	5	25.0	11	55.0	
15	8.4	0	_	<u> </u>	16	6	37.5	14	87.4	
. 16	8.6	0	- .	<u> -</u>	16	6	37.5	10	62.5	
17	8.7	0	- ·	_	24	6	25.0	14	58.3	
18	8,7	0		_	24	6	25.0	9	37.5	
19	8.6	0	-	_	28	6	21.4	15	53.5	
20	8.4	0			36	8	22.2	11	30.6	
21	8.5	0			40	9	22.5	34	85.0	
<u>22</u>		0	-		57	15	26.4			
		ļ					25.3		57.5	
		1								

LAND USE	%	ACRES
R3	8	12
R2	36	57
R1	18	28
OPEN SPACE	25	39
INDUSTRIAL	13	21
COMMERCIAL		
TOTAL	100	157





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LEGEND

PVSC INTERCEPTOR SEWER
COLLECTOR/OVERFLOW SEWER
LAND USE BOUNDARY
DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY

BERGEN AVE. OVERFLOW — BASE FLOW TRIBUTARY TO NAIRN ST. REGULATOR

RIVER

PASSAIC

(15) PERCENT IMPERVIOUS

REGULATOR CHAMBER

R3 RESIDENTIAL (HIGH DENSITY)

R2 RESIDENTIAL (MEDIUM DENSITY)

R1 RESIDENTIAL (LOW DENSITY)

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISIONERS
NEW JERSEY

COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN DRAINAGE AND LAND USE REPORT

NAIRN STREET OVERFLOW TOWN OF KEARNY





OVERFLOW ANALYSIS

TO

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

PASSAIC RIVER OVERFLOWS

NAIRN AVENUE, KEARNY K-004

1976

ELSON T KILLAM ASSOCIATES INC



NAIRN AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER, KEARNY

This overflow chamber serves a tributary area of 176 acres. The area is provided entirely with combined sewers. The average daily dry weather flow is estimated to be about 0.54 MGD during dry weather months, and 0.69 MGD during wet weather months.

Metering and sampling facilities were in service in this chamber beginning on June 5, 1975 and extending through August 7, 1975. During this period of observation, 17 rainfalls occurred and overflows are estimated to have occurred on 15 occasions. It has been estimated that overflow will occur about 60 to 80 times per year based upon rainfall occurrences of 70 to 90 times per year.

It was found that approximately 0.09 inches per hour of rain was required to cause overflow. The volume of overflow was found to be very little, namely, about 0.1 MG, and the peak stormwater overflow rate was measured at only 2.6 MGD.

Sampling of the dry weather sewage at this chamber indicated a very dilute waste, with a suspended solids average of 58 mg/l and BOD values averaging about 78 mg/l. The sampling of the stormwater overflow was likewise found to be fairly dilute, with a suspended solids concentration of only 93 mg/l and a BOD of about 61 mg/l, based on average values.

These very low wastewater characteristics are attributed to high dilution in this district due to storm flows and infiltration.



ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

OVERFLOW DATA EXTRACT

NAIRN AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER

KEARNY

Chamber Location and Description

Overflow Chamber Status:

Active

Overflow to:

Passaic River

Character of District

Served:

primarily residential with some

industrial flow

Overflow Location (See Plate A):

in west side of Passaic Avenue about 1000 ft. north of intersection of Passaic

Avenue and Marshall Street

District Outlet Sewer (See Plates A and B):

8" and 18" diameter VTP sewers

Outfall to River (See Plates A and B):

12" diameter VTP sewer

Outfall Condition:

clear and functioning

Tidal Effects:

none observed

Surcharge Effects:

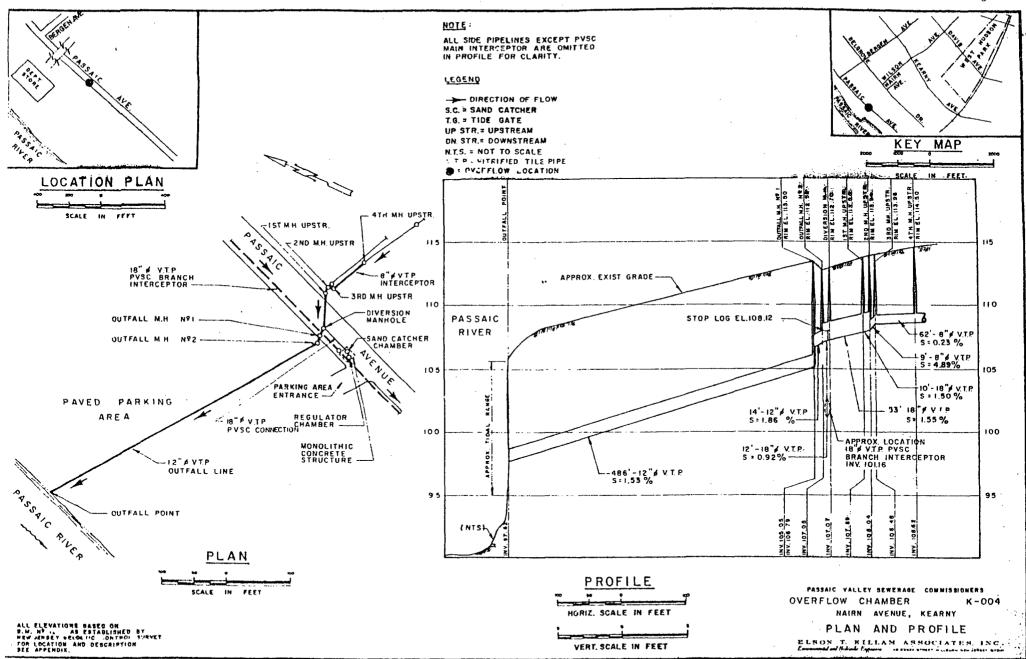
surcharge observed at times due to

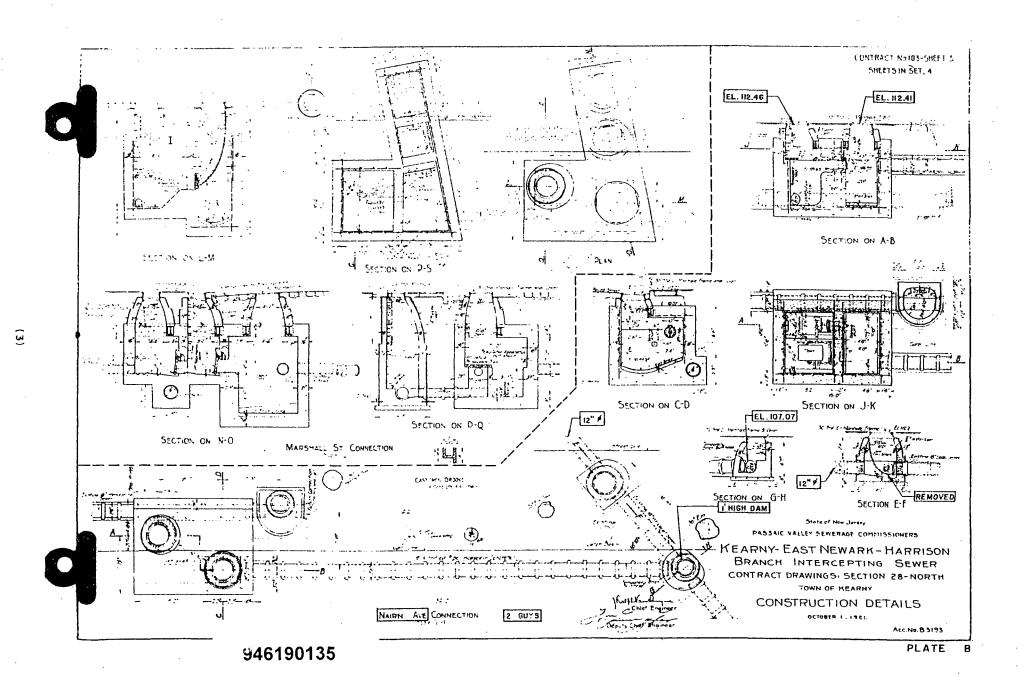
capacity limitations

Overflow and Regulator Operation (See Plates B and C):

Under normal dry weather flow conditions, the flow is diverted to the PVSC interceptor via the regulator. During periods of rainfall, a portion of the combined flow enters the interceptor, with the balance overflowing the stop logs and being discharged through the outfall line into the Passaic River.







LOCAL INTERCEPTOR DIVERSON CHAMBER STOP LOGS SANDCATCHER (BRICK CHAMBER-REGULATOR / BULKHEAD) FLOAT CHAMBER TO PVSC BRANCH INTERCEPTOR -PVSC BRANCH INTERCEPTOR 12" FLAP-VALVE (FLAP MISSING) TIDE GATE -12" ¢ CHAMBER-REGULATOR VALVE OUTFALL TO RIVER PASSAIC RIVER LEGEND DRY WEATHER FLOW PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS STORM FLOW / OVERFLOW NAIRN AVENUE, KEARNY SCHEMATIC ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC. 946190136

(4)



ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

NAIRN AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER	K-004 (Cont'd.)
Condition of Regulator:	appears inoperable

Special Actions Required:

none

Overflow Stop Log/Dam Condition:

brick and cement dam located in diversion manhole

Tide Gate Condition:

no tide gate chambers present at this location

Note:

During the investigation, the Overflow chambers were examined, verifying information and dimensions pertinent to this study. The verified information has been recorded on Plate B (See boxed annotations).

Area Served and Dry Weather Flow

Combined Area Served (See Plate D):

0.275 square miles-176 acres

Average Daily Flow
Seasonal Dry Weather:
Seasonal Wet Weather:

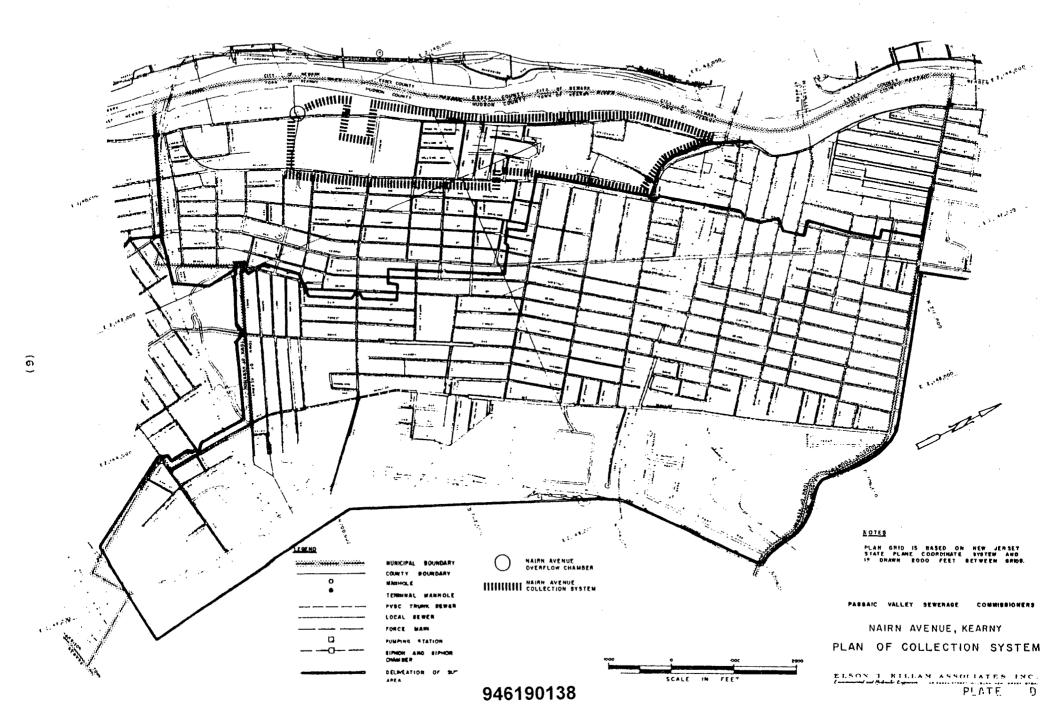
0.54 MGD (estimated) 0.69 MGD (estimated)

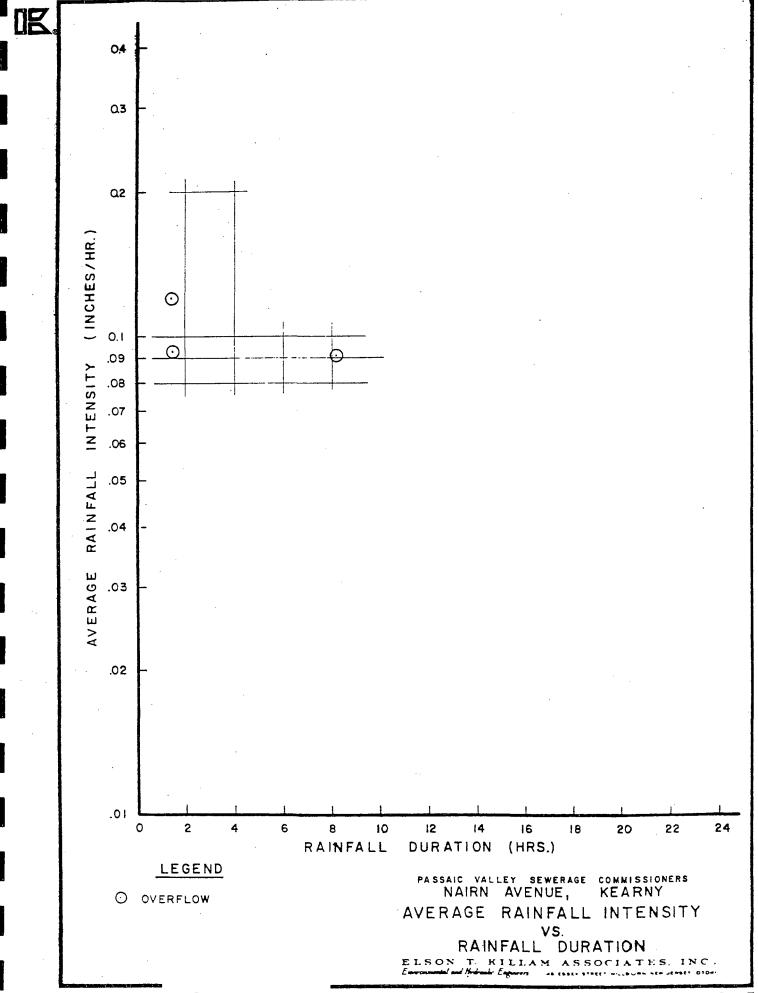
Estimated Combined Flow to Produce an Overflow:

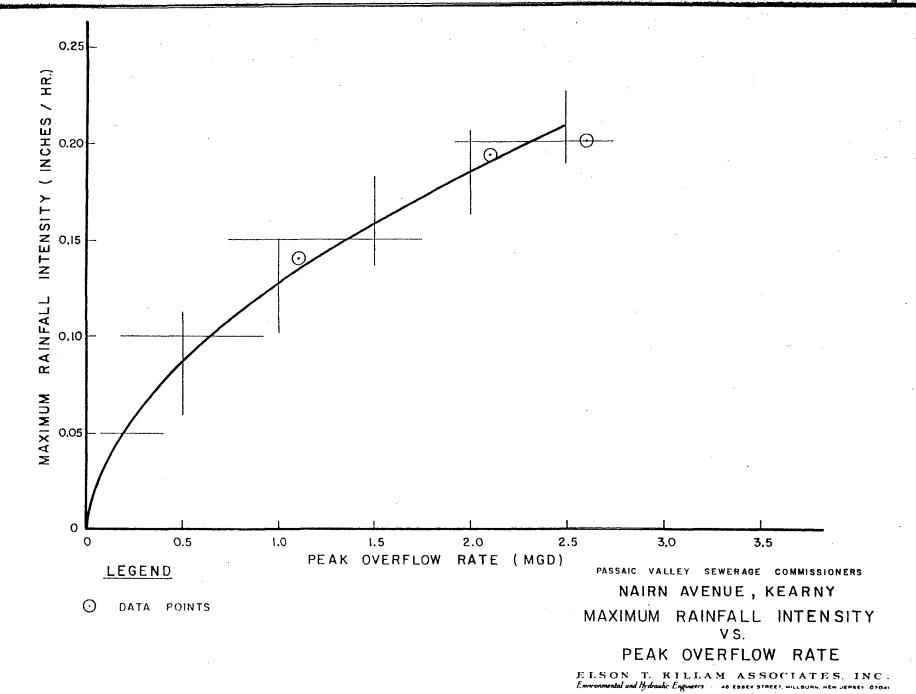
3.2 MGD

Approximate Length of Combined Sewers Serving District:

24,600 linear feet









PVSC	Reference	iŧ	H-235
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Date: 8/21/75

Elson T. Killam Associates - Infiltration Studies Nairn Avenue, Kearny - Dam Manhole 15:45 - 8/12/75 to 15:45 - 8/13/75 Chamber #020/K-004 Sampler # 397 Set # 107

<u> </u>	24	SAMPLES		····				SELINE	·	
SAMPLE	Hq	TSS	. VSS	%Vol.	COD	TOC	TOC COD%	BOD	BOD CUU%	
1	7.2	60	38	63.3	184	63	34.2	70	38.0	
2	7.3	. 74	44	· 59.4	116	36	31.0	76	21.1	
3	7.3	54	42	7 7,8	104	33	31.7	73	70.2	
4	7.3	46	20	43.5	188	33	17.5	75	39.9	
5	7.2	56	46	82.2	100	48	48.0	70	70.0	
6	7.1	100	92	92.0	248	78	31.4	201	81.1	
7	7.1	76	52 -	68.4	140	63	45.0	102	72.8	
8	7.2	48	34	70.8	96	28	29.2	84	87.5	
9	7.3	52	42	80.8	68	24	35.3	45	66.2	٤
10	7.4	36	28	77.8	76_	24	31.6	45	59.3	
11	7,5	42	34	81.0	40	16	40.0	-	_	
12	7.5	42	30	71.5	32	14	43.8	24	75.0	
13	7.5	14	14	100.0	28	10	35.7	14	50.0	
14	7.6	32	32	100.0	24	9	37.5	18	75.0	
15	7 - 7	16	16	100.0	32	8	25.0	20	62.5	
16	7.7	36	28	77.8	20	12	60.0	18	90.0	
17	8.0	56	3 6	64.3	32	11	34.4	25	78.2	
18	7.7	48	44	917.7	36	13	36.1	27	75.0	
19	7.4	110	62	53.8	92	31	33.7	69	75.0	
20	7.3	102	78	76.4	120	44	36.6	-	-	
21	7.3	78	68	87.2	740	230	31.1	458	62.0	
22	7.3	52	42	80.8	124	42	33.9	78	62.8	
23	7.5	66	64	97.0	116	36	31.0	63	54.2	
24	7.4	86	. 80	93.1	148	42	28.4	51	34.4	
						l .	35.1		60.9	



P.V.S.C. Reference # L-50

Date 12/12/74

Elson Killam Associates-Infiltration Studies - Set #1 Nairn Place, Kearny 020/K - 004 1:30 P.M. 12/10/74 to 1:55 P.M. 12/11/74

	24 SA	MPLES			,			eline	
Sample				0/77-7		m o c	T.O.C.		B.O.D/.
#	рН :	T.S.S.	v.s.s.	%Vol	C.O.D.	T.O.C.	C.O.D.	B.O.D	C.O.D.
1	7.8	96	86	89.6	484	132	27.3	287	59.4
2	7.9	22	22	100.0	180	51	28.3	103	57.2
3	7.9	21	. 21	100.0	136	45	33.1	93	68.3
4	7.9	20	20	100.0	240	68	28.3	145	60.4
. 5	8.0	20	20	100.0	168	48	28.6	113	61.3
6	7.9	· 26	26	100.0	252	60	23.8	128	50.8
7	7.9	16	16	100.0	224	51	22.8	163	72.8
8	7.8	14	14	100.0	104	42	40.4	-	_
9	7.9	10	10	100.0	100	39	39.0	~	_
10	7.9	16	16	100.0	128	39	30.5	_	_
11	7.9	10	10	100.0	92	33	35.9	-	-
12	7.9	13	13	100.0	40	18	45.0	-	_
13_	8.1	8	8	100.0	44	15	34.1	-	_
14	8.0	8	8	100.0	36	17	47.2	-	_
15	.8.2	11	11	100.0	28	15	53.6	-	
16	8.0	10	10	100.0	32	17	53.1	-	
. 17	8.0	16	16	100.0	64	18	28.1	-	
. 18	7.9	18	18	100.0	120	39	32.5	_	-
19	7.9	50	50	100.0	204	66	32.4	ł	_
20	7.9	52	52	100.0	224	63	28,1	1	~
21	7.6	40	40	100.0	252	66	26.2	155	65.0
22	7.7	54	54	100.0	260	66	25.4	_	_

P.V.S.C. Reference # L-50

Date 12/10/74

Elson Killam Associates-Infiltration Studies - Set #1
Nairn Place, Kearny 020/K - 004
1:30 P.M. 12/10/74 to 1:55 P.M. 12/11/74

H	24 SAM	IPLES	,	·	Y	γ	BASELIN		
Sample #	: Hq	T.S.S.	v.s.s.	%Vol.	c.o.b.	T.O.C.	T.O.C.		3.0.D/ C.O.D.
23	7.6	24	24	100.0	324	102	31.5	187	57.7
24	7.9	40	40	100.0	264	75	28.4	152	57.6 -
	}					Average	33.5		61.1
<u>·</u>									
:									
		·							
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PVSC	Reference	#	F-215	
4 V U	TICE OF CITOO	"		

Date: 6-16-75

Elson T. Killam Associates - Infiltration Studies Nairn Avenue, Kearny - Diversion Manhole 1405 - 6-11-75 to 1410 6-12-75

Sampler No. 354 Set No. 16 Chamber No. 020/K-004

'Rainfall of 6/11/75 - 6/12/75

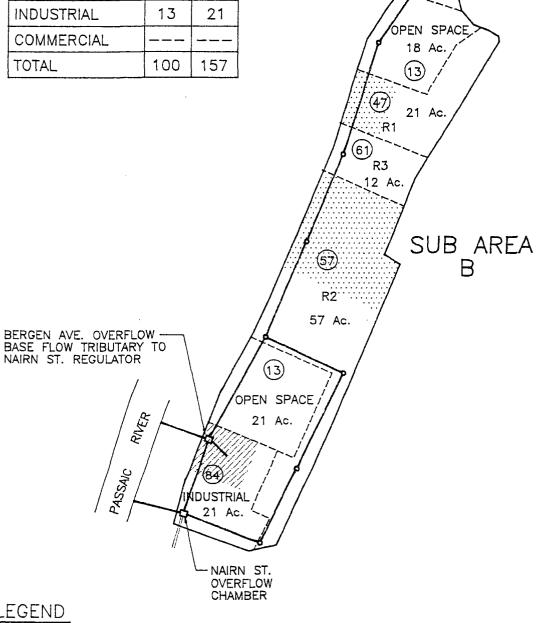
BASELINE	and	STORM	CONDITIONS
DVOUTHTHE	au	PIOM	CONDITIONS

•	RAINIAII OI O/II//S						BASELINE and STORM CONDITIONS				
SAMPLE	pH	TSS	vss	%Vol.	COD	TOC	TOC COD%	BOD	<u>300</u> %		
1	7.1	118	72	61.0	461	80	17.3				
. 2	7.2	109	52	47.7	206	51	24.7				
3	7.1	92	66	71.8	182	33	18.1				
4 .	7.2	116	104	89.8	174	42	24.1				
5	7.2	61	50	82.0	295	60	20.3	~			
6	7.2	124	75	60.5	210	42	20.0	<u>-</u>	_		
7	7.3	77	57	74.1	149	33	22.1	-			
8 .	7.4	21	16	76.2	97	24	24.7				
9	7.3	54	45	83.3	109	22	20.2				
10	7.5	100	5.5	55.0	77	18	23.4	-			
11	7.5	19	8	42.1	81_	16	19.8		<u>.</u> .		
12	7.5	0.			40_	9	22.5				
13	7.4	68	50	73.5	73	22	30.1	-			
14	7.4	51	30	58.8	109	26	23.9		<u> </u>		
15	7.3	50	35	70.0	105	21	20.0	<del>-</del>	<u> </u>		
16	7.2	50	30	60.0	73	20	27.4	-	-		
17	7.1	64	36	56.3	129	24	18.6	-			
18	7.1	28	19	67.9	93	13	14.0	-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
19	7.1	48	13	27.1	113	15	13.3	-			
20	8.1_	872	854	97.8	893	560	.62.5	_	_		
21	8.2	1526	1497	98.1	1353	1000	73.8	_	-		
						Average	25.8				
										1	
								T	•		

LAND USE	%	ACRES
R3	8	12
R2	36	57
R1	18	28
OPEN SPACE	25	39
INDUSTRIAL	13	21
COMMERCIAL		
TOTAL	100	157



(47)



# LEGEND

PVSC INTERCEPTOR SEWER COLLECTOR/OVERFLOW SEWER LAND USE BOUNDARY DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY

(15) PERCENT IMPERVIOUS

REGULATOR CHAMBER R3 RESIDENTIAL (HIGH DENSITY) R2 RESIDENTIAL (MEDIUM DENSITY) R1 RESIDENTIAL (LOW DENSITY)

BERGEN AVE. OVERFLOW DRAINAGE BASIN

SEPARATE STORM SEWER AREA

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISIONERS **NEW JERSEY** 

COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN DRAINAGE AND LAND USE REPORT

NAIRN STREET OVERFLOW TOWN OF KEARNY



# OVERFLOW ANALYSIS

TO

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

PASSAIC RIVER OVERFLOWS

MARSHALL STREET, KEARNY K-005

1976

ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES. INC



# MARSHALL STREET OVERFLOW CHAMBER, KEARNY

The overflow chamber serving this district of only 24 acres is served with a combined sewer system. The estimated dry weather flow is only about 0.09 MGD and, in wet weather months, about 0.12 MGD.

Metering and sampling facilities were installed in this chamber from February 5, 1975 through April 3, 1975, during which time rainfall occurred on thirteen occasions. Overflows, however, occurred only on six occasions. It was found that the overflows occurred whenever the rainfall exceeded about 0.05 inches per hour.

The peak overflow rate was found to be about 5.0 MGD, but the actual volume of overflow under the worst recorded storm was only about 0.4 MG. It has been estimated that overflow will occur at this chamber from 30 to 40 times per year on the basis of 70 to 90 rainfall occurrences per year.

It was found that backwater from the Passaic River entered this chamber and the sewer system during periods of exceptionally high tide. The staff of the PVSC has taken corrective action in order to reduce and eliminate this occurrence, which was of short-term duration.

Samples taken of the dry weather flow show a typical domestic sewage with suspended solids of only 120 mg/l and a BOD of about 206 mg/l, based on average values.

During storm flow, the suspended solids were slightly higher, ranging from a low of 66 mg/l to a high of 418 mg/l, with the BOD ranging from a low of 16 mg/l to a high of 167 mg/l.





### OVERFLOW DATA EXTRACT

### MARSHALL STREET OVERFLOW CHAMBER

## KEARNY

#### Chamber Location and Description

Overflow Chamber Status:

Active

Overflow to:

Passaic River

Character of District

Heavily industrialized and commer-

Served: cial area

Overflow Location (See Plate A):

In west side of Passaic Avenue approx. 300 feet south of intersection of

Marshall Street and Passaic Avenue

District Outlet Sewer (See Plates A and B):

15" diameter vitrified tile pipe

Outfall to River (See Plates A and B):

15" diameter vitrified tile pipe

Outfall Condition:

clear and functioning

Tidal Effects:

some tidal intrusions noted surcharge observed due to capacity limitations and/or tide gate closure

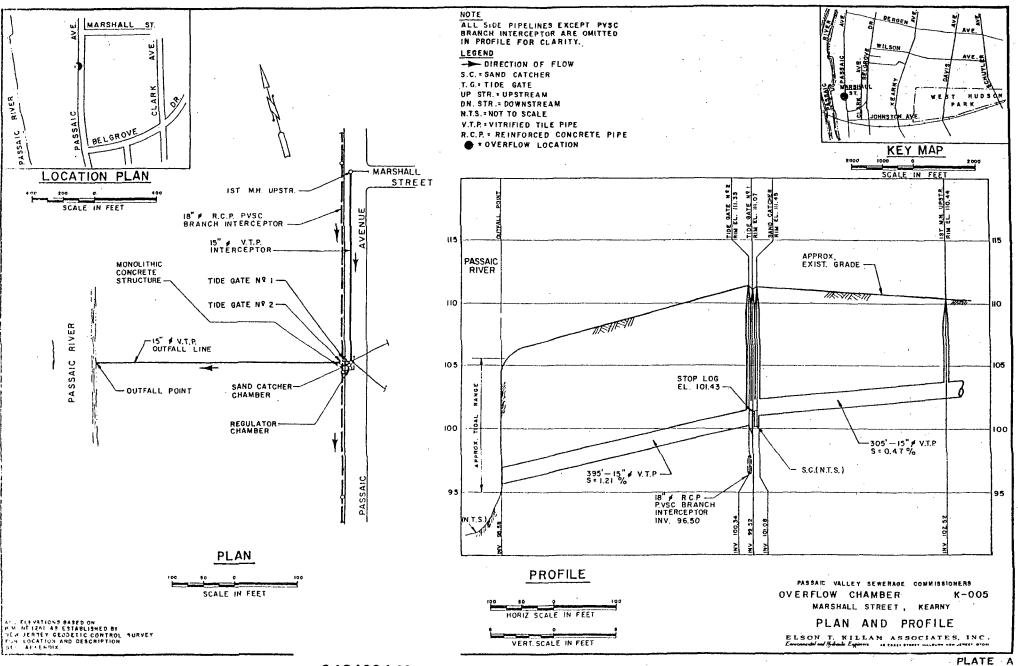
Surcharge Effects:

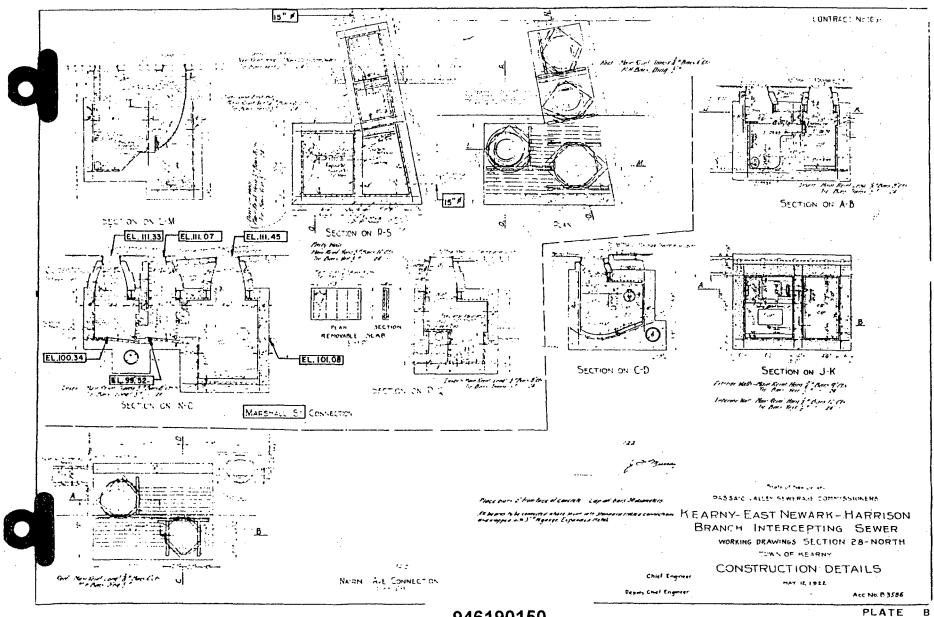
during high tide conditions

Overflow and Regulator Operation (See Plates B and C):

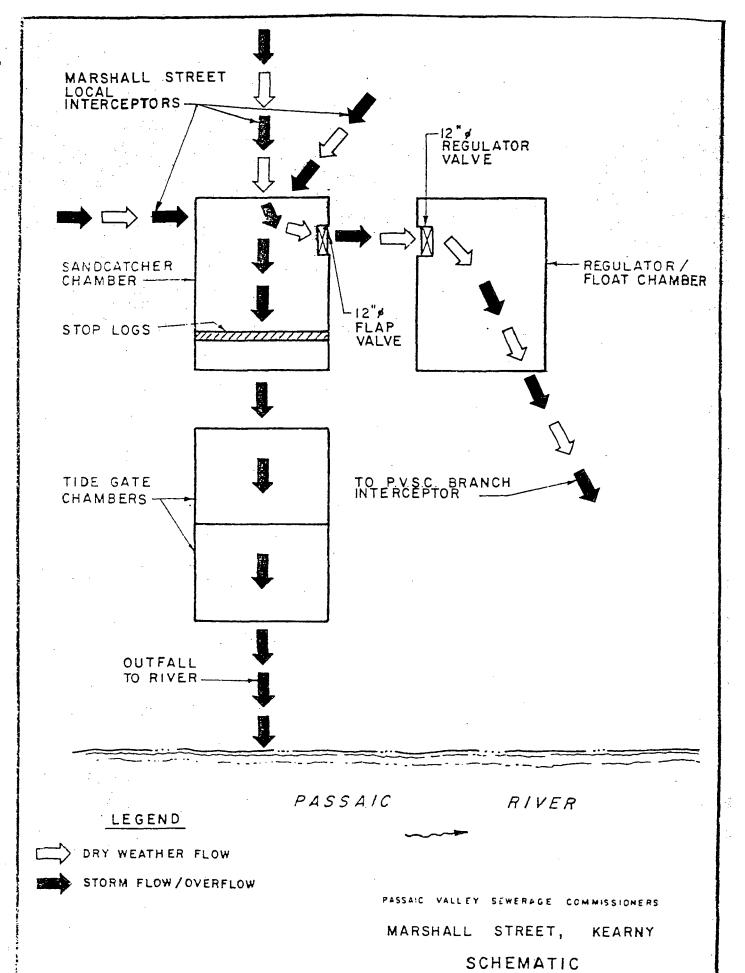
Under normal dry weather flow conditions, the flow is diverted to the PVSC interceptor via the regulator. During periods of rainfall, a portion of the combined flow enters the interceptor, with the balance overflowing the stop logs and being discharged through the outfall line into the Passaic River.







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F. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC. Relate Englished and control of the state of the control of the state of the state

PLATE C



#### ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

# MARSHALL STREET OVERFLOW CHAMBER

K-005 (Cont'd)

Condition of Regulator:

Appears inoperable

Special Actions Required:

None

Overflow Stop Log/Dam Condition:

Stop logs located at downstream end of sand catcher chamber before opening to first tide gate chamber

Tide Gate Condition:

both tide gates leaking

Note:

During the investigation, the Overflow chambers were examined, verifying information and dimensions pertinent to this study. The verified information has been recorded on Plate B (See boxed annotations).

#### Area Served and Dry Weather Flow

Combined Area Served (See Plate D):

0.038 square miles - 24 acres

Average Daily Flow
Seasonal Dry Weather:
Seasonal Wet Weather:

0.09 MGD (estimated) 0.12 MGD (estimated)

Estimated Combined Flow to Produce an Overflow:

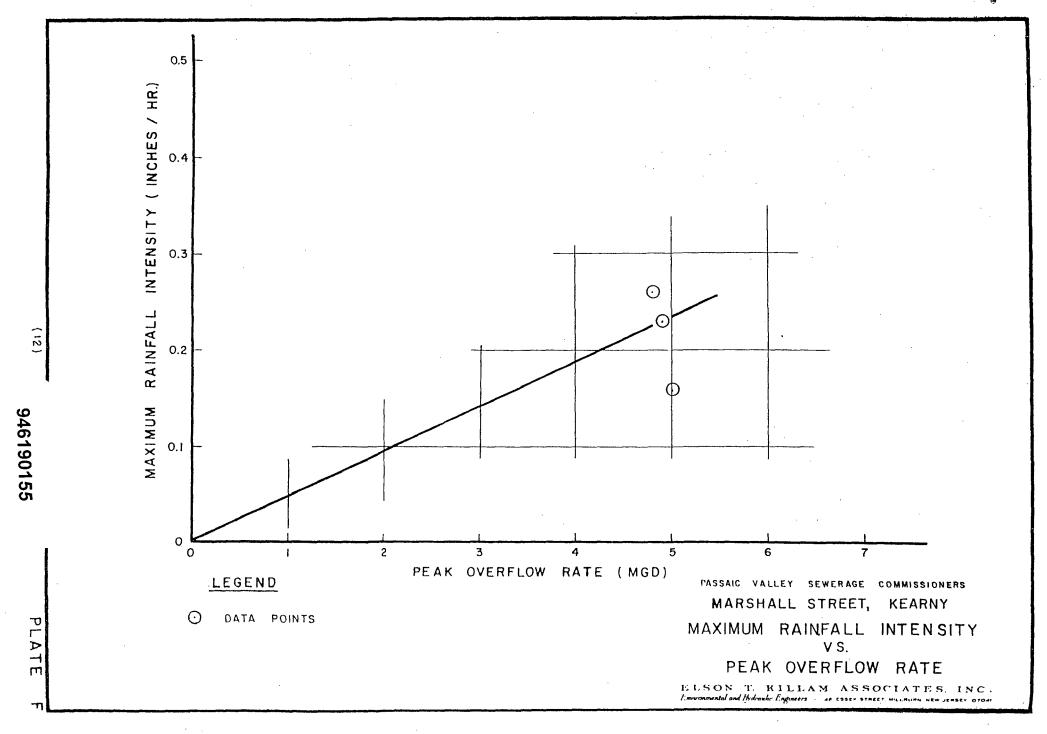
2.5 MGD

Approximate Length of Combined Sewers Serving District:

3,300 linear feet

(6)

0.4 0.3 α2 (INCHES/HR.) 0.1 .09 INTENSITY OVERFLOW CONDITION 80. .07 .06  $\odot$ RAINFALL .05 NO OVERFLOW CONDITION .04 AVERAGE .03  $\triangle$ △ .02 .01 12 14 16 24 10 18 20 22 RAINFALL DURATION (HRS.) LEGEND PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS MARSHALL STREET, KE ARNY O OVERFLOW AVERAGE RAINFALL INTENSITY △ NO OVERFLOW VS. DURATION RAINFALL ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC. 946190154 PLATE





P.V.S.C. Reference # L-29

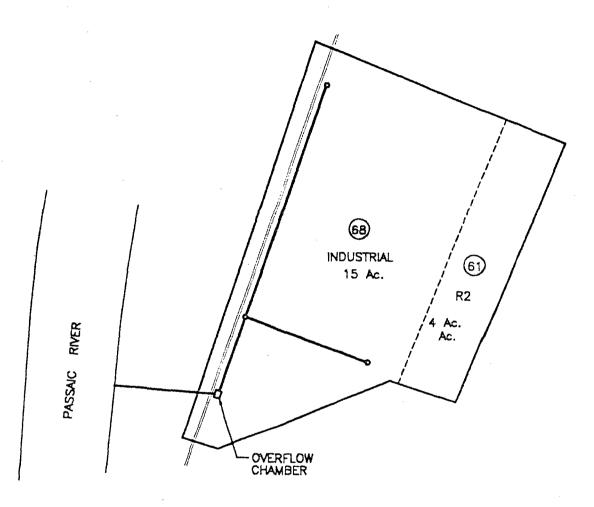
Date

Elson Killam Associates-Infiltration Studies -Set #16-- December 5, 1974 Marshall Street, Harrison-Diversion Manhole- Upstream from Sandcatcher 3:20 P. M. 12-3-74 to 1:57 A. M. 12-4-74

23 Samples						BASELINE			
Sample				4			T.O.C.		3.0.D/
#	нq	T.S.S.	v.s.s.	%vol.	C.O.D.	T.O.C.	C.O.D.	B.O.D	C.O.D.
ı	7.6	374	170	45.3	602	162	27.0	288	47.9
2	7.5	232	164	70.2	889	275	29.9	470	.53.0
3	9.0	78	78	100.0	497	162	32.5	262	5218
4	9.2	464	292	63.0	755	225	29.8	208	26.8
5	8.4	170	124	73.0	457	138	30.2	188	41.1
6	7.2	134	134	100.0	541	171	31.7	284	52.5
7	7.3	54	54	100.0	255	78	30.5	143	56.0
8	7.5	60	48	80.0	113	46	40.6	94	83.2
9	7.5	60	42	7.0.0	89	39	43.8	78	87.6
10	7.4	46	46	100.0	93	39	41.8	78	84.0
11	7,6	32	32	100.0	73	33	45.2	69	94.5
12	7.6	40	40	100.0	77	33	42,8	73	94.7
13	7.5	126	126	100.0	521	188	36.1	348	66.9
14	7.5	20	20	100.0	158 .	55	34.6	138	87.5
15	7.4	70	64	91.4	234	86	36.7	180	76.9
16	7.5	36	36	100.0	149	55	36.9	125	83.8
17	7.3	24	24	100.0	202	73	36,1	145	71.8
18	7.7	112	112	100.0	517	225	43,5	202	39.1
19	7.6	124	124	100.0	590	190	32.2	287	48.6
20	7.7	186	186	98.9	574	145	25.3	254	45.3
21	7.4	116	116	100.0	675	215	31.8	402	59.7
22	7.5	84	84	100.0	287	112	39.0	199	69.5
23 3,	4_8.1	158	136	86.2	388	100	25.8	222	57.4
					1		34.9		

LAND USE	%	ACRES
R3		
R2	21	4
R1		
OPEN SPACE		
INDUSTRIAL	79	15
COMMERÇIAL		
TOTAL	100	19





# LEGEND

PVSC INTERCEPTOR SEWER
COLLECTOR/OVERFLOW SEWER
LAND USE BOUNDARY
DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY

15) PERCENT IMPERVIOUS

REGULATOR CHAMBER

R3 RESIDENTIAL (HIGH DENSITY)

R2 RESIDENTIAL (MEDIUM DENSITY)

R1 RESIDENTIAL (LOW DENSITY)

SEPARATE STORM SEWER AREA

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISIONERS

NEW JERSEY

COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW

POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

DRAINAGE AND LAND USE REPORT

MARSHALL STREET OVERFLOW

TOWN OF KEARNY





# OVERFLOW ANALYSIS

TO

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

PASSAIC RIVER OVERFLOWS

JOHNSTON AVENUE, KEARNY K-006

1976

ELSON T KILLAM ASSOCIATES INC Environmental and Hydraulic Engineers 48 ESSET STREET MICLBURN NEW MERSEY 0708"



#### JOHNSTON AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER, KEARNY

The Johnston Avenue overflow serves a tributary area of approximately 207 acres. An estimated 80 percent of this area is served with a combined sewer system and the balance is served with separate sanitary and storm sewers.

The dry weather flow was estimated to be approximately 0.63 MGD during the dry weather months and 0.80 MGD during the wet weather months.

Metering and sampling equipment for this overflow chamber was in service beginning on December 31, 1974 and extending through June 16, 1975. During this period of metering and observation, 45 rainfalls occurred with observed or metered overflows on 33 occasions. In general, it was found that overflows would occur whenever the intensity of rainfall exceeded about 0.03 inches per hour. Based upon the observations, it is estimated that rainfall will occur at this station about 70 to 90 times per year, and that the number of overflows will range from 50 to 65 times. It was found that the overflow ranged as high as 13.5 MG. Peak flow rates as high as 112 MGD were measured.

It was found that backwater from the Passaic River entered this chamber and the sewer system during periods of exceptionally high tide. The staff of the PVSC has taken corrective action in order to reduce and eliminate this occurrence, which was of short-term duration.

Samples were collected of the dry weather flow at this chamber and the samples were found to be fairly dilute. The suspended solids averaged about 72 mg/l and the BOD was 104 mg/l.



ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

The storm water sampling also indicated a fairly dilute waste. The suspended solids was found to range from a low of 14 mg/1 to a high of 114 mg/1 and the BOD was found to range from a low of 30 mg/1 to a high of 86 mg/1.



#### ELSON T. RILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

#### OVERFLOW DATA EXTRACT

# JOHNSTON AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER

## KEARNY

### Chamber Location and Description

Overflow Chamber Status:

Active

Overflow to:

Passaic River

Character of District

Served:

lightly industrialized and commercially developed area

Overflow Location (See Plate A):

on westerly side of intersection of Passaic Avenue and Johnston Avenue

District Outlet Sewer (See Plates A and B):

92" x 39" elliptical brick sewer

Outfall to River (See Plates A and B):

92" x 39" elliptical brick sewer

Outfall Condition:

clear of debris and functioning

Tidal Effects:

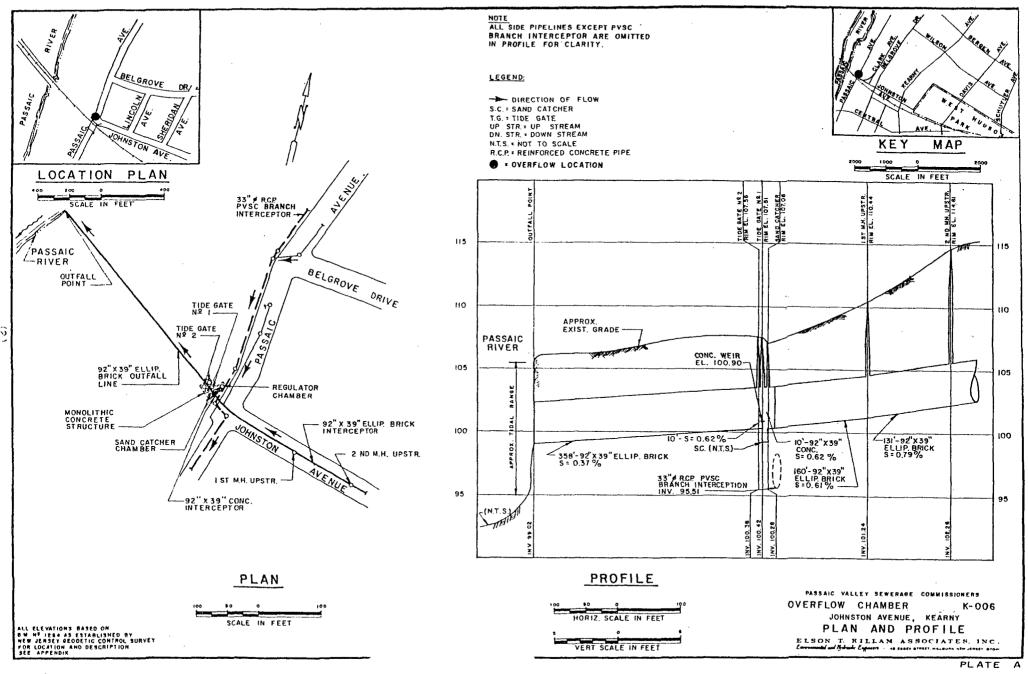
Surcharge Effects:

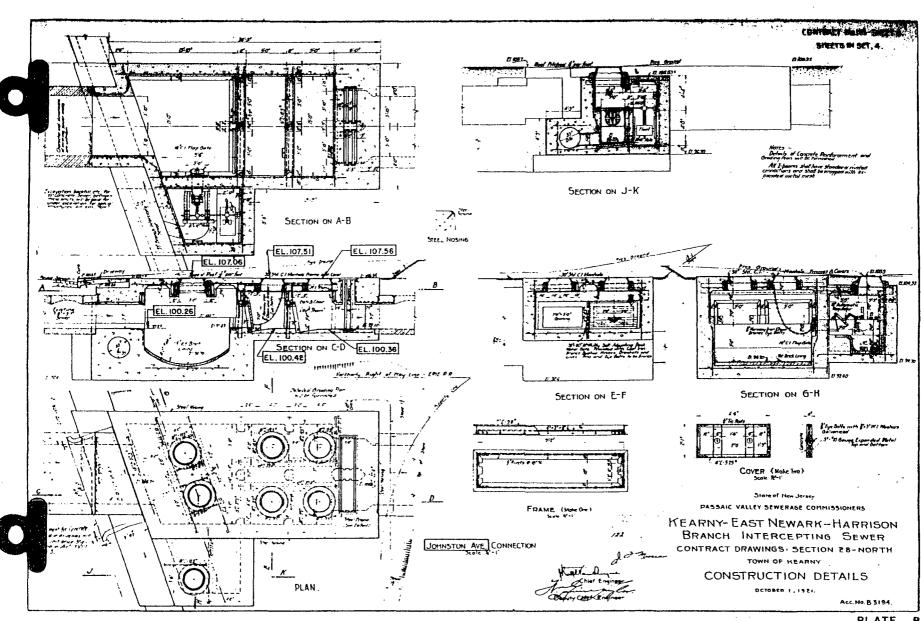
minor tidal intrusions experienced surcharge observed to within inches of chamber manhole rims due to capacity limitations

Overflow and Regulator Operation (See Plates B and C):

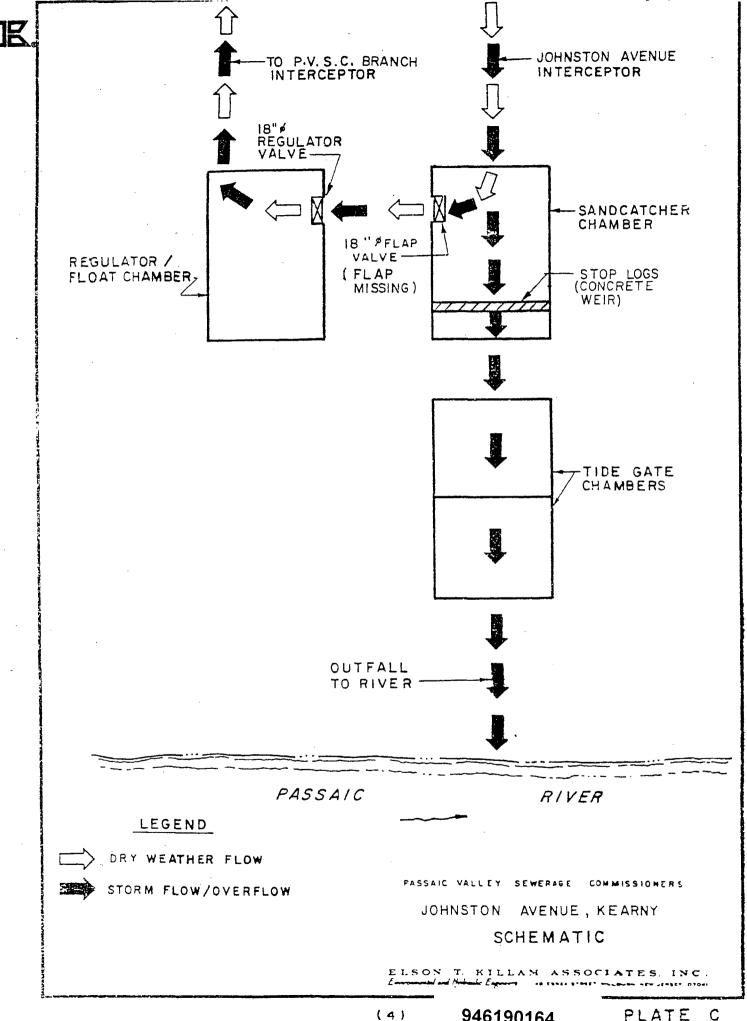
Under normal dry weather flow conditions, the flow is diverted to the PVSC interceptor via the regulator. During periods of rainfall, a portion of the combined flow enters the interceptor, with the balance overflowing the stop logs and being discharged through the outfall line into the Passaic River.







PLATE





# ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

# JOHNSTON AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER

K-006 (Cont'd)

Condition of Regulator:

appears inoperable

Special Actions Required:

none

Overflow Stop Log/Dam

Condition:

no stop logs present (concrete weir)

Tide Gate Condition:

consists of four tide gate chambers, with two sets of two tide gates side by side. All tide gates observed as

leaking.

Note:

During the investigation, the Overflow chambers were examined, verifying information and dimensions pertinent to this study. The verified information has been recorded on Plate B (See boxed annotations).

#### Area Served and Dry Weather Flow

Combined Area Served (See Plate D):

0.323 square miles - 207 acres

Average Daily Flow
Seasonal Dry Weather:
Seasonal Wet Weather:

0.63 MGD (estimated) 0.80 MGD (estimated)

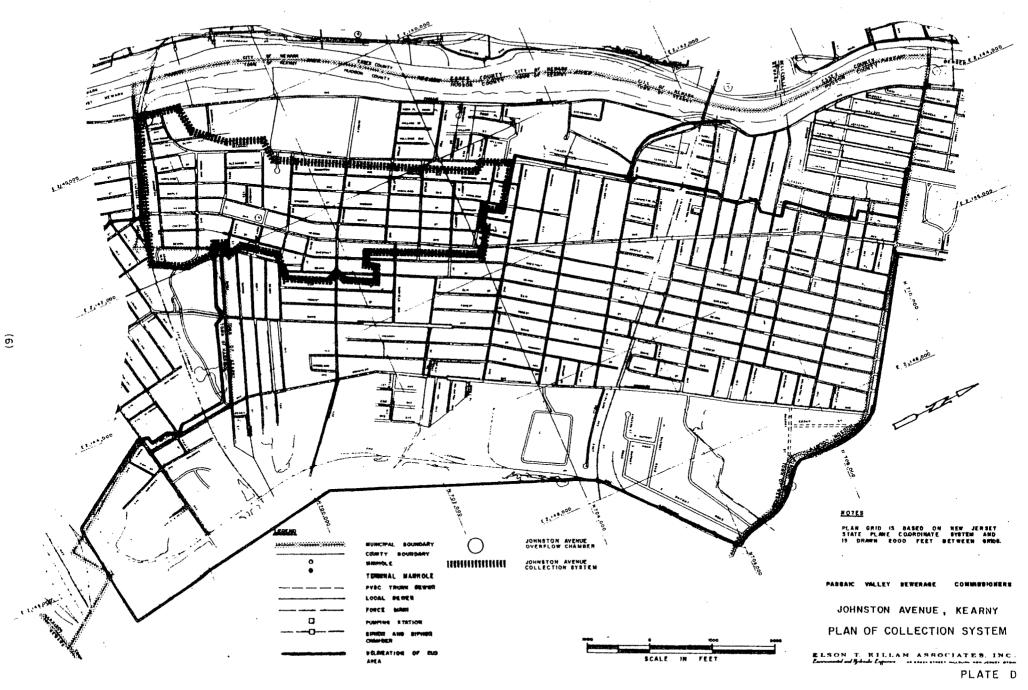
Estimated Combined Flow to Produce an Overflow:

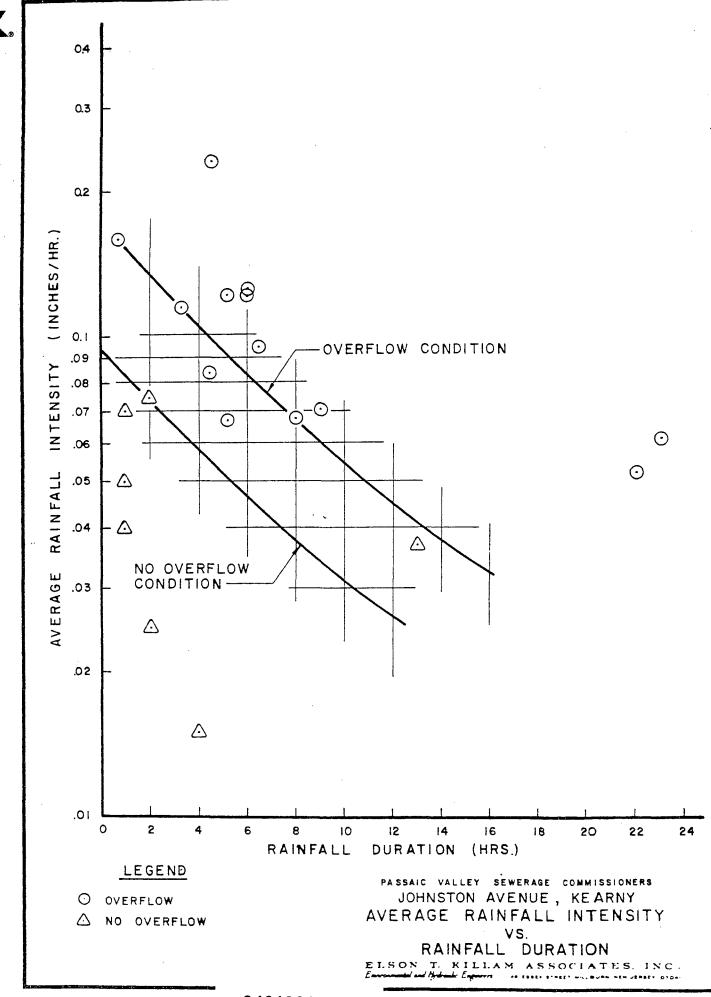
7.3 MGD

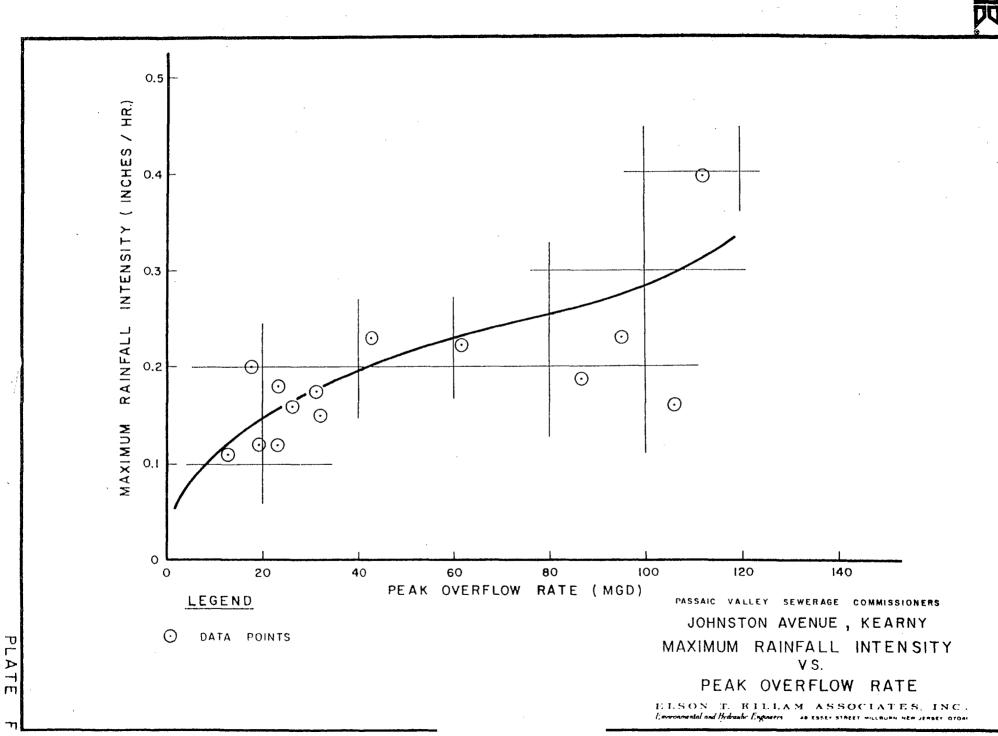
Approximate Length of Combined Sewers Serving District:

50,800 linear feet











# P.V.S.C. Reference # 1-34

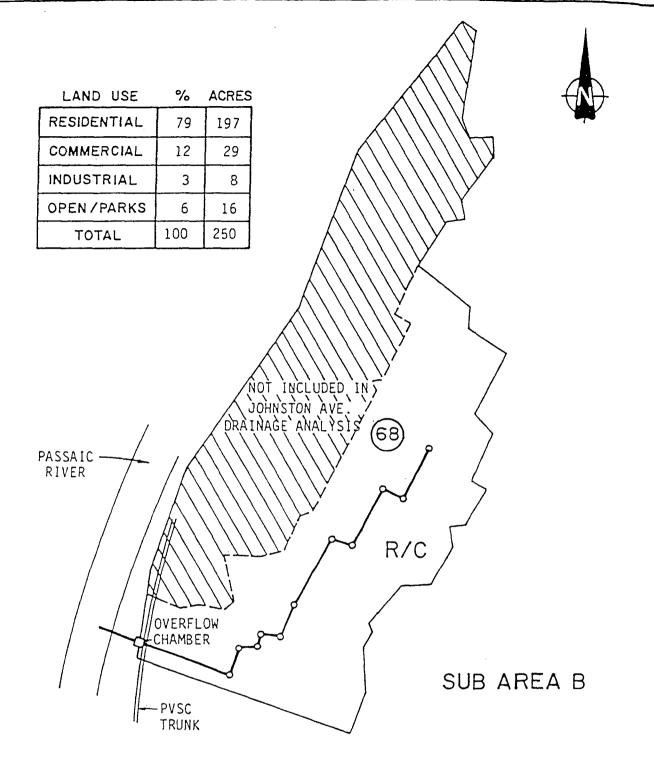
Date December 6, 1974

Elson Killam Associates-Infiltration Studies Set #15
Johnston Avenue, Kearny

24 Samples

# BASELINE

	2-,								
Sample		T.S.S.	v.s.s.	%Vol.	C.O.D.	T.O.C.	T.O.C.' C.O.D.	B O D	3.0.D/ C.O.D.
# 1	7.9	64	64	100.0	310	81	26.1	137	44.2
2	8.0	48	48	100.0	294	90	30.6	68	23.1
3	7.8	66	<b>6</b> 6	100.0	302	90	29,8	113	37.4
	7.7	110	108	98.2	384	108	28.1	119	31.0
4						<u> </u>	59.0	152	
5	7.6	140	140	100.0	481	284	39.0	132	31.6
6	7.6	96	94	97.9	449	148	33.0	142	31.7
7	7.6	96	96	100.0	335	128	38.2	129	38.4
8	7.6	80	80	100.0	359	84	23.4	108	30.9
9	7.7	74	74	100.0	294	84	28.6	140	47.6
10	7.7	52	52	100.0	257	72	28.0	115	40.8
11	7.7	48	48	100.0	180	56	31.1	73	40.6
12	7.7	18	18	100.0	122	40	32.8	93	76.2
13	7.7	124	122	98.4	73	24	32.9	60	82.3
14	7.7	146	144	98.6	57	20	35.1	. 52·	91.3
15	7.7	110	110	100.0	65	20 .	30.8	60	92.7
16	7.7	94	94	100.0	61	26	42.6	40	65.7
17	7.7	68	68	100.0	171	59	34.5	73	42.7
18	7.5	66	66	100.0	379	111	29.3	123	32.4
19	7.9	22	22	100.0	351	117	33.3	112	31.9
20	0.8	6	6	100.0	388	120	30.9	120	31.0
21	8.1	14	14	100.0	469	148	31.6	129	27.5
22	8.1	40	40	100.0	861	120	13.9	115	13.3
23	8.1	70	70	100.0	326	104	31.9	128	39.6
24	8.0	252	244	96.8	314	108	34.4	125	39.9
	1	,	i	ı	ŧ	i	1		•



# LEGEND

MAIN INTERCEPTOR

R RESIDENTIAL

C COMMERCIAL

I INDUSTRIAL

O/P OPEN/PARK

- SUBCATCHMENT BOUNDARY

PERCENT IMPERMEABLE AREA WITHIN SUBCATCHMENT
SEPARATE STORM SEWER AREA

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

NEW JERSEY

COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW FACILITY PLAN

LAND USE

JOHNSTON AVE. OVERFLOW TOWN OF KEARNY

Elson T. Killam Associates, Inc.

Environmental and Hydraulic Engineers 27 Bresser Street Millburn New Jersey 07041





# OVERFLOW ANALYSIS

TO

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

PASSAIC RIVER OVERFLOWS

IVY STREET, KEARNY K-007

1976

ELSON T KILLAM ASSOCIATES INC Environmental and Hydraulic Engineers 48 ESSEX STREET MILLBURH NEW MASSEY OTONS



#### IVY STREET OVERFLOW CHAMBER, KEARNY

The Ivy Street overflow chamber serves a tributary area of approximately 607 acres which is the largest collection area among all of the Kearny-Harrison area overflows. Approximately 85 percent of this area is served with combined sewers and the balance is served with sepatate sanitary and storm sewers.

The dry weather flow was estimated to be approximately 3.0 MGD during dry weather months and 3.5 MGD during wet weather months. This is indicative of high infiltration from high ground water tables which is to be expected in a combined sewer system.

Under storm flow conditions, it was found that this overflow was active with essentially every rain. The overflow discharges into Frank's Creek and travels in this creek a distance of approximately one mile before entering the Passaic River.

Observations were started at this chamber on December 31, 1974 and extended through June 16, 1975. During the period of study, 45 rainfalls occurred. It has been estimated that overflows occurred on 32 occasions. It is also estimated that overflow will occur from 50 to 65 times per year at this chamber on the probability that rainfalls may occur 70 to 90 times per year. It was found that a rainfall intensity of only 0.02 inches per hour resulted in overflows, but with a rainfall duration of 16 or more hours.

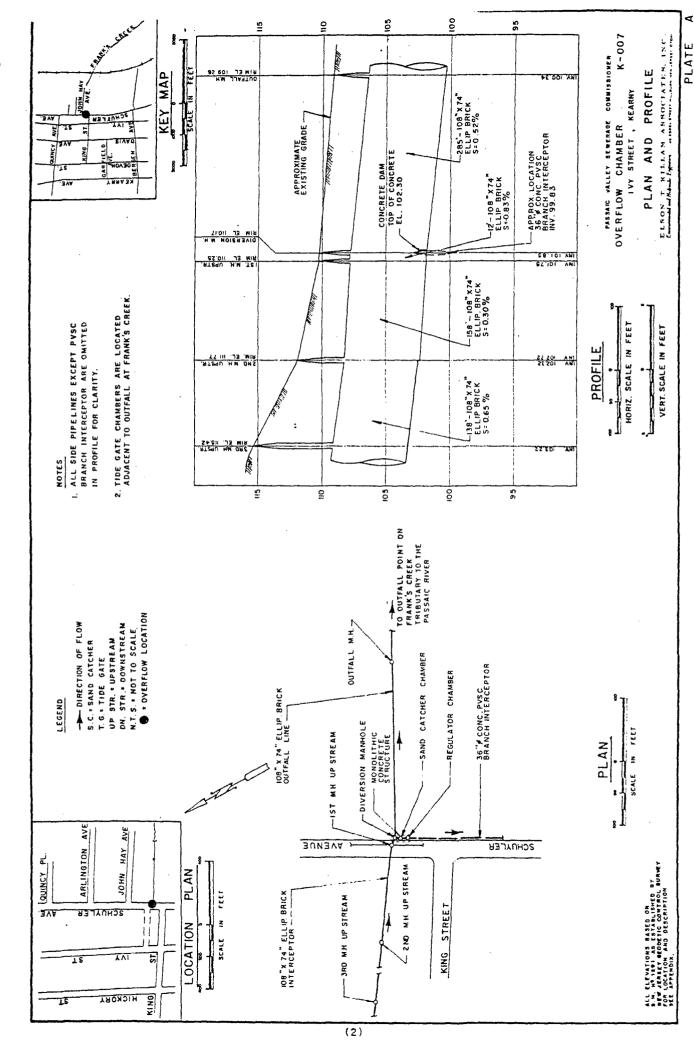
The peak rate of overflow was found to be approximately 244 MGD. The overflow volume at this station was found to be as high as 23 MG.



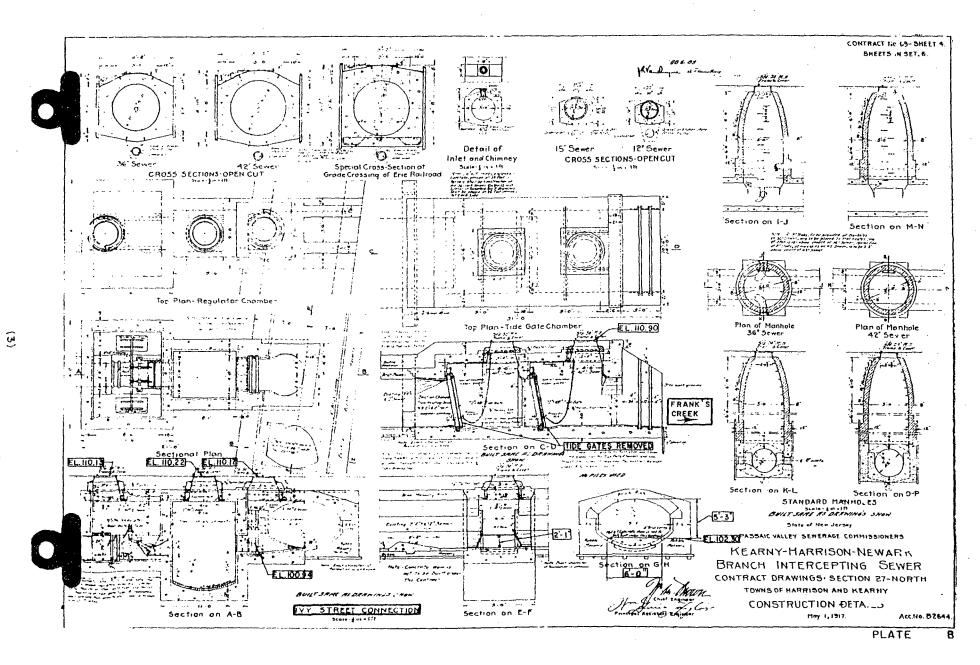
# ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

Samples were taken of the sewage under dry weather flow conditions. An analysis indicated that the average BOD was approximately 258 mg/l but the total suspended solids was only 100 mg/l.

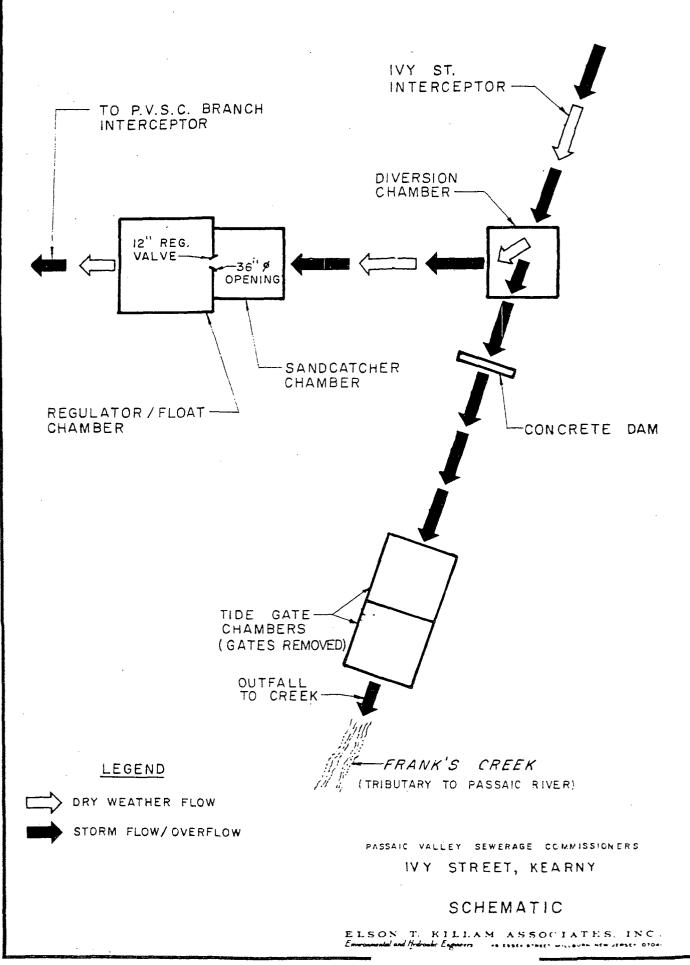
Samples taken during storm flow conditions indicated a range of results for BOD from a low of 51 mg/1 to a high of 258 mg/1, while the suspended solids ranged from a low of 40 mg/1 to a high of 297 mg/1. The foregoing would appear to reflect the effect of dilution, except that the effect of flushing action is also indicated by the higher suspended solids.



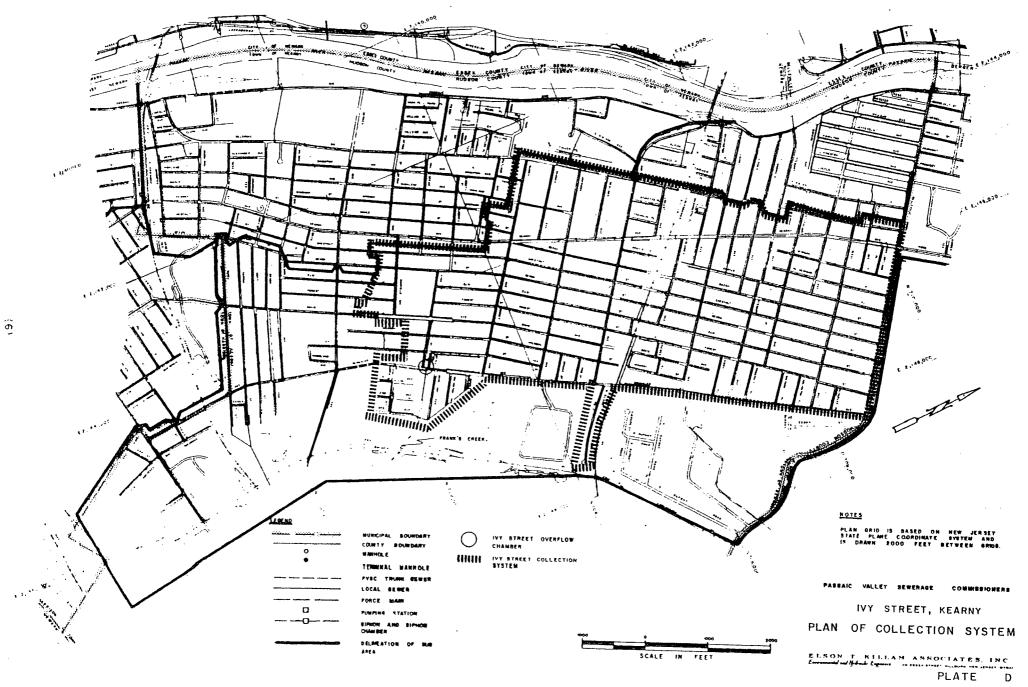


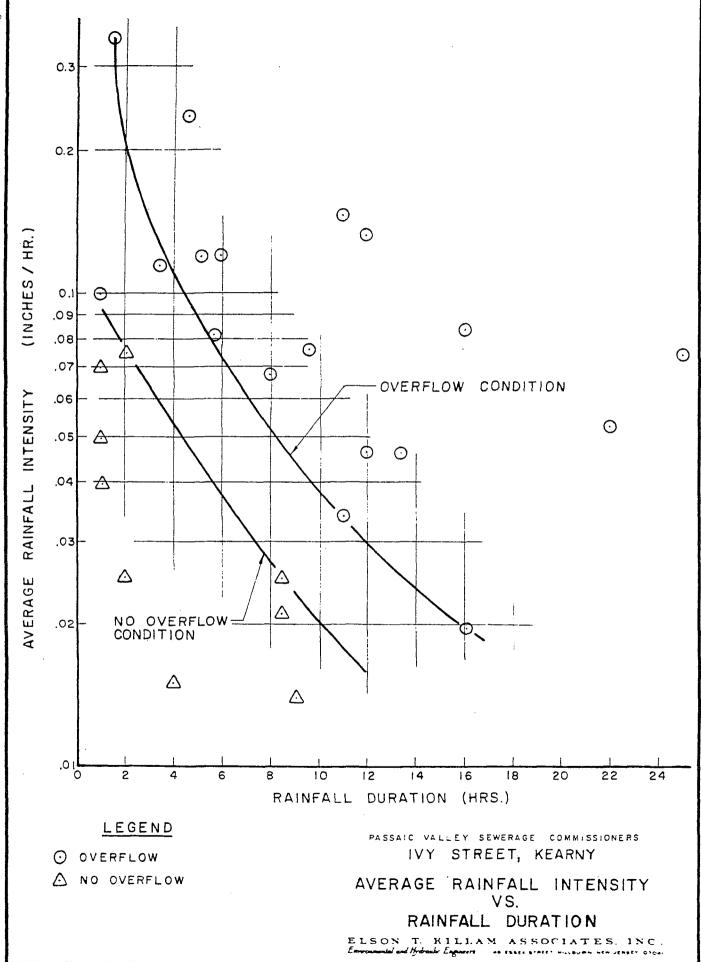


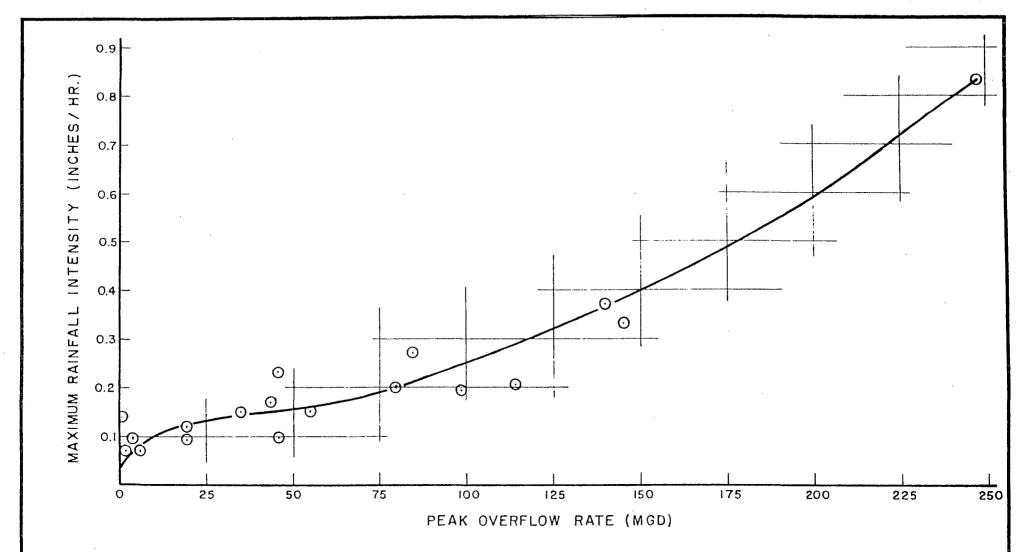
IK.











LEGEND

O DATA POINTS

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

IVY STREET, KEARNY

MAXIMUM RAINFALL INTENSITY VS.

PEAK OVERFLOW RATE

ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC. Environmental and Probraille Engineers 40 EBBER STREET MILLBURN, NEW JERSEY DTOM

DI ATE E

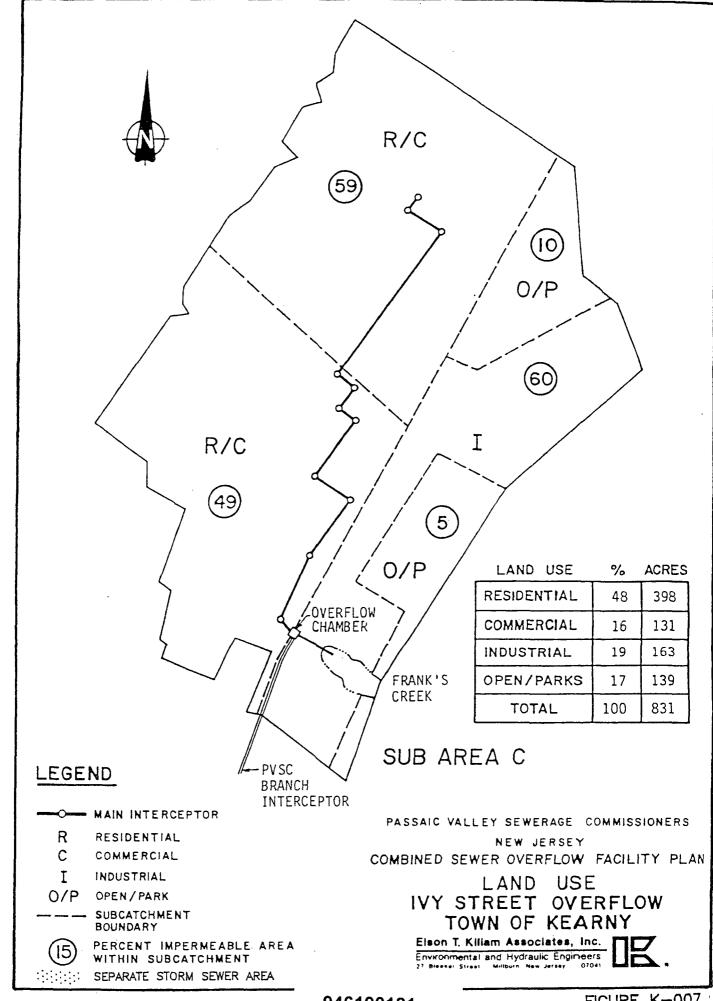


# P.V.S.C Reference # J-129

Elson Killam Associates-Infiltration Studies
Ivy Street Connection, Harrison-Upstream from Sandcathcher,
24 Samples 10:52 A. M , 10/29/74 to 10:03A. M., 10/30/74

BASELINE

								BASEL	LNE
émple	рН	T.S.S	v.s.s.	%Vol.	C.O.D.		r.o.c/ c.o.d.		B.O.D./
Parti	3)4 7.9	98	. 88	89,8	308	123	39.9	260	84.5
. 2.	7.8	120	88	73.3	424	-117	27.6	315	74.4
3	7.8	124	106	85.5	356	111	31.2	326	91.5
4	7.7	164	146	89,0	964	292	30.3	554	68.0
5	7.8	110	106	96.4	420	120	28.6	225	53.5
6	7.9	146	142	97.3	364	99	27:2	243	66.8
5PM .7	7.6	200	182	91.0	388	126	32.5	268	69.1
6PM . 8	7.4	234	224	95.7	408	180	44.1	303	72.4
78M	7.4	124	106	85.5	500	144	28.8	410	82.1
.8PM 10	7.5	136	130	95.6	512	148	28.9	418	81.8
.11	7.5	102	100	98.0	416	135	32.5	274	66.0
12	7.7	80	72	87.8	340	111	32.6	278	81.8
13	7.8	96	90	93.8	292	99	33.9	. 215.	73.8
14	7.9	70	68	97.1	232	78	33.6	. 117	50.4
15	7.8	46	46	100.0	172	54	31.4	95	55.2
16	7.9	14	14	100.0	100	36	36.0	64	54.0
17	7.7	12	12	100.0	116	33	28.4	73	53.0
18	7.9	10	10	100.0	72	30	41.6	. 55	76.4
19	7.9	Ĭ4	14	100.0	76	36	47.4	. 23	80.3
20	8.0	62	58.	93.5	128	57	44.5	103	80.5
21	8.3	136	126	92.6	356	112	31.5	. 285	80.1
22	8.4	104	94	90.4	448	148	33.0	295	55.8
Parti	8.3	94	78	83.0	452	188	41.6	352	77.8
Fill 24	9.5	112	98	87:5	664	224	33.7	. 548	\$2.5
		1	i	1	AVERAGE	1	34.2	······································	70.5





# OVERFLOW ANALYSIS

TO

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

PASSAIC RIVER OVERFLOWS

BERGEN AVENUE, KEARNY K-008

1976

ELSON T KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC
Environmental and Hydraulic Engineers 48 ESSEX STREET BILLBURN NEW JERSEY DOORS



#### BERGEN AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER, KEARNY

This overflow chamber serves a tributary area of 110 acres.

Approximately 90 percent of this area is served with combined sewers

with the balance of the area served by separate sanitary and storm

sewers. This overflow is located at the easterly end of Bergen Avenue.

It has been estimated that the dry weather flow is approximately 0.62 MGD. The estimated flow during wet weather months is about 0.72 MGD. This overflow discharges into Frank's Creek.

During the period of study and observation, which extended from January 6, 1975 through July 21, 1975, rainfall occurred on 54 occasions. It has been estimated that overflow occurred at this chamber on 40 occasions during this period. It has been estimated that overflows will occur at this chamber from 50 to 70 times per year on the assumption that rainfalls will occur from 70 to 90 times per year. The peak overflow rates were found to be as high as 32 MGD, and the volume of overflow was found to be as high as 2.6 MG.

Samples taken of the dry weather flow indicated that the average suspended solids was about 68 mg/l and the BOD averaged approximately 139 mg/l. Under storm flow conditions, it was found that while the BOD ranged from a low of 47 mg/l to a high of 57 mg/l, the suspended solids ranged from a low of 260 mg/l to a high of 282 mg/l. This clearly reflects the effect of flushing under high flow and high velocity conditions in the combined sewer system.



#### BLSON T. BILLAN ASSOCIATES, INC.

#### OVERFLOW DATA EXTRACT

#### BERGEN AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER

#### KEARNY

### Chamber Location and Description

Overflow Chamber Status:

Active

Overflow to:

Frank's Creek, tributary to Passaic River

Character of District

Served:

primarily residential, with some industrially

developed area

Overflow Location (See Plate A):

to west of intersection of Bergen Avenue

and Schuyler Avenue

District Outlet Sewer (See Plates A and B):

30" diameter brick sewer

Outfall to River (See Plates A and B):

31" x 48" elliptical brick sewer

Outfall Condition:

clear to fifth manhole downstream (see

Plate A); actual outfall point obscured

and not found

Tidal Effects:

none

Surcharge Effects:

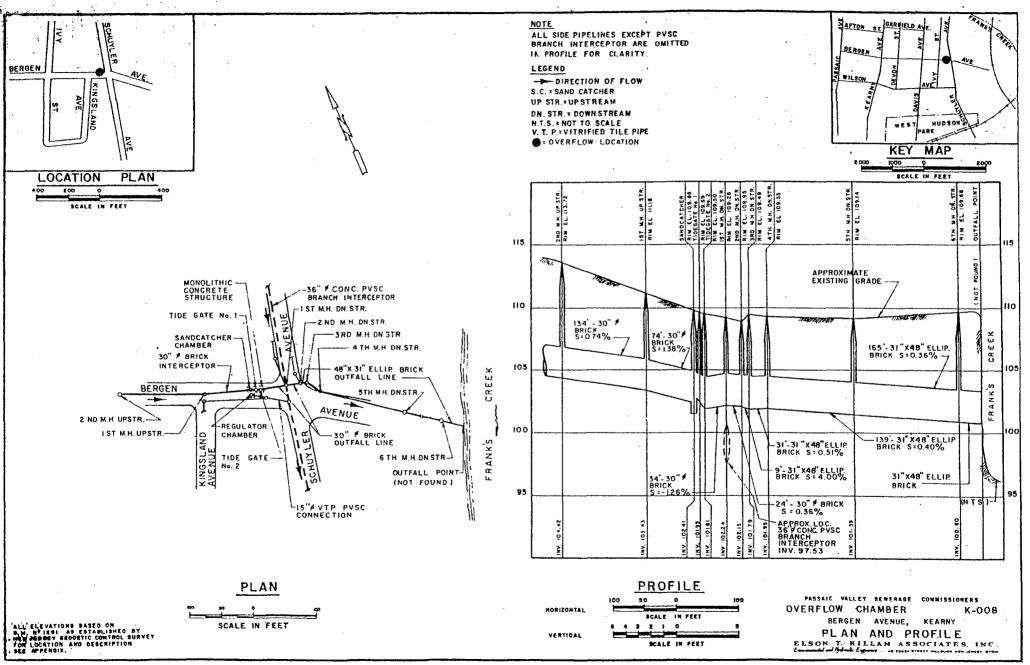
surcharge observed at times due to capacity

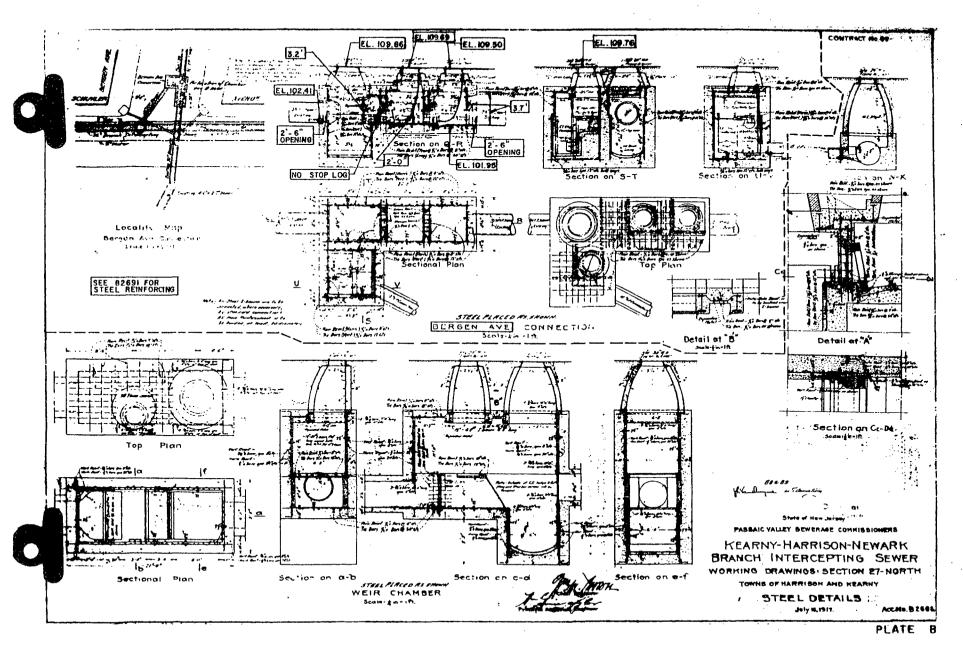
limitations

Overflow and Regulator Operation (See Plates B and C):

Under normal dry weather flow conditions, the flow is diverted to the PVSC interceptor via the regulator. During periods of rainfall, a portion of the combined flow enters the interceptor, with the balance overflowing the stop logs and being discharged through the outfall line into the Passaic River.







BERGEN AVENUE INTERCEPTOR 12" # REGULATOR VALVE SANDCATCHER CHAMBER 12" FLAP VALVE -REGULATOR / FLOAT CHAMBER, TO P.V.S.C. BRANCH INTERCEPTOR TIDE GATE CHAMBERS (GATES REMOVED) OUTFALL TO FRANKS FRANK'S CREEK LEGEND (TRIBUTARY TO PASSAIC RIVER) DRY WEATHER FLOW PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS STORM FLOW/OVERFLOW BERGEN AVENUE, KEARNY SCHEMATIC (024/K-008) ELSON T KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

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#### ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

BERGEN AVENUE OVERFLOW

K-008 (Cont'd)

Condition of Regulator:

appears inoperable

Special Actions Required:

none

Overflow Stop Log/Dam Condition:

none (no stop logs); for overflow, level must reach invert of line to tide gates

Tide Gate Condition:

both gates missing from chambers

Note:

During the investigation, the Overflow chambers were examined, verifying information and dimensions pertinent to this study. The verified information has been recorded on Plate B (See boxed annotations).

#### Area Served and Dry Weather Flow

Combined Area Served (See Plate D):

0.172 square miles - 110 acres

Average Daily Flow
Seasonal Dry Weather:
Seasonal Wet Weather:

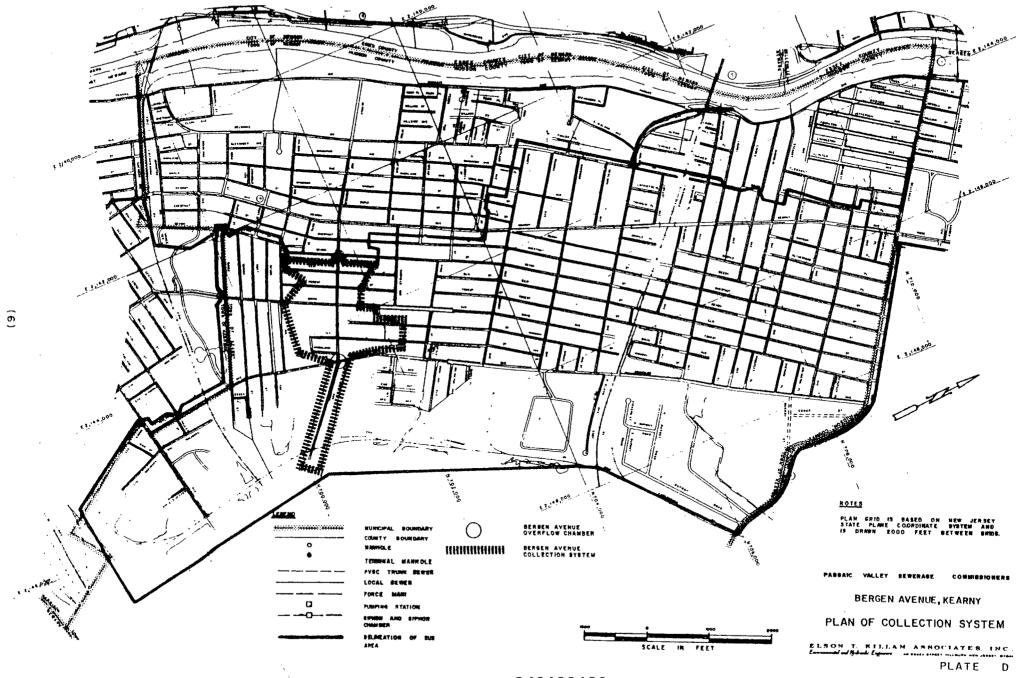
0.62 MGD (estimated) 0.72 MGD (estimated)

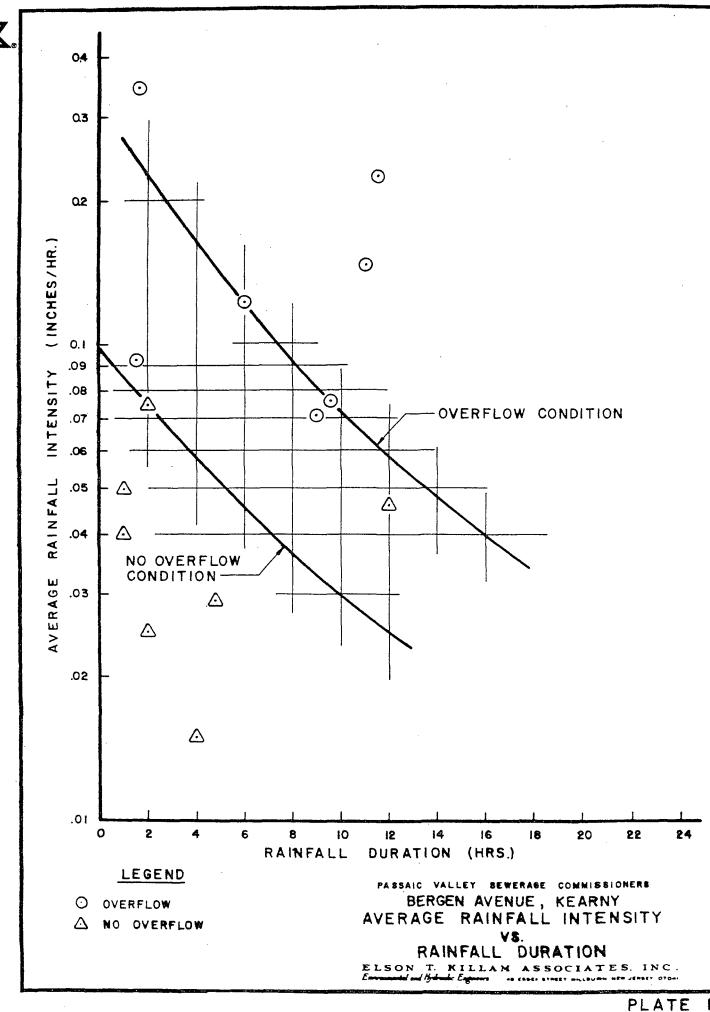
Estimated Combined Flow to Produce an Overflow:

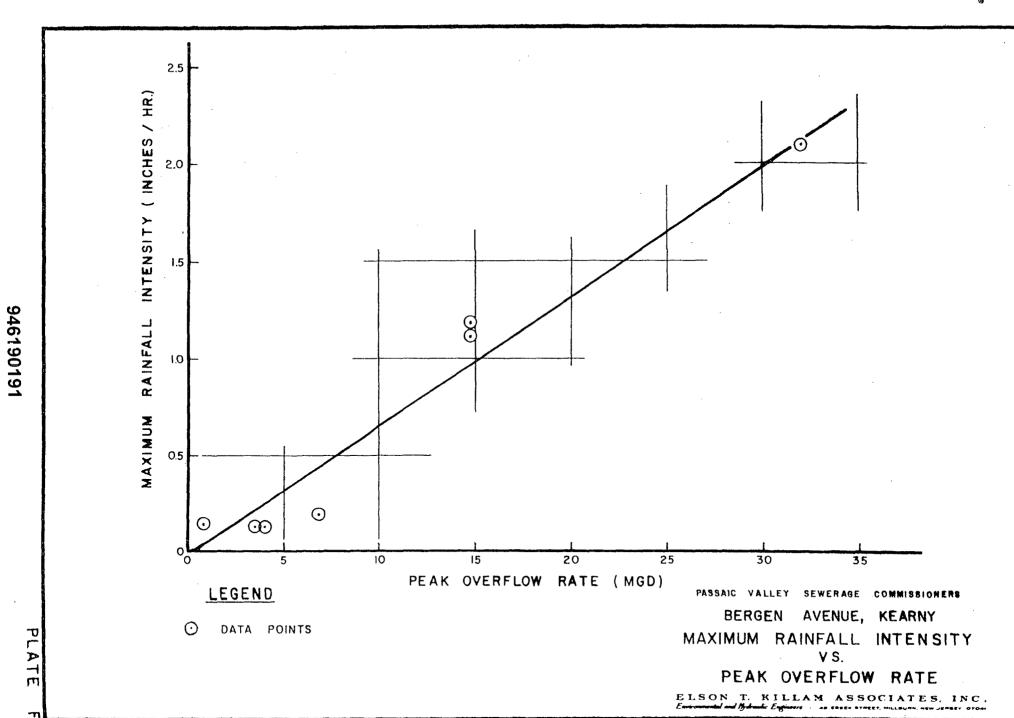
1.6 MGD

Approximate Length of Combined Sewers Serving District:

12,200 linear feet









PVSC Reference # B-69

Date: 2/19/75

Elson T. Killam Associates - Infiltration Studies - Bergen Avenue, Kearny - In sandcatcher 1330-2/13/75 to 1200-2/14/75

Sampler #317 Set #45 Chamber #024/K-008

#### Baseline

	24 SAM	PLES (PA	<u> </u>						
SAMPLE	рH	TSS	VSS	%Vol.	COD	TOC	TOC	BOD	BOD CUD
1	7.5	174	70	40.2	388	93	23.9	138	35.6
2	7.5	140	60	42.8	271	81	29.9	79	29.1
3	7.5	246	140	56.9	343	87	25.3	93	27.1
	.7.7	214	118	60.8	408	90	22.1	87	21.3
5	7.7	194	86	44.3	323	84	26.0	87	26.9
6	7.7	254	130	51.2	465	150	32.3	155	33.3
7	7.8	264	150	56.8	553	110	19.9	131	23.7
8	7.9	188	152	80.9	367	132	36.0	131	35.7
9	8.1	188	140	74.5	376	128	34.1	138	36.7
10	8.0	242	162	67.0	412	136	33.0	141	34.2
11	7.9	140	96	68.5	392	108	27.6	87	22.2
12	8,1	118	78	66.1	307	81	26.4	- 83	27.0
13	8.2	162	108	66.8	287	108	37.5	. 86	29.9
14	8.1	72	56	77.8	303	60	19.8	67	22.1
15	7.8	32	32	100.0	202	50	24.7	54	26.7
16	7.9	. 0			105	32	30.5	27	25.7
	8.1	0			97	30	30.9	33	34.0
18	7.9	0			85	28	32.9	- 28	32.9
19	7.8	0			93	26	27.9	35	37.7
20	7.8	0			109	28	, .25.7	29	26.6
21	7.9	. 0			113	28	24.8	44	38.9
22	8,2	0	_		149	30	20.1	43	28.9
23	8.5	64	64	100.0	250	64	25.6	132	52.8
24	8.8	138	124	89.8	420	105	25.0	135	32.2
						Average	27.6		30.9



PVSC Reference # D-182

Elson T. Killam Associates - Infiltration Studies Bergen Avenue, Kearny - 1st M.H. Down from meter 11:00 - 4/4/75 to 2400 - 4/14/75 Date: 4/17/75

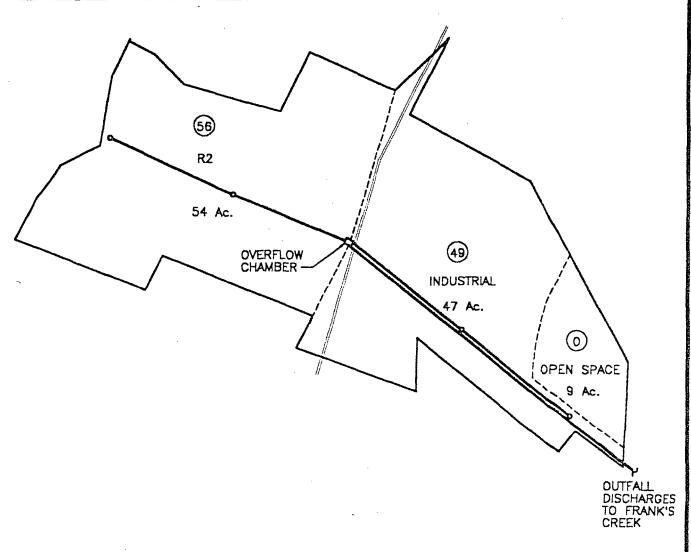
Sampler # 324 Set #43 Chamber #024/K-008

#### BASELINE

	13 S	AMPLES						<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>
SAMPLE	Hq	TSS	VSS	%Vol.	COD	TOC	TOC COD	BOD	BOD	Lithiu
1	7.6	22	22	100.0	60	20	33.3	23	38.4	
2	8.0	0	-		28	13	46.4	10	35.7	
3	7.9	.0			32	16	50.0	9	28.1	
4	8.1	26	26	100.0	44	17	25.9	15	34.1	
5	8.1	. 6	6	100.0	28	12	42.9	17	60.7	
6	8.3	0	=	<u> </u>	24	9	37.5	16	66.7	
7	8.2	0			20	8	40.0	14	70.0	
8	8.1	0			16	9	56.2	13	81.2	
9	8.1	14	14	100.0	20	10	50.0	16	80.0	
10	8.1	0	=	_	24	8	33.3	13	54.2	
11_	8.0	0			20	7	35.0	12	60.0	
12	8.1	0	=		16	11	68.8	14	87.5	
13	8.1	0			28_	11	39.3	9	32.1	
						Average	43.0		56.1	
		ļ	<u> </u>							
								<b> </b>		
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>					1	
									<u> </u>	
		ļ'								

LAND USE	%	ACRES
R3		
R2	49	54
R1		
OPEN SPACE	8	9
INDUSTRIAL	43	47
COMMERCIAL		
TOTAL	100	110





### LEGEND

PVSC INTERCEPTOR SEWER
COLLECTOR/OVERFLOW SEWER
LAND USE BOUNDARY
DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY

(15) PERCENT IMPERYIOUS

REGULATOR CHAMBER
R3 RESIDENTIAL (HIGH DENSITY)
R2 RESIDENTIAL (MEDIUM DENSITY)
R1 RESIDENTIAL (LOW DENSITY)

RESIDENTIAL (LOW DENSITY)
SEPARATE STORM SEWER AREA

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISIONERS
NEW JERSEY

COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN DRAINAGE AND LAND USE REPORT BERGEN AVENUE OVERFLOW TOWN OF KEARNY

Killam



# OVERFLOW ANALYSIS

TO

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

PASSAIC RIVER OVERFLOWS

TAPPAN STREET, KEARNY K-009

1976

ELSON T KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC
Environmental and Hydraulic Engineers 48 ESSEA STREET MILL BURN MEW MERSEY 02042



#### TAPPAN STREET OVERFLOW CHAMBER, KEARNY

The Tappan Street overflow chamber serves a tributary area of only 35 acres. The area is served with combined sewers. This overflow joins the overflow from Dukes Street, merging into a common outfall line which discharges into an open ditch leading to Frank's Creek.

The average daily flow was estimated to be 0.35 MGD in the dry weather months and 0.41 MGD in the wet weather months.

Metering facilities and sampling equipment for this chamber were in service beginning February 23, 1975, and extending through August 24, 1975. During this period of time, rainfalls were recorded on 45 occasions, and overflows are estimated to have occurred on 28 occasions.

It has also been estimated that overflows at this chamber will occur from 45 to 55 times per year when the rainfall occurrences range from 70 to 90 times yearly.

It was found that an average rainfall intensity of only about 0.03 inches per hour caused overflow. The maximum peak rate of overflow was found to be 8.7 MGD, but the volume of overflow was found to be only 0.2 MG under the worst storm recorded during the period.

Sampling of the average daily flow under dry weather conditions indicated a suspended solids concentration of about 137 mg/l and a BOD value of about 194 mg/l, which reflects basically, a domestic sewage waste.

Sampling of the storm water overflow indicated a suspended solids concentration of only about 88 mg/l and a BOD value of about 67 mg/l, reflecting the extent of dilution due to storm flows.



#### RISON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

#### OVERFLOW DATA EXTRACT

#### TAPPAN STREET OVERFLOW CHAMBER

#### KEARNY

#### Chamber Location and Description

Overflow Chamber Status:

Active

Overflow to:

Franks Creek, tributary to Passaic

Character of District

Served:

primarily residential, but with some

industrial flow

Overflow Location (See Plate A):

at intersection of Tappan St. and

Essex Place

District Outlet Sewer (See Plates A and B):

24" diameter VTP sewer

Outfall to River (See

Plates A and B):

24" diameter VTP sewer

Outfall Condition:

obstructed initially, but then cleared (common outfall with Dukes Street)

Tidal Effects:

none

Surcharge Effects:

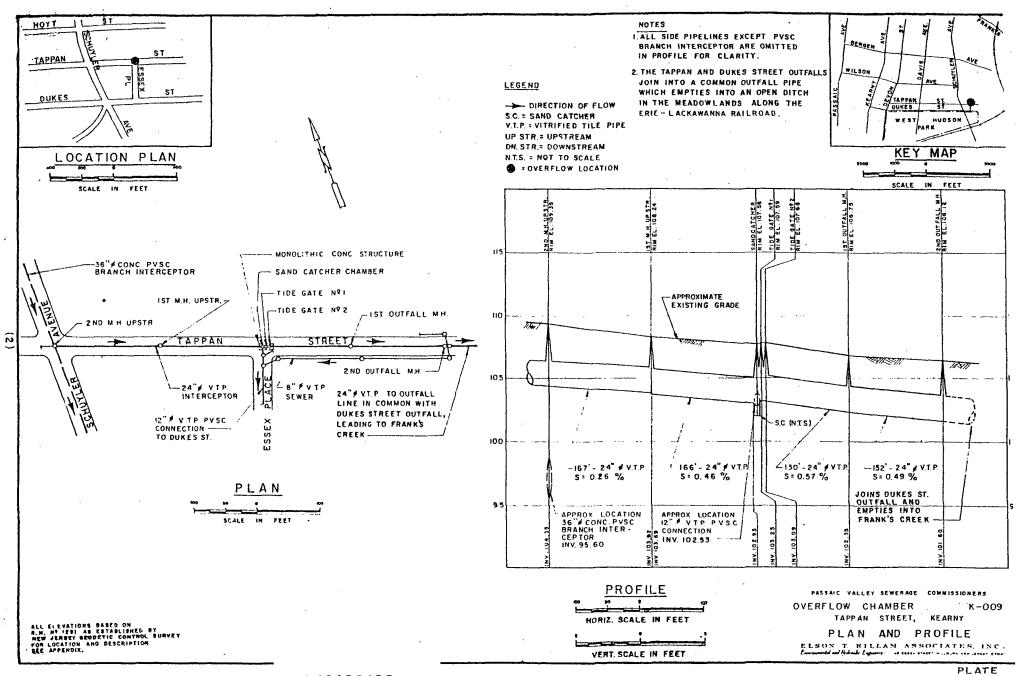
surcharge observed at times due to

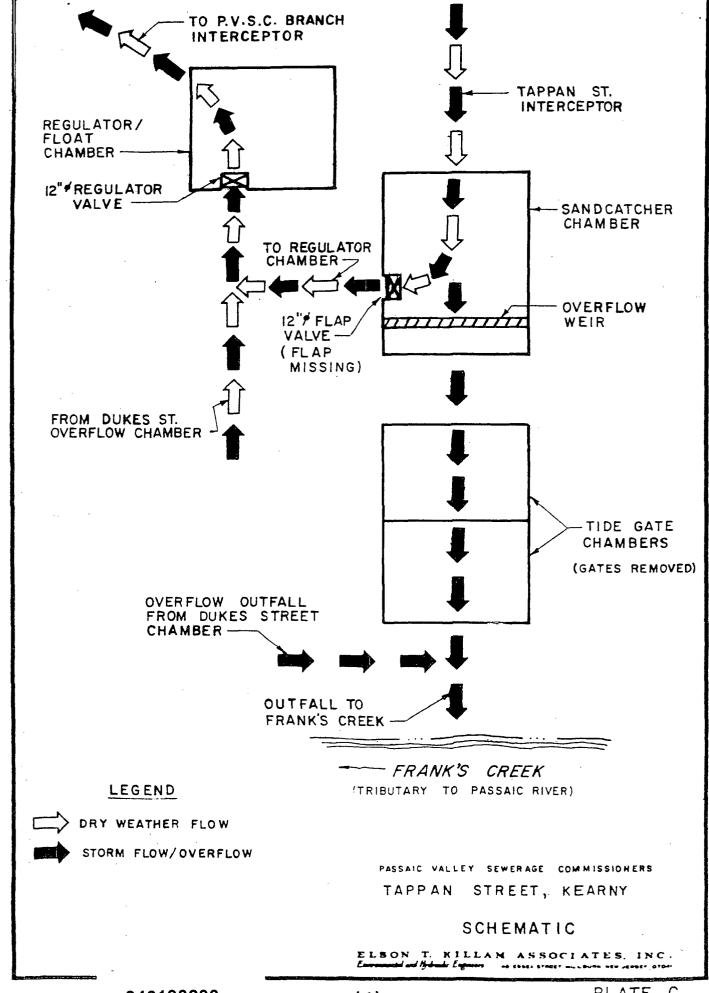
capacity limitations

Overflow and Regulator Operation (See Plates B and C):

Under normal dry weather flow conditions, the flow is diverted to the PVSC interceptor via the regulator. During periods of rainfall, a portion of the combined flow enters the interceptor, with the balance overflowing the stop logs and being discharged through the outfall line into the Passaic River.









#### ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

TAPPAN STREET OVERFLOW CHAMBER

K-009 (Cont'd.)

Condition of Regulator:

appears inoperable

Special Actions Required:

none

Overflow Stop Log/Dam Condition:

no stop logs or stop planks present

Tide Gate Condition:

both tide gates missing from chambers

Note:

During the investigation, the Overflow chambers were examined, verifying information and dimensions pertinent to this study. The verified information has been recorded on Plate B (See boxed annotations).

#### Area Served and Dry Weather Flow

Combined Area Served (See Plate D):

0.055 square miles-35 acres

Average Daily Flow

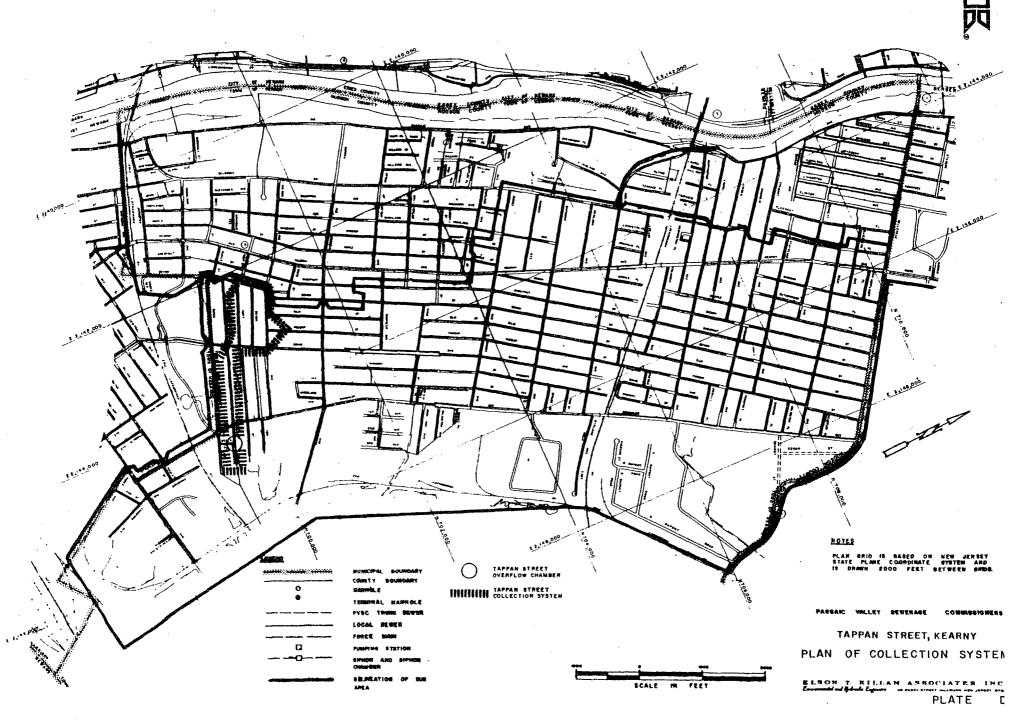
Seasonal Dry Weather: Seasonal Wet Weather: 0.35 MGD (estimated)
0.41 MGD (estimated)

Estimated Combined Flow to Produce an Overflow:

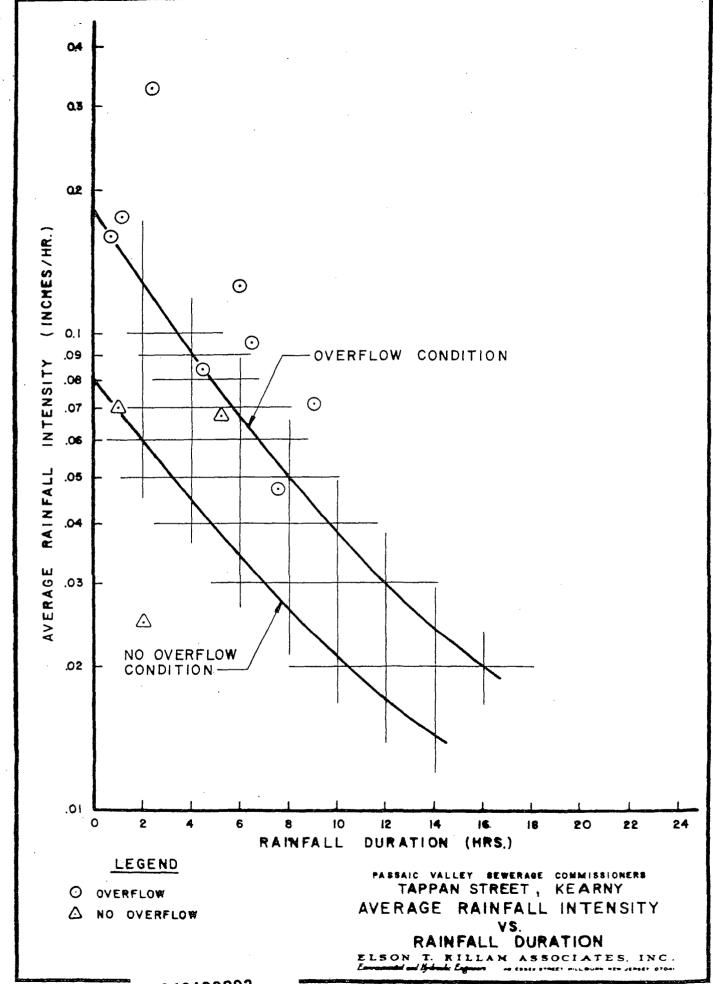
2.0 MGD

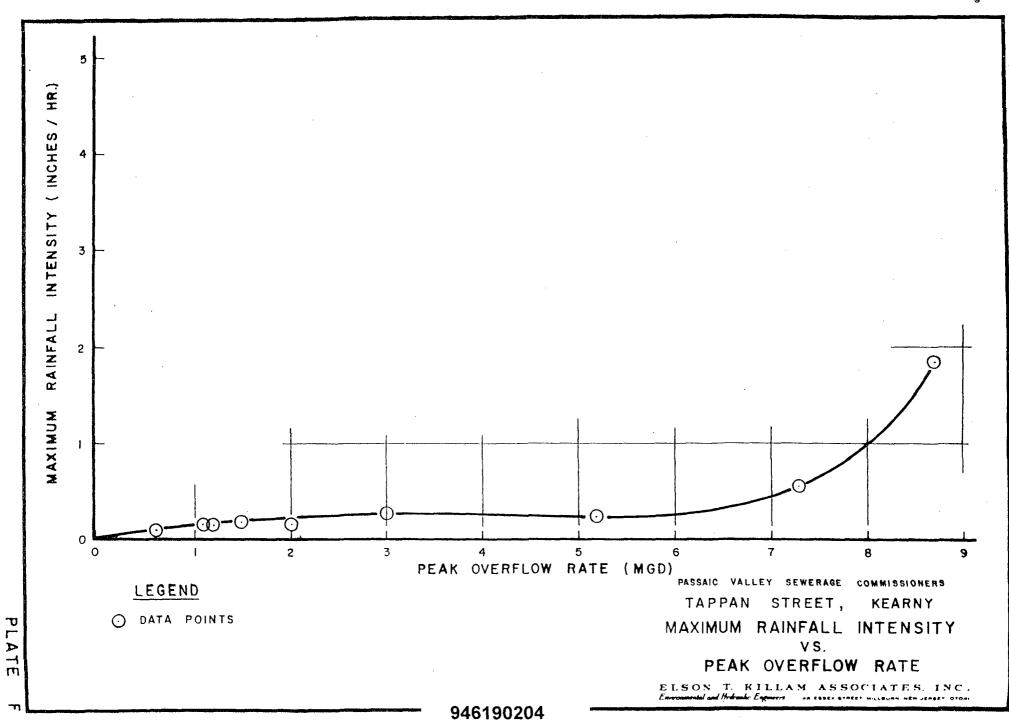
Approximate Length of Combined Sewers Serving District:

7,600 linear feet



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PVSC	Reference	J.	H-226
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chamber # 025/K-009

Date: 8/21/75

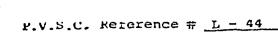
54.9

Elson T. Killam Associates - Infiltration Studies

Tappan Street, Kearny - Sandcatcher 11:45 - 8/19/75 to 11:45 - 8/20/75

Sampler #370 Set #76

29.2



Elson Killam Associates-Infiltration Studies- Set # 4
Tappan Street, Kearny - Third manhole upstream from sandcatcher
1:50 12/9/74 to 1:50 12/10/74

	23 Sat	mples - M	Bas	eļine					
Sample			7			,	T.O.C.	• •	B.O.D/.
#	рн .	T.S.S.	v.s.s.	%Vol.	C.O.D.	T.O.C.	C.O.D.	B.O.D	C.O.D.
1	∙8.4	294	188	64.0	496	144	29.0	385	77.7
. 2	7.8	426	306	71.9	604	185	30.6	· <b></b>	
3	7.5	358	212	59.3	500	176	35.2	-	<u>-</u> .
_4	7.3	356	240	64.7	684	215	31.5		
_5.	7.6	- 256	162	62.5	520	168	32.3	-	·
6-	7.6	308	202	65.6	504	148	29.5		
7	7.8	218	134	61.5	480	160	33.4	335	69.8
_8	7.8	276	206	74.7	356	123	33.6		-
9 .	7.8	.294	208	70.8	344	135	39.3	288	83.8
10	7.8	222	144	64.9	280	108.	38.6	173	61.8
11	7.6	196	114	58.2	176	84	47.7	128	72.8.
12-	7.8	222	154	69.4	136	52	38.2	80	58.8
·· 13 -· 、	·779	222	148	67.7	120	48	40.0	63	52.5
-14	8.0	230	162	·÷70 <u>:</u> 4	112	44	39.3	_	
-15	8.1	290	218	75.2	196	93	47.4	150	76.5
16	8.1	314	238	75.8	280	120	42.9	203	71.8
_17	7.8	416	316	76.0	392	176	44.9	348	88.8
18	7.8	480	388	80.8	468	224	47.9	270	57.7
19	7.8	496	388	78.3	604	180	29.8		
20	7.8	592	328	55.5	680	205	30.2	· <b>-</b>	
21	8.6	456	324	71.0	600	184	30.7	· <b>_</b>	-
_22	8.0	270	180	66.7	484	140	29.0	298	61.7
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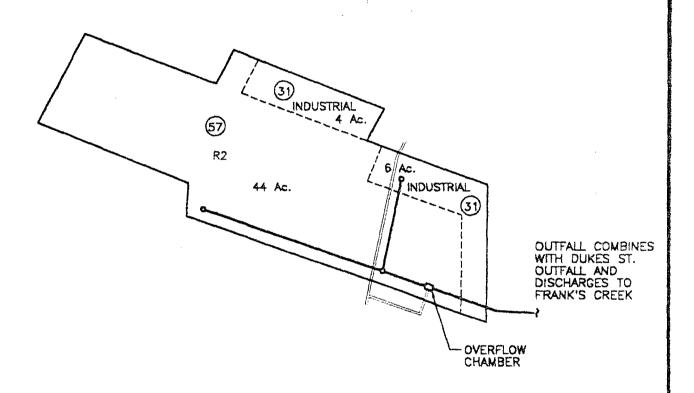
图

Elson Killam Associates-Infiltration Studies - Set # 4
Tappan Street, Kearny - Third manhole upstream from sandcatcher
1:50 12/9/74 to 1:50 12/10/74

23 Samples - Mostly partially filled								Baseline			
Sample			•				T.O.C.		B.O.D/.		
# .	Нq	T.S.S.	v.s.s.	%vol.	C.O.D.	T.O.C.	C.O.D.	B.O.D.	C.O.D.		
_23	8.2	292	212	72.6	524	164	31.0	283	. 54.0		
	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				AVERAGE	36.2				
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LAND USE	%	ACRES
R3		
R2	81	44
R1		
OPEN SPACE		
INDUSTRIAL	19	10
COMMERCIAL		
TOTAL	100	54





## LEGEND

PVSC INTERCEPTOR SEWER
COLLECTOR/OVERFLOW SEWER
LAND USE BOUNDARY
DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY

15) PERCENT IMPERVIOUS

REGULATOR CHAMBER
R3 RESIDENTIAL (HIGH DENSITY)
R2 RESIDENTIAL (MEDIUM DENSITY)
R1 RESIDENTIAL (LOW DENSITY)
SEPARATE STORM SEWER AREA

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISIONERS NEW JERSEY

COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW
POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN
DRAINAGE AND LAND USE REPORT
TAPPAN STREET OVERFLOW
TOWN OF KEARNY

**Killam** 



# OVERFLOW ANALYSIS

TO

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

PASSAIC RIVER OVERFLOWS

DUKES STREET. KEARNY K-010

1976

ELSON T KILLAM ASSOCIATES INC Environmental and Hydraulic Engineers 44 ESSEL STREET WILLIAMS HIT MINEST 02041



#### DUKES STREET OVERFLOW CHAMBER, KEARNY

This overflow chamber serves a small area of only 25 acres.

This area is served entirely with combined sewers.

The average daily dry weather flow was estimated to be 0.17 MGD, and during wet weather periods was estimated to be 0.20 MGD. This overflow joins the overflow from Tappan Street, merging into a common outfall line which discharges into an open ditch leading to Frank's Creek.

Metering and sampling facilities were installed in this overflow chamber beginning May 1, 1975, and extending through October 24, 1975.

During this period of time, 41 rainfalls were recorded. It has been estimated that overflow occurred on 37 occasions. On the basis of 70 to 90 rainfalls occurring in one year, it has also been estimated that from 65 to 80 overflows would occur at this chamber.

It was found that the rainfall intensity required to cause overflow was only about 0.03 to 0.04 inches per hour. Peak overflow rates of 6.5 MGD were recorded, and the volume of overflow was found to be only about 0.8 MG.

The sample of the dry weather flow indicated that suspended solids averaged 263 mg/l and the BOD averaged 234 mg/l.

The storm sample which was collected indicated an average concentration of 178 mg/l for suspended solids, and 189 mg/l for BOD. The lower storm sample values would appear to reflect the dilution effects of storm flows.



#### ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

#### OVERFLOW DATA EXTRACT

#### DUKES STREET OVERFLOW CHAMBER

#### KEARNY

#### Chamber Location and Description

Overflow Chamber Status:

Active

Overflow to:

Frank's Creek tributary to Passaic River

Character of District

Served:

Primarily residential with some

industrial flow

Overflow Location (See Plate A):

At intersection of Dukes Street and

Essex Place

District Outlet Sewer (See Plates A and B): 24" diameter VTP sewer

Outfall to River (See

Plates A and B):

24" diameter VTP sewer

Outfall Condition:

clear and functioning

Tidal Effects:

none

Surcharge Effects:

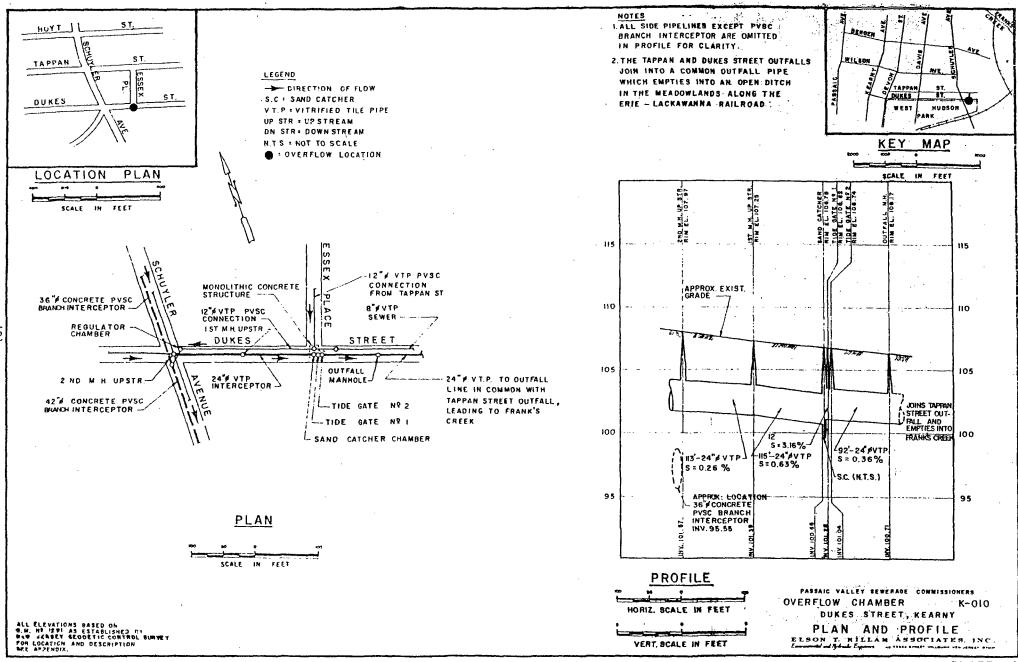
surcharge observed at times due to

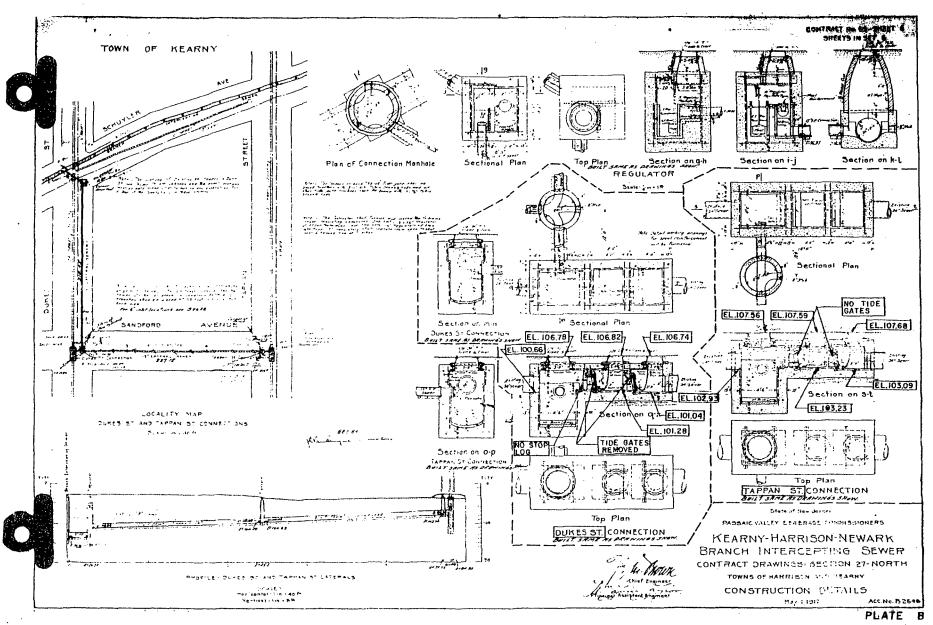
outfall obstructions

Overflow and Regulator Operation (See Plates B and C):

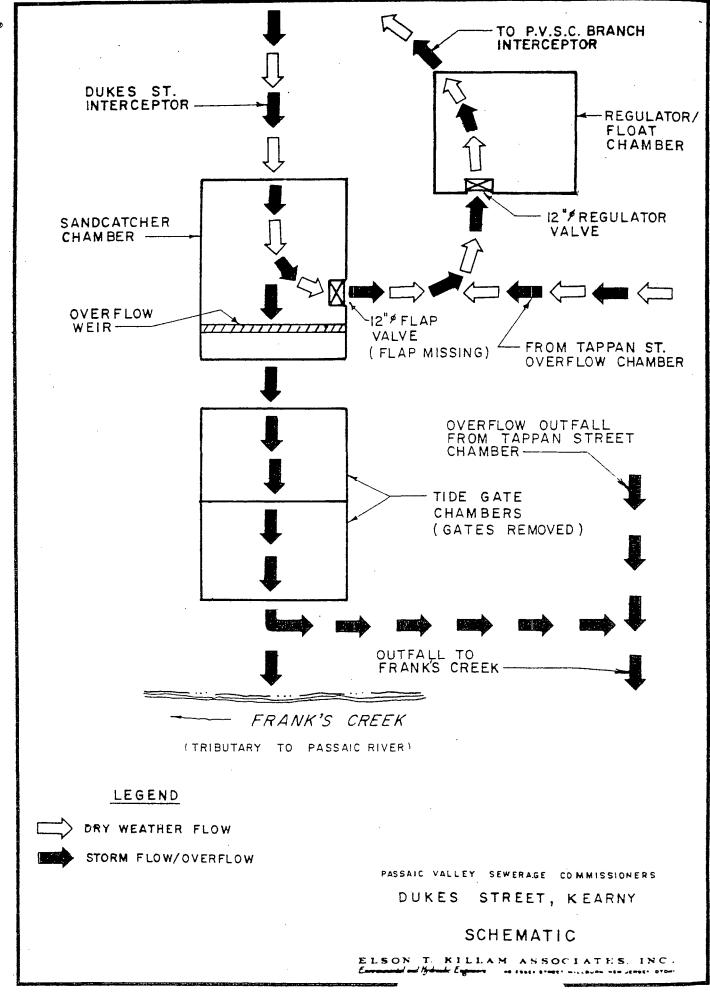
Under normal dry weather flow conditions, the flow is diverted to the PVSC interceptor via the regulator. During periods of rainfall, a portion of the combined flow enters the interceptor, with the balance overflowing the stop logs and being discharged through the outfall line into the Passaic River.







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### RESON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

DUKES STREET OVERFLOW CHAMBER

K-010 (Cont'd.)

Condition of Regulator:

appears inoperable (located at Dukes St. and Schuyler Ave.)

Special Actions Required:

none

Overflow Stop Log/Dam Condition:

none (no stop logs exist) ·

Tide Gate Condition:

both tide gates missing

Note:

During the investigation, the Overflow chambers were examined, verifying information and dimensions pertinent to this study. The verified information has been recorded on Plate B (See boxed annotations).

#### Area Served and Dry Weather Flow

Combined Area Served (See Plate D):

0,039 square miles--25 acres

Average Daily Flow

Seasonal Dry Weather: Seasonal Wet Weather: 0.17 MGD (estimated)
0.20 MGD (estimated)

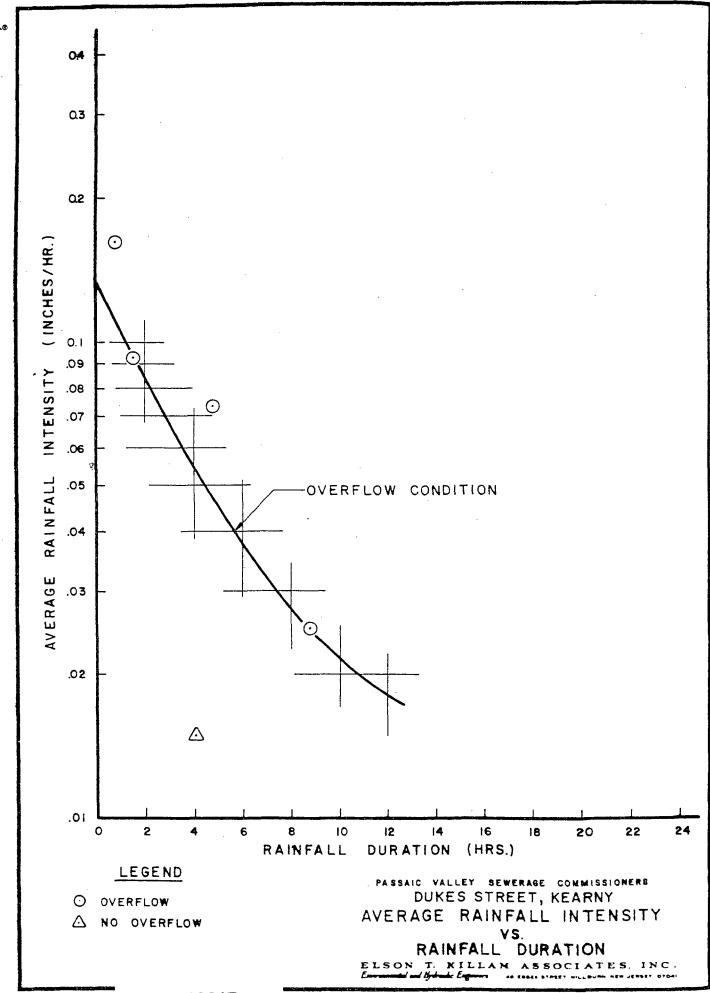
Estimated Combined Flow to Produce an Overflow:

2.0 MGD

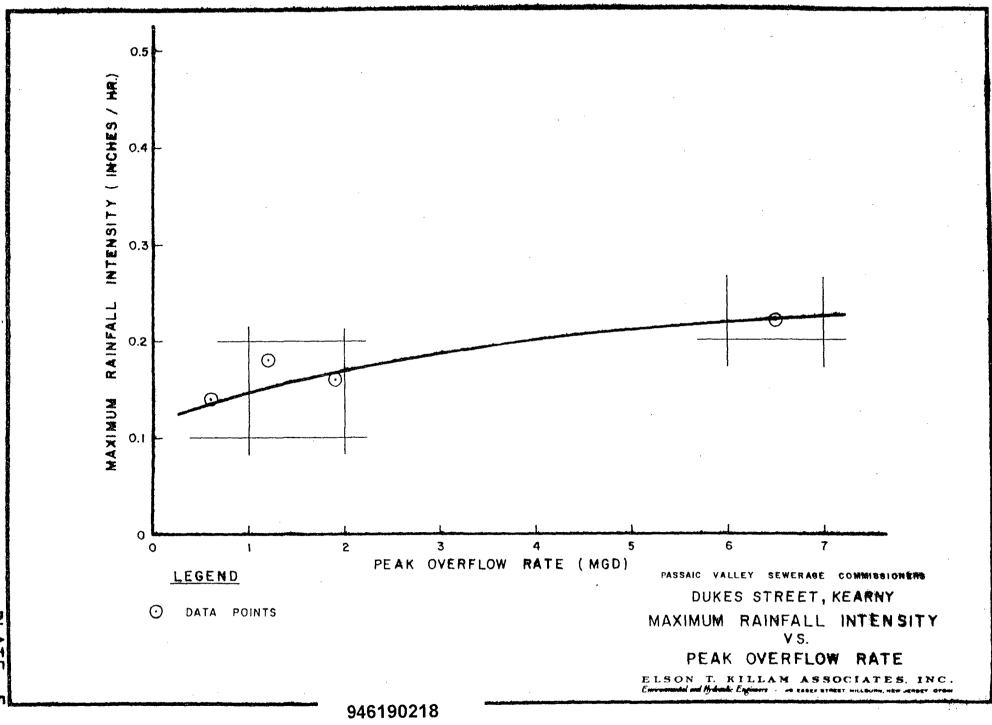
Approximate Length of Combined Sewers Serving District:

5,500 linear feet

(8)









DATE: 12/6/74

PVSC REFERENCE # L-32 ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES - INFILTRATION STUDIES Duke Street, Kearny Set #6 24 samples

BASELINE

CNIL		1	1				T.O.C./		B.O.D./
SAM. #	рн	T.S.S.	v.s.s.	%VOL.	c.o.D.	T.O.C.	C.O.D.	B.O.D.	
1	7.5	500	316	63.2	596	180	30.2	255	42.8
2	7.4	1352	280	20.7	1440	220	15.3	232	16.1
3	7.5	856	216	25.2	412	185	44.9	222	54.0
4	7.1	246	210	85.4	518	172	33.2	284	54.9
5.	7.2	570	428 .	75.1	583	228	39.1	425	73.0
6	7.4	206	192	93.2	853	204	23.9		
7	7.7	100	90	90.0	404	141	34.9		
8	7.6	148	146	98.6	392	124	31.6	272	69.4
9	7.7	154	130	84.4	326	150	46.0	238	73.0
10	7.7	66	60	90.9	261	117	44.8	199	76.2
11	7.5	4	4	100.0	245	80	32.7	169	69.0
12	7.5	24	24	100.0	163	54	33.1	143	87.6
13	7.6	118	118	100.0	237	84	35.4	172	72.6
14	7.5	808	158	19.6	110	. 43	39.1	104	94.5
15	7.6	18	18	100.0	73	40	54.8		
16	7.6	60	60	100.0	82	49	59.8		
17	8.2	90	90	100.0	261	104	39.8	180	69.0
18	8.5	198	198	100,0	453	192	42.4	274	60.6
19	8.2	190	182	95.8	559	171	30.6	270	48.3
20	7.7	178	166	93.3	596	184	30.9	275	46.2
21	7.7	¦116	116	100.0	555	140	25.2	· 258	48.5
22	7.7	: 88	: 88	100.0	502	141	28.1	257	51.2
23	7.5	148	146	.98.6	: : 506	129	25.5	215	42.5
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PVSC REFERENCE #L-32 (CONTINUED)
ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES - INFILTRATION STUDIES

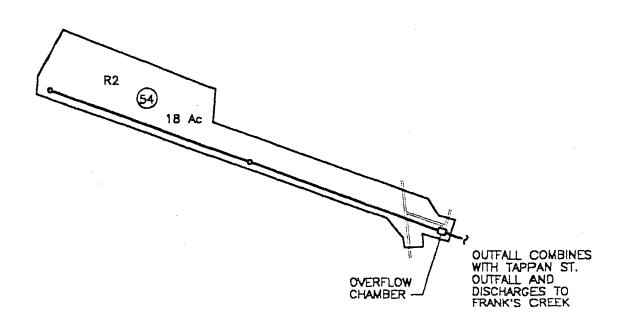
DATE: 12/6/74

#### BASELINE

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LAND USE	%	ACRES
R3		
R2 .	100	18
R1		
OPEN SPACE		
INDUSTRIAL		
COMMERCIAL		
TOTAL	100	18





# **LEGEND**

PVSC INTERCEPTOR SEWER
COLLECTOR/OVERFLOW SEWER
LAND USE BOUNDARY
DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY

15) PERCENT IMPERVIOUS

REGULATOR CHAMBER
R3 RESIDENTIAL (HIGH DENSITY)
R2 RESIDENTIAL (MEDIUM DENSITY)
R1 RESIDENTIAL (LOW DENSITY)
SEPARATE STORM SEWER AREA

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISIONERS

NEW JERSEY

COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOW

POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

DRAINAGE AND LAND USE REPORT

DUKES STREET OVERFLOW

TOWN OF KEARNY



# OVERFLOW ANALYSIS

TO

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISSIONERS

PASSAIC RIVER OVERFLOWS

CENTRAL AVENUE, EAST NEWARK E-001

1976

ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES INC Environmental and Hydraulic Engineers 48 ESSEX STREET MILLBOAM NEW JERSEY 07041



#### CENTRAL AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER, EAST NEWARK

This overflow chamber serves a very small drainage area, namely, 26 acres. The area is served with combined sewers. The average daily flow has been estimated to be only 0.14 MGD under dry weather flow conditions, but as high as 0.27 MGD during the wet weather months.

Metering and sampling facilities were installed in this chamber and were maintained during the period extending from April 24, 1975 through June 6, 1975. During this period of time, rainfalls occurred on seventeen occasions. It has been estimated or found that overflows occurred on twelve occasions. It has also been estimated that overflows will occur at this chamber approximately 50 to 65 times per year, based on rainfalls occurring from 70 to 90 times per year.

It was found that the average rainfall intensity required to cause overflow ranged from about 0.04 to 0.05 inches per hour, for a rainfall duration of about 8 hours or longer.

The peak rate of overflow was found to be about 62 MGD. The total volume of discharge was found to be as high as 1.2 MG.

It was found that backwater from the Passaic River entered this chamber and the sewer system during periods of exceptionally high tide. The staff of the PVSC has taken corrective action in order to reduce and eliminate this occurrence, which was of short-term duration.



## ELSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

The sample of the dry weather flows indicated an unusually dilute waste. The suspended solids was found to be only 60 mg/l as an average, and BOD was found to average only 47 mg/l.

The storm flow conditions indicated that the suspended solids and BOD again were relatively low, the former being found to range from a low of 36 mg/l to a high of 103 mg/l, and the latter ranging from a low of 34 mg/l to a high of 88 mg/l.

#### OVERFLOW DATA EXTRACT

#### CENTRAL AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER

#### EAST NEWARK

### Chamber Location and Description

Overflow Chamber Status:

Active

Overflow to:

Passaic River

Character of District

Served:

about equally residential and industrial

Overflow Location (See Plate A):

at intersection of Central Avenue and Passaic Avenue

District Outlet Sewer (See Plates A and B):

30" X 45" elliptical brick sewer

Outfall to River (See Plates A and B):

30" X 45" elliptical brick sewer

Outfall Condition:

clear and functioning

Tidal Effects:

some tidal intrusions noted

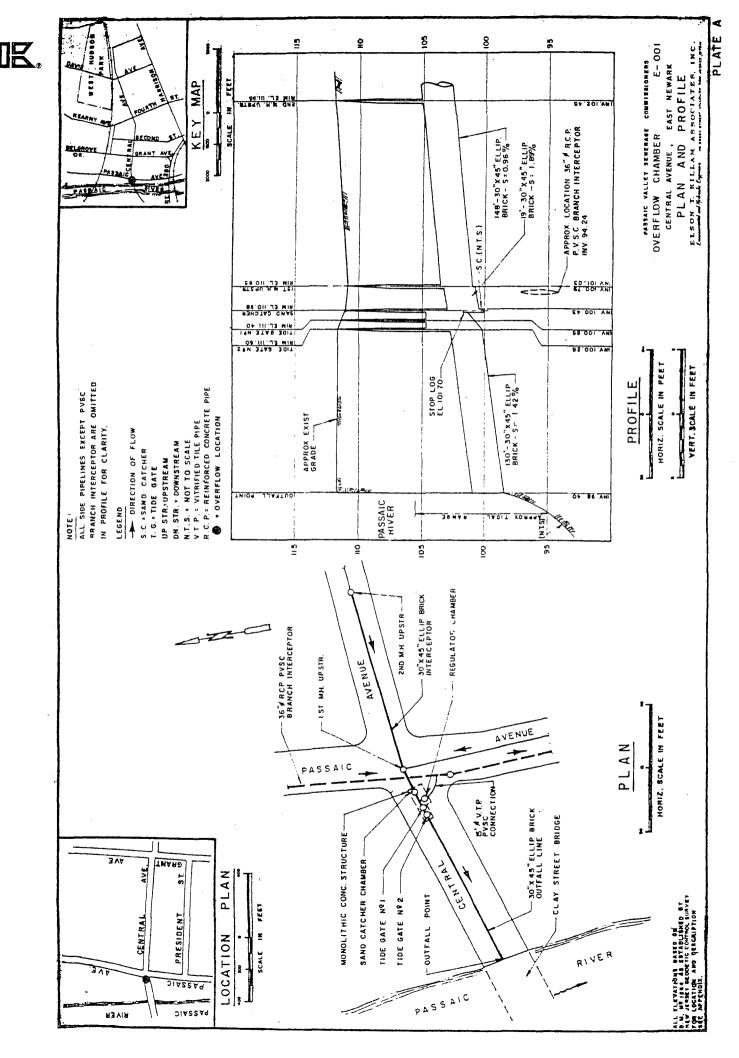
Surcharge Effects:

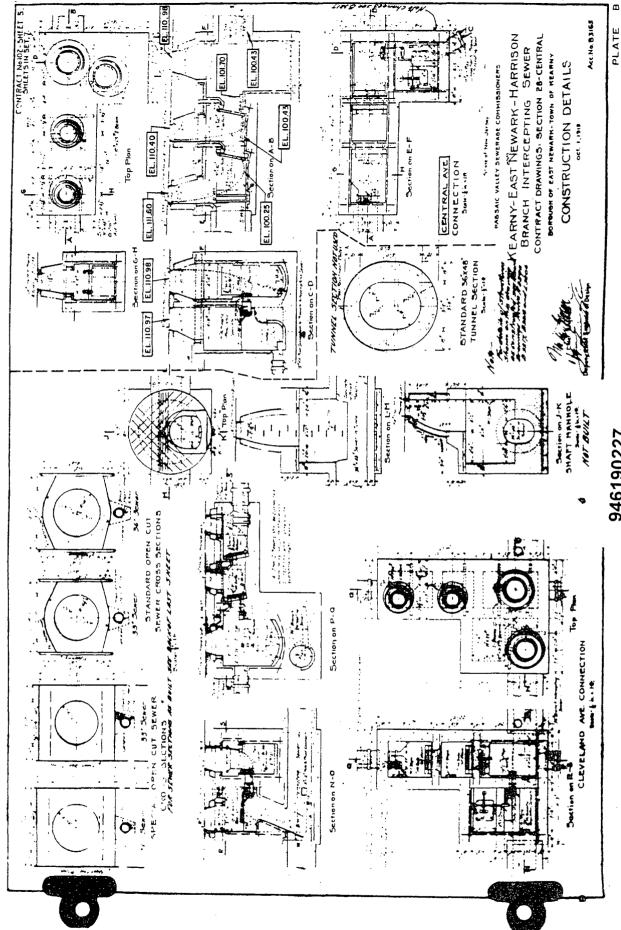
surcharge observed due to capacity limitations and/or tide gate closure

during high tide

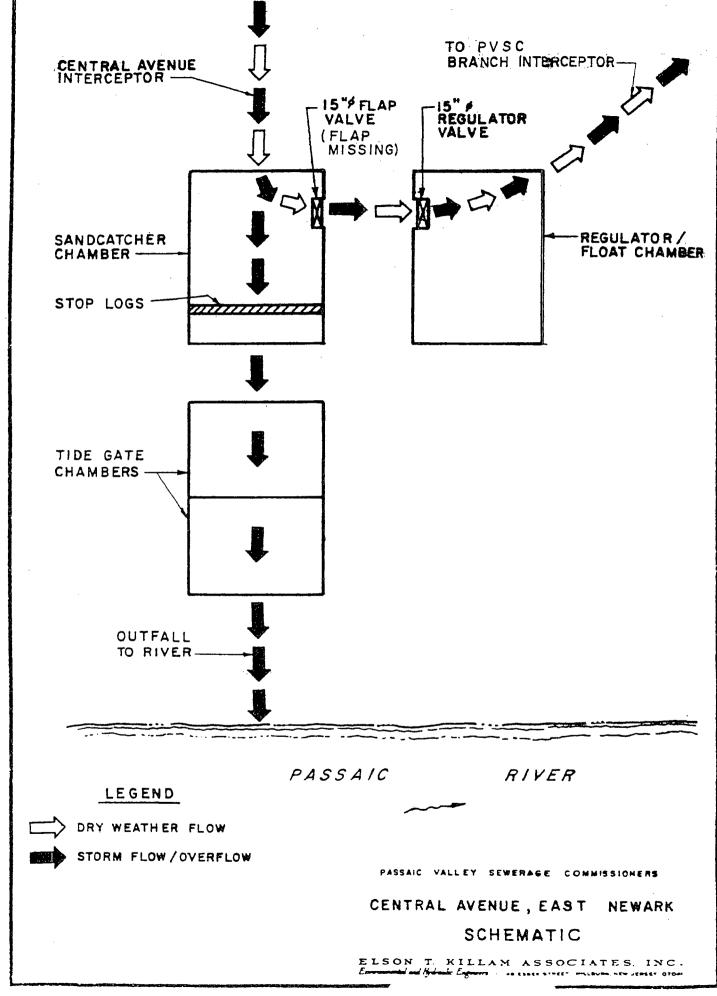
Overflow and Regulator Operation (See Plates B and C):

Under normal dry weather flow conditions, the flow is diverted to the PVSC interceptor via the regulator. During periods of rainfall, a portion of the combined flow enters the interceptor, with the balance overflowing the stop logs and being discharged through the outfall line into the Passaic River.





IK.



## RUSON T. KILLAM ASSOCIATES, INC.

## CENTRAL AVENUE OVERFLOW CHAMBER

E-001 (Cont'd.)

Condition of Regulator:

appears inoperable

Special Actions Required:

none

Overflow Stop Log/Dam Condition:

located at downstream end of sand catcher, just before portal to first

tide gate chamber

Tide Gate Condition:

both tide gates leaking

Note:

During the investigation, the Overflow chambers were examined, verifying information and dimensions pertinent to this study. The verified information has been recorded on Plate B (See boxed annotations).

#### Area Served and Dry Weather Flow

Combined Area Served (See Plate D):

0.041 square miles-26 acres

Average Daily Flow Seasonal Dry Weather: Seasonal Wet Weather:

0.14 MGD (estimated)
0.27 MGD (estimated)

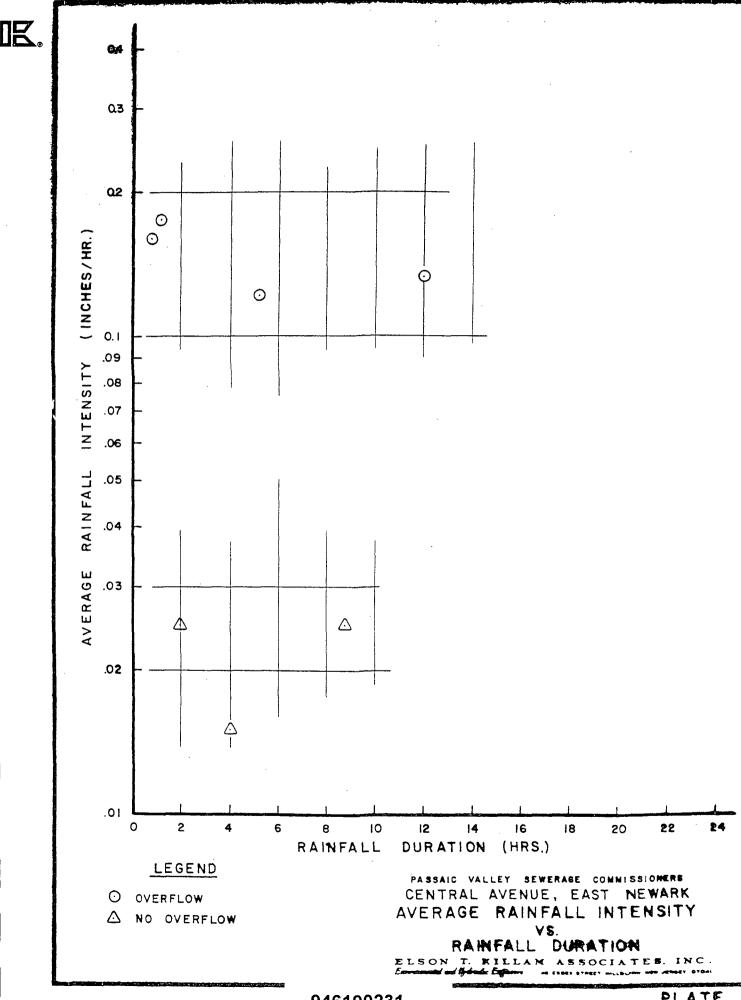
Estimated Combined Flow to Produce an Overflow:

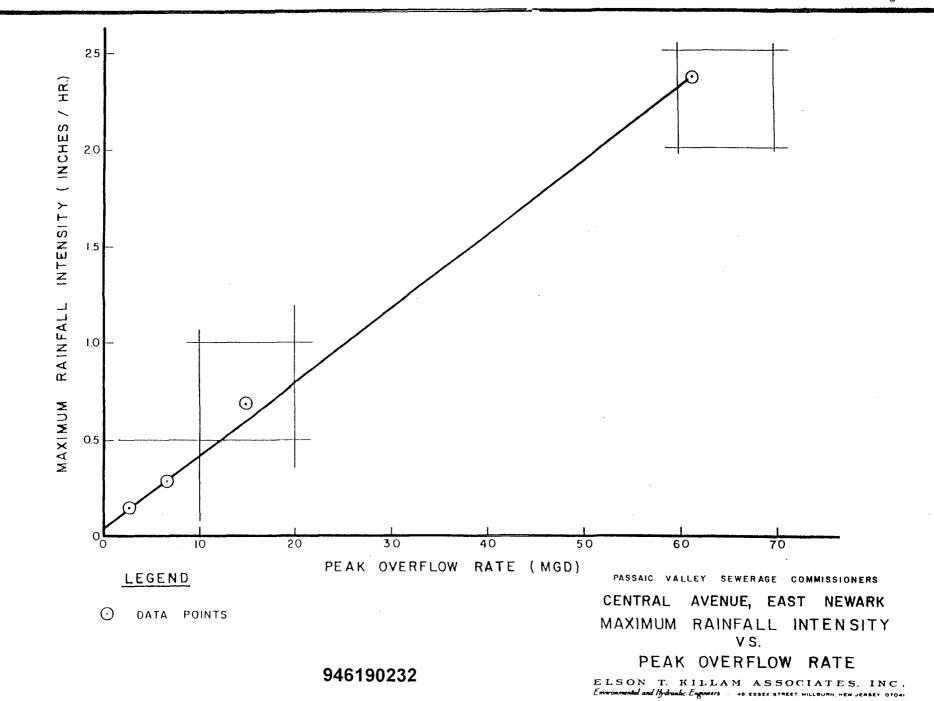
5.6 MGD

Approximate Length of Combined Sewers Serving District:

9,200 linear feet

946190230





PLATE



PVSC Reference # B-45

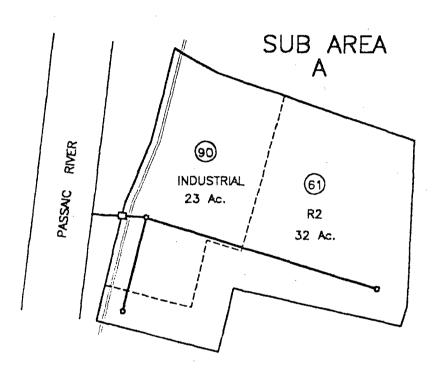
Date:

Elson T. Killam Associates - Infiltration Studies Sampler # 348-Set #38 Central Avenue, East Newark- In sandcatcher O.F.# 008/E-001 1015-2.10.75 to 1015-2/11/75

2	4 Sample:	s		Baseline					
SAMPLE	; pil	TSS	VSS	%Vol.	COD	TOC	TOC COD	BOD	BOD COD
1	8.0	76	76	100.0	288	84	29.1	86	29.8
2	7.7	136	106	78.0	388	84	21.6	03	20.6
3	7.7	84	84	100.0	352	99	28.1	104	29.6
4	7.6	88	64	72.8	276	78	28.2	165	59.8
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7	7.5	60	60	100.0	288	72	25.0	93	32.3
8	7.6	114	98	85.9	316	93	29.4	93	29.4
9	7.2	52	44	84.7	204	54	26.4	72	35.3
10	7.3	82	62	75.7	252	57	22.6	69	27.3
11	7.3	58	58	100.0	160	40	25.0	14	8.8
12	7.4	76	64	84.3	200	48	24.0	12	6.0
13	7.5	100	96	96.0	172	45	26.1	16	9.3
14	8.0	62	54	87.2	228	60	26.3	64	28.1
15	7.8	14	14	100.0	120	42	35.0	16	13.3
16	7.5	34	32	94.2	80	26	32.5	16	20.0
17	7.8	18	18	100.0	68	20	29.4	11	16.2
18	7.5	8	8	100.0	72	16	22.2	13	18.1
19	7.4	12	8	66.7	52	16	30.8	18	34.6
20	7.5	20	10	50.00	68	22	32.4	13	19.1
21	7.5	24	24	100.0	. 80	18	22.5	19	24.7
22	7.7	60	. 60	100.0	148	32	21.6	17	11.4
23	7.7	66	66	100.0	152	42	27.6	24	57.2
24	7.5	64	64	100.0	160	44	27.5	17	10.6
			1	<del> </del>			27.0		24.6

LAND USE	%	ACRES
R3		
R2	42	23
R1		
OPEN SPACE		
INDUSTRIAL	58	32
COMMERCIAL		
TOTAL	100	55





# **LEGEND**

PVSC INTERCEPTOR SEWER
COLLECTOR/OVERFLOW SEWER
LAND USE BOUNDARY
DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY

(15) PERCENT IMPERVIOUS

REGULATOR CHAMBER
R3 RESIDENTIAL (HIGH DENSITY)
R2 RESIDENTIAL (MEDIUM DENSITY)
R1 RESIDENTIAL (LOW DENSITY)
SEPARATE STORM SEWER AREA

PASSAIC VALLEY SEWERAGE COMMISIONERS
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